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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXII NO 235 BOMBAY FRIDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1934 TWELVE PAGES

MALAVIYA, ANEY & MOONJE HECKLED

Veteran Leader On Who "Killed" Aney-Kelkar Pact

SURPRISING ATTACK ON CONGRESS PARTY

Gangadharrao Blames Aney

In an important interview given exclusively to the "Chronicle," Syt. Gangadharrao Deshpande, the Karnatak Congress leader, describes how the Aney-Kelkar Pact entered into, in the name of the Maharashtra Congressmen on the one hand and the Democratic Swaraj Party on the other, was slowly killed by an unfortunate alliance of the two leaders who were parties to the Pact.

Sjt. Gangadharrao played a very prominent part in bringing about the Pact, having been assured of support in his efforts for unity, both by Mr. Aney and Mr. Kelkar.

WHO BROKE THE PACT?

The statements made in the course of the interview reveal how, while the Maharashtra Congressmen, in honour bound, ratified the Pact in spite of its violation by the other party, the Democrats on the other hand, repeatedly broke it, finally rejecting it.

The veteran Karnatak leader felt sorry that Mr. Aney who encouraged him in his efforts for unity, sought in the end to break the Pact by an appeal for help for the Nationalist Party, which was offered by Mr. Kelkar, thus putting an end to the Pact.

Sjt. Gangadharrao said:—

"When the Council-entry resolution was passed and when it was thought that to fight the Assembly elections, was the best means of approaching the people and consolidating the position of the Congress in the country and keep up its prestige as against the repressive policy of the Government, I thought that the bone of contention between the two parties in the Maharashtra was removed. Moreover I was appointed by the Working Committee to help to organise the Congress Committees all over the Maharashtra. The best way to effectively organise the work was by trying to bring about the unity between the two parties in Maharashtra. I, therefore, approached Mr. Aney at Patna and sought his advice. He entirely agreed with me in my suggestion. Not only that, but he encouraged me in this move. He asked me to see Mr. Kelkar on my way home and convey his wishes in the matter. I got down at Poona on my way to Belgaum and saw some prominent leaders of the Democratic Swaraj Party and all of them approved of my suggestion Mr. Kelkar was not then in Poona. Here it must be noted that Mr. Aney knew that there were differences between himself and some members of the Congress Parliamentary Board and also of the Working Committee on the question of the Communal Award. Yet he did not then give importance to that subject so far as the unity in Maharashtra was concerned.

INVITED TO POONA

"On June 3, I was invited by Mr. Shankerrao Deo, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, to attend a meeting of the Maharashtra workers which was convened by him at Poona to consider the question of reorganising the Congress Committees in Maharashtra. I attended that meeting when prominent members of the Democratic Swaraj Party were also present.

"Before attending the meeting I had a discussion with Mr. Kel-

(Conitnued on page 8).

Nothing In Socialism To Frighten Non-Socialists

MR. KIDWAI COMMENDS EXAMPLE OF U. P. CONGRESSMEN TO COUNTRY

Mr. Rafi, Ahmed Kidwai, the U.P. Congress leader, who left Bombay on Thursday for Lucknow has issued the following statement:—

The speech delivered by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in the Gujrat Provincial Congress Committee, if correctly reported, reveals a deplorable situation. The Congress organisation in the Bombay Presidency seems to be divided into two camps, Socialist and non-Socialist and each group seems determined to inflict a defeat on the other. All activities, constructive or destructive, suspended and preparations are afoot for the battle in the ensuing session of the Congress.

U. P.S EXAMPLE.

We in the United Provinces are also divided in similar groups. There are amongst us temperamental differences and differences in ideology. But still we are continuing to function as a united, disciplined team. Recently the Provincial Congress Committee held its elections. Persons were elected to diefference offices or to the executive not because they belonged to this group or that; but because they were otherwise considered fit for the job.

If the two groups can work in such harmony and co-operation in one province, there is no earthly reason only they should not work similarly in any other.

By working in the manner they are doing, the Socialists of the U. P. are setting an example for their co-workers in other provinces to follow. They have made their views about the personnel and policy of the Congress Parliamentary Board publicly known. They have refused to be candidates for the Assembly on this programme. But their opposition ends there. They will not do any thing that may be construed as opposition to Congress candidates officially, the Socialist Party is not participating in the election activities. But individually almost all of them are in some way or other lending their support to Congress candidates.

NOT MUCH DIFFERENCE.

I have not been able to appreciate what is there in socialism to frighten the non-socialists. All they are doing is to set up certain aims and ideals before them—and these aims and ideals are nothing but logical ends of one poses activities.

But even if our differences are fundamental, there is much, common between the two groups, to attain which, the two can work together.

SOCIALIST PLAN FOILED

Arrest Of Cyclist Courier Leads To Discovery Of Instructions

VIENNA, Oct. 4.

Instructions in code found on a cyclist courier arrested in the Florisdorf suburb proved on deciphering to be detailed instructions for a Socialist 'coup d'etat.' Precise instructions were given regarding machine gun emplacements and rendezvous for members, together with a list of the present members of the new "Red Front." The plans show that outbreaks were contemplated not only at Vienna, but Innsbruck, Graz, Linz and elsewhere. The numbers of the leaders mentioned have been arrested and many more arrests are expected.—Reuter.

CONGRESS PROGRAMME

Socialists To Meet Gandhiji On 15th

It is understood that Acharya Narendradev Mr. Jai Prakash Narayen and Mr. M. R. Masani will meet Mahatma Gandhi at Wardha on the 15th instant and discuss with him the future programme of the Congress. Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai will also participate in the discussion.

LABOUR LEADERS INTERVIEW MAHATMA

WARDHA, Oct. 4.

Mr. Shankerlal Banker and Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda the Ahmedabad Labour leaders, arrived here yesterday. They had conversations with Mahatma Gandhi in connection with the Ahmedabad Labour Dispute.—A.P.

STOP PRESS

COTTON IMPORTS INTO GERMANY

(Special Cable).

BERLIN, Oct. 4.

Special permits will henceforth be required to import cotton-waste and artificial cotton even for outstanding orders.

INSULL CASE

(Special Cable).

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.

Allegations that colossal swindles have been perpetrated upon American investors were made by the prosecution in opening the case against Samuel Insull and co-defendants. The charges arose out of the failure of the 500 million sterling Insull Utilities Corporation and its subsidiaries. Mr. Green, the United States District attorney, described Insull's stock sales incorporated in the Securities Company as a "simple conspiracy to swindle, cheat and defraud the public," adding that the company was simply established as a dumping ground for large quantities of the stock acquired in the market deals and to boost the price of the Insull stock.

OPPOSITION TO CONGRESS CANDIDATE

LUCKNOW, Oct. 4.

It is definitely known that Sahu Durgasaran Kotiwala is opposing Pandit Govind Ballab Pant, the U.P. Congress leader, from the Rohilkhand Constituency for the Assembly.

COUNTRY WITH CONGRESS

Nationalist Party Leaders Get Cold Reception At Chanda

(From A Correspondent.)

CHANDA, Oct. 4.

Dr. Moonje was hooted out at Chanda, Cries of Mahatma Gandhi and Abhyankar-Ki-Jai were raised through out the meeting. Dr. Moonje came here yesterday in connection with his election campaign and addressed a public meeting at night which ended in disturbance.

There was a strong rumour in the town that Mr. Abhyankar was also coming. Hearing this, a messenger was sent Mr. M. S. Aney who also arrived in time.

Dr. Moonje began to explain how the Communal Award came into existence and what were the differences between the Congress and his Party.

Questions were asked every now and then by the audience as to how he expected to solve the question of Communal Award by being away from the Congress and lowering its prestige at such a critical time.

LOKMANYA'S MISTAKE.

When asked "what about the Lucknow Pact?" he unhesitatingly replied that Lokmanya Tilak made a gross mistake in formulating the Pact.

Whenever he tried to misinterpret the Congress resolution, there were loud cries of "Mahatma Gandhi and Abhyankar-Ki-Jai" Dr. Moonje found it impossible to clear his position and ultimately closed his speech.

Mr. Aney then rose to speak but amidst cries of Mahatma Gandhi and Abhyankar Ki-Jai. He stated that the differences between the Congress and the Nationalist Party were that the Nationalists want to reject the Award while the Congress wants to keep mum. The silence of the Congress would help the Government to get it passed in the Assembly which they did not want to be done.

Several questions were also put to him. He spoke for half an hour and concluded his speech by saying "To vote with the Congress means to accept the award which is anti-national and to vote with the Nationalists means to reject it."

The President in his concluding speech expressed confidence that the audience must have been satisfied with the replies of the speakers, which was denied with cries of "No, No."

MEETING ENDS IN CONFUSION.

Mr. Kowale then rose to propose a vote of thanks to the speakers amongst the cries of Abhyankar-Ki-Jai from the audience. He remarked Mr. Abhyankar and the speaker are all big and good men and not loafers like you and us." An emphatic protest was raised against them by the whole of the audience with loud cries of "shame" against the proposer and the meeting ended in chaos.

HOW CHINA WON HER FREEDOM

Read Mr. K. F. Nariman's Article On Page 6.

DR. M. A. ANSARI

Arriving In Bombay To-day

Dr. M. A. Ansari, who had proceeded to Europe for reasons of health is arriving to-day by M. V. "Victoria."

Die-hards Rehearse W. P. Battle

NARROW VICTORY FOR GOVT.'S INDIA POLICY

Baldwin Scores At Bristol, But Page-Croft's Following Swells

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Oct. 4.

A spirited attack on Government's India policy was repelled at the Conservative Party Conference at Bristol by the adoption of a resolution by 543 votes to 520 to the effect that it is no in the interests of the Party that the Conference should pass any resolution, particularly as it has been decided that a special meting of the Party Council should be held to confer with Mr. Baldwin, when the report of the Joint Select Committee is published.

When the amendment was declared carried by a show of hands, supporters of the defeated resolution moved by Sir Henry Page-Croft demanded a ballot.

They were openly jubilant at the narrowness of the poll, namely 543 votes to 520. One delegate, a clergyman, paraded the centre of the hall excitedly muttering "Cast down, but not destroyed."

Sir Henry Page-Croft amidst cheers moved his resolution. He said that if the resolution was defeated no one would be compelled to leave the Party, but if it was carried, some thought that it would undoubtedly heal the wound which had existed so long.

"I offered to withdraw the resolution if Mr. Baldwin consulted this Conference, but Mr. Baldwin disagreed. He had been absolutely fair with us regarding his offer to consult the Conservative Council later."

NOT A WISE MOVE.

Alderman Inskip, brother of the Attorney-General, tabled an amendment that "in view of the decision of the Conference at Birmingham in 1933, that it would not come to a final conclusion on the proposals for the new constitution for India, until the Select Committee made recommendations, it is not in the interests of the Party that the Conference should pass any resolution, particularly it has been decided that a special meeting of the Council will be held to take counsel with the Leader of the party, when the report of the Select Committee is published.

ATTACK ON WHITE PAPER.

Sir Henry Page-Croft regretted the amendment, because "if the Conference cannot state its belief on the great principles such as these and convey them to our leaders we are really becoming useless."

It has been laid down that the Select Committee was not a judicial Committee, and it is only fair that the Conference should express their views, before Mr. Baldwin and others decided how far it was necessry to go with the reforms for India.

"The White Paper meant the end of partnership between Britain and India. We refuse to end this partnership. We regard it as vital not only to the masses of India, but to the Imperial connection." Nobody wanted the policy of the White Paper.

The Princes of India dreaded it.

There was uproar and confusion at the closing stages.

The delegates demanded a vote and eventually carried the resolution that the question be put to vote.

Sir H. Page-Croft complained of muzzling, and seconded the motion proposed by Viscount Wolmer that a ballot be taken amidst boos, cheers and cattalis. The delegates proceeded to ballot.

Sir Thomas Inskip said the whole matter was not ripe for decision, and no useful purpose could be served by discussing it. It will be almost dimaying to the rank and file to depart from the decision already taken. The rank and file had a right to expect some degree of consistency. Those who spoke against Page-Croft's motion were considerably interrupted from the body of the hall and gallery.

Colonel Herbert, President-Elect, before the debate proceeded further announced what would be the future procedure. He said Mr. Baldwin would meet the Council of the National Union soon after the report of the Select Committee was published. It would then be upto the Council, if it thought fit, to call a special meeting of the Conference to discuss it further. If the Council of the National Union did not wish to call a special meeting, then fifty constituencies or five areas could summon one. They believed it quite possible to get the Conference assembled in about a fortnight.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST OFFICERS.

Growing signs of restlessness developed among the delegates, when the Duchess of Atholl exceeded the time limit allotted to a particular speaker. She said she had received a letter from India stating that the officials of the Viceroy's Government were using

(Continued on page 7).

CAMPAIGN AT ALLAHABAD

Pandit's Anti-Award Eloquence Falls Flat Even In Home Town

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 4.

For the first time in the past twelve years an Assembly Election Campaign speech was made this evening by Pandit Madan Mohan Malivya. Although there is little chance of any contest from this constituency, much interest was evinced and Pandit Malaviya was constantly heckled. At one time a heckler had to be stopped. It was somewhat surprising that the Pandit was so much heckled in his own City.

Panditji in his speech which lasted nearly one hour traced the policy of the Congress since 1885 against Communal considerations in elections. He deplored the present policy of the Congress keeping mum over the Communal Award question.

One heckler said, if Panditji would send orthodox Hindus to the Assembly, Muslims would also send communal men, which would result in the breaking of heads by Assembly chairs.

Panditji made a strong appeal for supporting his party men who, he said, were put up only because he was forced to that eventuality by the Congress attitude.

Panditji gave five minutes for answering questions, but there was much uproar.

MacDonald Back In London

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald and his daughter, Miiss Ishbel, were greeted with strains of bagpipes playing a specially composed MacDonald welcome on their arrival in London after the health, trip in Eastern Canada, Nova Scotia Newfoundland and Labrador. Mr. MacDonald's appearance bore out the statement that he has greatly benefietted by trip.—Reuter.

CALCUTTA HONOURS FRONTIER GANDHI

No Swaraj Without Hindu-Muslim Unity, Says Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan In Reply To Civic Address

CALCUTTA, October 4.

Before a large and distinguished gathering the Calcutta Corporation presented Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, this evening a civic address in which reference was made to his sublime and inspiring message of national unity, of which he was the living embodiment.

The address states:—

"You have shown true valour which lies in the quiet heroism of patient suffering. Your noble band of followers are inspired by your spirit of renunciation. You and they have made non-violence, the guiding principles of conduct, both private and public."

After referring to his efforts in the cause of Hindu-Muslim unity, the address concluded by wishing him long life.

GUARDIAN OF COMMUNITIES.

Replying Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan asked the Councillors to make the Corporation a real guardian of the rights of all communities, irrespective of caste and creed and hoped that they would bury their differences and make the institution an ideal one.

SOLDIERS OF THE NATION

Lot of propaganda was, continued Khan Abdul Gaffar, carried on against the Red Shirts, but he could assure them, if any assurance was needed, that the Khudai Khidmatgars were servants of God, love, truth, peace and India and were soldiers of the nation, ready to die for the cause of the country.

Concluding he appealed for Hindu-Muslim unity, without which the country could not achieve its mission.—United Press.

Frontier Gandhi's Appeal

CALCUTTA, October 4.

"Swaraj is not possible without Hindu-Muslim unity, and this cannot be brought about by compromises" declared Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, replying in Urdu to the civic address presented at the Town Hall this evening. It must come out of love and respect for each other, he added, and selfless workers should go to the country and preach the gospel.

The address, which was printed in khaddar, was presented on a silver tray by the Mayor of Calcutta.

Replying, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, reiterated his belief, that so long as the curse of untouchability was not removed from the land, Swaraj would remain far off.—A.P.

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Mahmoud Bey, the famous Egyptian Spiritualist, is now in Bombay and can be consulted at Amrut Building Ballard Estate opposite E. D. Sassoon & Co., Fort Bombay Fee Rs. 5. (3005).

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Wanted—An Office Superintendent with thorough experience of Life Insurance Office organisation in all Departments on modern lines with initiative and capacity for controlling a large staff. Salary Rs. 300—25—600 with benefits of the Society's Provident Fund, if confirmed after the probation period, which will be six months. The selected person may be started at a higher salary in the grade according to experience and qualifications. Apply stating age, qualifications and previous experience with copies of testimonials before 20th October 1934 to the Secretary, the Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society Ltd., Bombay. (9003)

Wanted At Once Gujarati Speaking General Clerk, salary 55/-, knowing Shothand, Typewriting, Accounts, apply personally Parker & Company, 22, Apollo Street, Fort. (3033).

Wanted Immediately.—Experienced and qualified mining engineers for Cobalt and Nickel Mines. Apply Parker and Company. 22, Apollo St., Fort. (3021)

Wanted an experienced Dyer for colour testing work in Laboratory. Good prospects. State lowest salary. Apply Box No. 3016, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Secretary, Salesmen, Chief Salesmen, Organizers for Ltd. concern salary Rs. 75-75-150-40 respectively. Royal Service Bureau, Meerut. (3008).

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Twenty years experienced Scout Master expert troop organizer, sound Testimonials, seeks situation in India. Box No. 3022, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Read "Popular Science" Monthly (America) 300 articles, 300 pictures. Lowest subscriptions. Apply:—Ahmedhussein, near West Hospital, Rajkot. C. S. (2976)

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Loan Wanted: Rs. 4000 at 9 p.c. P.A. on mortgage of property by a gentleman in good service. Free spare-time Secretarial Services for one hour offered until loan repaid. Write Box No. 3028, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Gentleman with 47 years' experience in tea business, expert in blending and enjoying best influence with the traders offers his services. Please write Jamsetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikalwadi, Bombay.

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Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hingangnat Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

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Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

Wanted Agents for American toilet soaps. Apply stating resources for pushing and experience in the line, to Box No. 3000, "Bombay Chronicle".

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

The National Snuff Depot, Dhobi Talao, Girgaum Road, Bombay. Fresh Mangalore snuff daily manufactured of various qualities, medically certified, once tried, always patronised. (3032.)

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

High Class Tin Factory—We manufacture in our Factory by electric automatic machinery tin cans of all descriptions, such as for kerosene oil, and for packing and preserving articles like confectionery, tea, coffee, cigarettes, phenyle, greese, paint, etc. Various suitable sizes. Strong make. Write for prices and particulars to:—The National Tin Factory, Dongri Street, Bhimpura, Bombay No. 9. (3020)

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The Officer Commanding 1st Battalion The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Regiment, Auxiliary Force (India), Parel, will not hold himself responsible for any debts incurred by the Contractor F. ESOOFALI of Deolali or any of his servants. 8998

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of three pupil nurses in the Municipal Maternity Homes. The applicants should have sufficient knowledge of English to follow the lectures given in that language, should be between 20 and 30 years of age, and should submit two satisfactory references, one being from a lady, as to their conduct. The selected candidates will have to work in the Maternity Homes for nine months and will then be transferred for a period of three months for training in one of the larger Hospitals. After the completion of the course, they can appear for the examination held by the B.P.N.A. A stipend of Rs. 10 p.m. will be paid to the selected candidates for a period of twelve months.

Applications with School Leaving Certificates should reach the undersigned not later than the 15th October 1934.

J. S. NERURKER,
Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Department,
Bombay Municipality,
Dated 3rd October, 1934.
9002

Public Notices

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II (a) has held charge of and carried out important construction works for not less than five years and produces a certificate from his immediate Engineering superior during such employment that his work and conduct were satisfactory and similar certificate from his employer; and if he was employed as the District Engineer of a District Board, such certificates from both the Chairman and from the Inspector of Local Works and
(b) produces evidence that his knowledge of the district is such as to qualify him for employment as District Engineer.

The candidate appointed shall be on probation for 2 years.

All applications should be submitted in sealed and registered covers addressed to the Chairman of the District Board and superscribed "Application for appointment of District Engineer." Each application should be accompanied by all the necessary certificates and testimonials required by the preceding rules together with a suitable envelope addressed and sufficiently stamped for registration in which they can be returned in the event of application being unsuccessful.

Applications must reach the undersigned on or before the 31st October, 1934.

RAMESHWAR PRASAD SINGH,
Chairman, District Board, Gaya.
9001

NOTICE.

OFFERS ARE INVITED for purchase of a very valuable property with lift bearing Street No. 336 on Kalbadevi Road next to Murarji Gokaldas Cloth Market alias Swadeshi Market, Area 1173 square yards or thereabouts. Freehold, belonging to the late Mr. Surajmal Harnandrai. For terms and other particulars apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Solicitors, at 94, Medows Street. Offers should reach before 15th of October, 1934. 8922

KURLA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

No. 17 of 1934.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Medical Officer of Health for the Kurla City Municipality on a graded salary of Rs. 200-20/2-300 efficiency bar 20-400.

The candidates should hold medical qualifications entitling their registration by the Bombay Medical Council preferably the M.B.B.S., of an Indian University and the Diploma of B. Hy., or D.P.H. (Calcutta) or Junior Health Officer's Examination Certificate.

The applications should reach the undersigned not later than 20th October 1934.

A. H. PIRZADA,
President,
Kurla City Municipality.
Mun. Office, Kurla, 3-10-1934.
9000

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. RUSTOM KHODADAD KOOCHABIOGI, PERVIZ RUSTOM KOOCHIBIOGI and Mr. MERWAN RUSTOM KOOCHBIOGI have contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property, situate at Vincent Road on the Dadar-Matunga estate of the Bombay Municipality. All persons having any interest or claim, of whatsoever kind or nature, in or to the said property or any part thereof are therefore hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned, Attorneys for the Purchaser, at their office in Mercantile Bank Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof. In default the sale will be completed on the expiration of the said period, and all interests and claims, if any, in or to the said property of which no notice shall have been so received will be considered as relinquished and waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground being Plot No. 806 of the Board's Dadar Matunga Estate held under a lease granted by the Bombay Municipality for the term of 999 years from twenty-fifth February one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one at the yearly rent of Rs. 2964 together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 3952 square yards or thereabouts and bearing New Survey No. 1237 part and Cadastral Survey No. 511|10 of Matunga Division and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by Plots Nos. 792, and 793 of the said estate, on or towards the West by the King's Way, on or towards the North by Plot No. 805 of the said estate and on or towards the South by the Tilak Road and which said plot and messuage and premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward Nos. 6823(1), 6823(2), 6823(3), 6823(4) and 6823(5) and Street Nos. 390, 390A, 390B, 390C, and 390D, and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors.

Dated this 3rd day of October, 1934.

PAYNE & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
8997

TO-MORROW!
YOU'LL SEE
THE BIGGEST, MOST THRILLING SCREEN SHOW ON EARTH!
Two years in making!
IT'S ALL NEW! THE GREATEST!
TARZAN and His MATE
Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's Miracle Film of All Time!
featuring
the one and only....the original
TARZAN
JOHNNY WEISSMULLER
and the famous Tarzan girl
MAUREEN O'SULLIVAN
Plans open. Advance booking absolutely essential
TO-DAY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M
"MYSTERY OF MR. X"
THE CARLTON

AUCTION SALES

BENNETT & Co.

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES SITUATE AT GOPI TALAO ROAD, MAHIM, GIRGAUM ROAD (CATTLE POND) AND GIRGAUM ROAD, KNOWN AS SANDHURST HOUSE:—

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for Mr. F. E. Dinshaw and Mr. Dinshaw K. Daji, the Executors of the late Mr. Poonanji Goolji Shinganee, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell the undermentioned properties by Public Auction on the dates mentioned below on the respective premises:—

LOT NO. 1.—(TO-DAY) FRIDAY, the 5th October, 1934, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises:—

All that oart and piece of land with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon called Nilkie situate at Gopi Talao Road, in Mahim, admeasuring about 5730 square yards bearing Municipal G Ward Nos. 4066, 4067 and 4068 and Street Nos. 427, 428 and 429 and also G Ward No. 4065 and Street No. 426 and Cadastral Survey No. 531, Mahim Division and bounded on the North by the tank called Gopi Talao, on the East by an Oart belonging to Manoel De Souza, on the South by an Oart belonging to Moosa Mapla and on the West by Mahim Road.

LOT NO 2.—On FRIDAY, the 12th October, 1934 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises:—

All that piece of pension and tax (now redeemed) and with the messuage, tenement and building standing thereon situate at Girgaum Road, admeasuring about 315 square yards, bearing Municipal D Ward No. 244-245, and Street No. 16, 688, Cadastral Survey No. 1647, Girgaum Division and bounded on the East by Girgaum Road, on the West by Sweeper's passage, on the North by a public passage and on the South by a gully c. public passage.

LOT NO 3.—On FRIDAY, the 19th October, 1934 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises:—

All that piece of pension and tax (now redeemed) land with the messuage, tenement and building standing thereon situate at Girgaum Road near Breach Candy, admeasuring about 317 square yards, bearing Municipal D Ward No. 449, Street No. 817-821 and Cadastral Survey No. 1604 Girgaum Division and bounded on the East by the property including passage now of the Improvement Trust but formerly belonging to St. Francis, on the West by Breach Candy Road, on the North by the property of Babaji Kashinath and on the South by the property called Narayan Ashram formerly belonging to Janardhan Gopal.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Payne and Co. Attorneys for the Executors of the late Mr. P. G. Shinganee at their office at Esplanade Road, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

WHITE LEPROSY
GUARANTEED CURE.
Please ask for "Divine Gifts" with the details of your disease and the name of your birthday. Mrs. Amiyabala Devi, "Amiya-Kutir", Dinajpur (Bengal).

THE PALACE
VICTORIA GARDEN ROAD
LAST THREE PERFORMANCES
TO-DAY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
CAVALCADE OF AMERICAN LIFE AS SEEN THROUGH THE SOUL OF A WOMAN WRONGED IN A GREAT LOVE
ONLY YESTERDAY
FROM TO-MORROW
TWO SINGING STARS OF SONGS & ROMANCE
JEANETTE MacDONALD
RAMON NOVARRO
FIRST TIME TOGETHER IN METRO'S MUSICAL SENSATION
THE CAT AND THE FIDDLE
FROM THE MUSICAL SUCCESS THAT RAN 2 YEARS ON BROADWAY

THE EDWARD
DHOBI TALAO -- KALBADEVI
LAST THREE PERFORMANCES
TO-DAY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
H. G. WELLS'
FANTASTIC SENSATION
INVISIBLE MAN
THE MAD SCIENTIST WHO TERRORISED THE WORLD
FROM TO-MORROW
SPECIAL FOR 4 DAYS ONLY
BORIS KARLOFF
OUT-DRACULA'S DRACULA AS
FRANKENSTEIN
THE MAN WHO MADE A MONSTER
NO PICTURE EVER MADE CAN TOUCH IT FOR THRILLS

MURDER OR SUICIDE?

Youth's Death Mystery Baffles Thana Police

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, Oct. 4.

The Thana district police are investigating the cause of death under suspicious circumstances of Shyamsunder Surajbali Pande, a Hindu youth, of Ahu village in the Umbergaon Peta who was acquitted of the charges of having robbed and murdered Batasha, wife of Bachu Badlu, a washerman, in June last by Mr. B. K. Dalvi, the Additional Sessions Judge of Thana, on September 18 last.

There are two workable theories regarding the mysterious death, which is baffling the police.

According to one the unfortunate victim was taken into a jungle by four persons on the night following his acquittal, and was done to death.

The other theory is that he, being ashamed of the scandal of his alleged love affairs with the deceased woman, committed suicide by slashing his throat with a pen-knife in the jungle.

The dying declaration before the Magistrate, however, supports the first theory. It is stated that Shyamsunder was bodily lifted by four persons, who entered the house, and was taken to a jungle closeby and murdered with a shrap cutting instrument. He died that day in the Umbergaon dispensary, a few hours after admission.

The search of the house of the victim has revealed that a pen-knife is missing, but inspite of the vigorous combing of the jungle, where grass has overgrown, the cutting instrument has not yet been traced. It is for this reason that the theory of suicide, which presupposes that a sharp cutting instrument must be in the close proximity of the spot, from where the injured man was picked up by the police, is discounted.

It is highly probable, according to the other theory, that Shyamsunder must have been the victim of vendetta, which must have been carried out with the help of hired assassins.

Two Arrested In Hindu Colony, Dadar, And Remanded On Bail

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Sawantibai Ganpat and Santibai Raghunath, two women, were said to have entered the precincts of a building at Hindu Colony, Dadar, on Wednesday, during the small hours of Thursday morning.

They were subsequently arrested by a constable outside the building and were suspected of thefts.

They were placed before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Magistrate, Dadar, on Thursday, charged with criminal trespass and theft.

It was stated in the application for remand that both the accused took to their heels the moment the lady of the house accosted them.

They were ordered to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 20 or in default to be remanded for a period of five days.

CHARGED WITH RASH DRIVING

Victim Of Accident Has Fractured Thigh Bone & 12 Minor Injuries

Bhikalal A. Shaw was placed before Mr. I S Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon, on Thursday on a charge of rash and negligent driving of his car resulting in Yenku Krishna being knocked down and sustaining injuries.

The injured man is lying in the J J Hospital with a fracture of the left thigh bone and 12 other minor injuries.

The accident occurred as accused was driving his car along Hornby Vellard from South to North on Wednesday night.

The bail period allowed by the police was extended by the Magistrate by 10 days.

Proposals to empower the Government to compel local bodies to introduce compulsory elementary education are contained in a Bill prepared by the Madras Government to amend the Elementary Education Act.

Three persons were seriously injured in a collision between a tonga and a car at the Montgomery Road, Lahore, on Tuesday.

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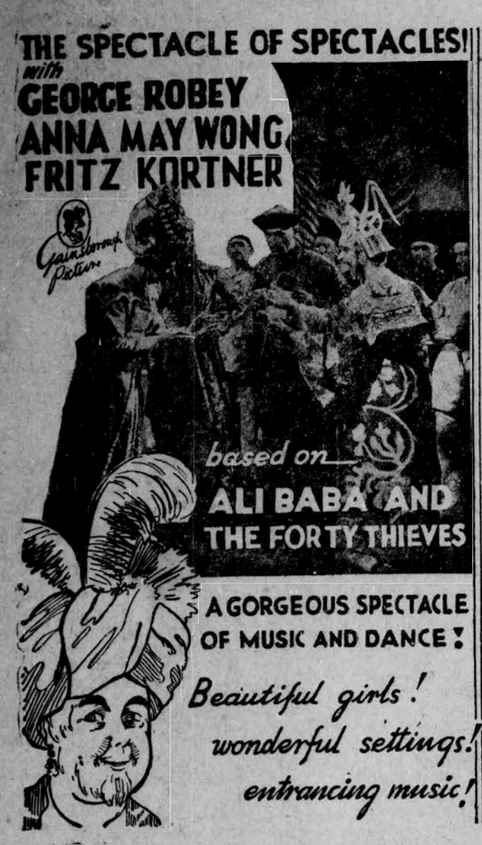
GALA OPENING TO-MORROW AT THE EXCELSIOR

FROM TO-MORROW
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Also Sunday Morning at 10 a.m.



THERE IS NO FREE LIST

Defence Version In Pathan Murder Case

'Death Was Result Of Desperate Struggle To Get Knife From Dead Man'

The prosecution case having been closed, the defence was opened at the High Court Sessions in the trial in which Gulmahomed Gulam Habib is charged with the murder of Sultan Mahomed Abdul Kadar, a Pathan formerly employed in the "Bombay Chronicle" press.

The Advocate-General with Mr. A. C. Amin appeared for the prosecution. Rao Bahadur Chunilal Setalvad with Dr. P. N. Daruwalla defended the accused.

After the prosecution evidence was finished, the accused made his statement to the Court, in which he pleaded that the deceased attacked him and died in the struggle.

After giving details of the previous prosecution between himself and his wife and mother-in-law, the accused stated that the Magistrate had ordered him not to go to the room of his wife alone.

On June 2nd last, he went to the room No. 21 in the same chawl as the deceased lived to see his daughter Mariam, who was living there with his wife and mother-in-law. He was informed that they had gone to room No. 7 in which the deceased was living.

He then went to that room and called out for Mariam, but there was no response. Then he knocked at the door. When the door was opened, he saw his wife with the deceased. The deceased abused him and picked up a knife and rushed at him. The accused raised an alarm, but no one came. He snatched the knife from the deceased's hands.

Struggle For Knife.

A struggle then ensued in which the deceased was hurt. In the meanwhile some people arrived and thrashed the accused. The accused shouted for the police. As he was being severely beaten by the deceased's brother and Makhbul Khan, he pushed them out of the room and shut the door.

When the police officer arrived, the accused pointed out to him the sewing machine as belonging to his mother-in-law and some other articles as belonging to him. The 'burkha', and one "Odhni" (scarf worn by women) were found in the room.

Defence Witnesses.

Defence witnesses were then called.

Atmaram Vaidya, a rent collector for the deceased's chawl, deposed that room No. 7 in which the deceased was living stood in the name of his brother Muntazirsha. The accused's wife Fatmabai, his mother-in-law and daughter were living in room No. 21 which stood in the name of Amir Khan. The deceased applied to have room No. 21 transferred to his own name, mentioning therein his wife's name as the person who was going to live with him in that room.

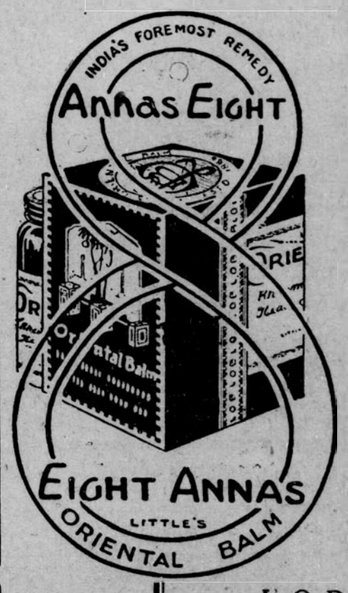
C.I.D. Inspector In Box.

Inspector Abdul Kadar of the Pathan Branch of the C.I.D. was the next witness for the defence.

Witness referred to quarrels between the accused and his wife. On the day of the incident, he conducted the investigations at the Dongri Police Station. The accused told him that room No. 7 in which the incident took place was occupied by his wife and the sewing machine and other articles belonged to his wife. The accused also told him that his wife was in the room at the time of the incident. Witness enquired of the wife who denied that she was living in that room.

After some more witnesses were examined, Rao Bahadur Chunilal Setalwad commenced his address to the jury on behalf of the defence.

Little's Oriental Balm



"L.O.B." The Original Size Now Eight Annas

Second Announcement

"In all Cities, Towns and Districts where no Octroi, or other recognised sur-charges, apply, the Original Size of Little's Oriental Balm is now to be retailed to the public at eight annas."

Little's Oriental Balm and Pharmaceuticals, Ltd.,
15, Armenian Street, MADRAS.

SAME FORMULA for FIFTY-TWO YEARS

TO COUNTLESS users of L. O. B. this reduction will come as a "boon and a bounty," welcome indeed in these strenuous days. For 52 years this "Original" size Little's Oriental Balm has been priced at one rupee. Its world-wide success has led by stages to the new retail price of Annas 8. The famous formula, however, is unchanged. Ask for "L. O. B. 8 anna size." Sold by all Dealers and Stores.

Try Also Little's Oriental Soap, for "Soft-as-velvet" skin. Rs. 1|6 p. doz.

L. O. B. means Proof — Lasting Proof!

To gain lasting relief from Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Gout, Backache, Neuralgia, Headaches, Earache, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Cramp and Muscular pains, use Little's Oriental Balm; this *time-proved* remedy will not fail you.

(Full directions given with each packing)

Made in India (Madras City) for Half a Century

LITTLE'S Oriental BALM
the World Renowned Relief for Aches and Pains

CASTOPHENE
CHOCOLATE LAXATIVE
ACTS GENTLY LIKE NATURE

Agents:
CHIMANLAL VADILAL & CO., Princess Street, BOMBAY.

CHARGED UNDER 8 SECTIONS

Police Arrest Alleged Member Of Gang Of Terrorists In Parel

Kheroo Rama, charged under eight different sections of the Indian Penal Code, was placed before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Magistrate, Dadar, on Thursday.

The charges include rioting and culpable homicide.

It is stated that a "gang" consisting of 30 persons, kicked up a terrible row, attacked a "Bhajan Party" at Sun Mill Lane with lathis and inflicted injuries on over a dozen persons on September 3.

One of the injured in the "melee" was detained in the K. E. M. Hospital for a considerable period and subsequently he died there.

The accused is said to have been a member of the "gang."

Already nine persons have been arrested and released on bail in this connection.

The accused was ordered to be released on bail, like others, in the sum of Rs. 400 or to be remanded into custody till the 16th instant.

DEAD MAN'S ACCUSATION

Treated For Fit But Alleged Was Assaulted By Friend

A sensational statement is alleged to have been made by Mirza Ebrahimbeg Mirza to his son-in-law resulting in the arrest of Syed Ahmed Kassam by the Police on the night of 3rd instant.

The facts of the case are alleged to be that Mirza had an epileptic fit on the night of 2nd instant while he was walking along and was removed to the J. J. Hospital by the accused Syed Ahmed after the fit.

Mirza was treated but after a time refused to stay in the hospital, and was accordingly allowed to go home, where his condition got worse.

The son-in-law of Mirza, who then took him to the K. E. M. Hospital was, it is alleged, told by the patient on the way to Parel that the accused Syed Ahmed had severely fisted him and that he had severe pain in his abdomen.

The injured man later died in hospital on the night of 3rd instant.

Accused (not objecting), was ordered on Thursday, to be remanded into police custody by Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, for 2 weeks.

Owners Wanted For Jewels Valued At Rs. 1,500

Alleged Thieves Arrested But Police Unable To Trace Where Jewels Came From

The owner or the owners of a gold ornament, set with about 120 diamonds and two "pannas" (green sapphires), collectively valued at Rs. 1,500, reported to have been found before or since January last, have not come forward to claim the property as yet, and the Police also have not been able to trace them yet.

A sensational story, as reported by the Police, lies behind the trace of these valuable jewels.

The accused Narayan Bhikerji Harchekar and Bhijaji Sitaram, suspected to have been involved in the case, were put up before Mr. I.N. Mehta, Magistrate, Girgaum on Thursday.

It was, stated in the application for remand, that the accused took the ornaments to the shop of Sadashiv Atmaram Kaselkar Banker, Dadar, where a part of the stolen property was said to have been disposed off.

It also appears that the accused purchased these valuables at Rs. 148.

It is further stated that the two accused divided between themselves the diamonds and "pannas" and partly disposed of them in their own manner and partly retained some for themselves.

Only jewels valued at Rs. 450 are reported to have been recovered by the Police.

The first accused was said to have been absconding since January last and surrendered himself to the Police only on Wednesday.

The Magistrate ordered them to be released on a bail of Rs. 300, out of which Rs. 200 to be deposited in cash, or in default, to be remanded for a fortnight, pending further inquiries.

WELLINGTON
DAILY: 6-30; 10 P.M.

To-day for the LAST TIME!

JANET GAYNOR
AND
CHARLES FARRELL
in a sparkling all-Talking Musical Fox Movietone Romance.

HIGH SOCIETY BLUES
ABSOLUTELY BRAND NEW COPY.

To-morrow: Saturday!

MEMORABLE REVIVAL

by insistent public demand of the

PICTURE MAGNIFICENT
which recently stormed Bombay as the greatest screen entertainment of the year!

FREDRIC MARCH
CONSTANCE BENNETT
in
the most powerful love story of the greatest LOVER—ARTIST—GOLDSMITH OF ALL TIMES!

"AFFAIRS OF CELLINI"

GORGEOUS ROYAL SPLENDOUR—EXCITING LOVE THRILLS—
Plans open—book early.

Man is the master of his fate—*if he has health!* Hard knocks fall lightly, worry takes wings, if there's strength to meet life vigorously. Take "Enervin"!

Do you wake up tired?

After a fatiguing and worrying day, and possibly a restless night, do you feel ready to jump out of bed the moment you awake?

If you don't, and how few of us do, you are not nourishing your nerves and energy sufficiently. Nature requires food, not only for the body, but also for the nerves. Nature has also created the ideal food for the nerves.

"ENERVIN" Tonic wine has been scientifically blended with nourishing food and Tonic properties to fill just these needs. Taken regularly "ENERVIN" will restore the wasted health and strength caused by the most trying day.

Keep healthy—take
ENERVIN
TONIC WINE
"It must do you good"
Obtainable from all principal stores

KALYAN CELEBRATES MAHATMA'S JAYANTI

Kalyan Andhras celebrated Mahatma Gandhi's 66th anniversary by holding a public meeting in their Association Hall on Tuesday evening and in that meeting the following resolution was unanimously passed ad wired to Mahatma:—

"Kalyan Andhras have full confidence in you and they pray to God to grant you long life to enable you to liberate India from her bondage."

At a conference of representatives of the Mysore and Madras Governments. Mysore's claim for reduction of the royalty paid to the Madras Government for the water taken from the Cauvery River for generating power (electricity) at Sivasamudram was discussed.

ALLEGED OBSCENE PUBLICATIONS

Inspector Achrekar of the Bombay C.I.D. arrested Mr. Mahomed Nazir Jallaluddin, Editor, "Musa Vir," an Urdu weekly, on Wednesday evening for having contravened the Penal Code.

It is alleged that Mr. Jallaluddin printed certain obscene matter in the issue of the "Musa Vir" on 23rd September last. The paper is printed in the Khilafat Printing Press.

After the arrest a search was made in the office of the "Musa Vir" and issues of 23rd September were taken away by the C.I.D. Mr. Jallaluddin was baicd out.

A six chambered revolver with six cartridges, which was lying in holster, has been stolen from the bungalow of Khan Sahib Syed Faiz-Ul-Hassan, situated in Ichhra, a suburb of Lahore.

TELEPHONES IN SECRETARIAT

Officers And Departments Will Have Direct Connection From November

In the interests of economy and efficiency Government has decided to instal a private automatic branch telephone exchange at the Civil Secretariat. The effect of this change will be that the officers or departments in the Secretariat will have their own number and there will be no General Secretariat number.

Members of the public wishing to communicate with a particular officer or office will have to look up that number in the Telephone Directory. In the Directory there will be a special heading "Civil Secretariat" under which the telephone numbers of the officers or offices will be set out. The names of officers and offices will also be found in the ordinary alphabetical section of the Telephone Directory.

This change will take place from the November 1 from which date the present Secretariat telephone numbers 25041 and 25042 will be given up, and it will only be possible to get an officer in the Secretariat if his number is dialled direct. That is to say, communication will be established not through a Secretariat Exchange but in the same way as any other two subscribers are connected.

GOVT. TO CONFER WITH STATES

Question Of Interest Of Ports Will Be Finally Decided In Delhi

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 4.

It is understood that a conference between the Government of India and the Indian States having ports will be held in New Delhi in the middle of October for the purpose of finally deciding the question of the interest of the ports.—A.P.

C. I. D. Officers Descend On Buildings In Duncan Rd. And Make Arrests

14 persons were arrested by the Bombay C.I.D. on Wednesday afternoon in a raid at Duncan Road on two buildings alleged to be carrying on gambling business.

On receipt of information Sub-Inspector Sawant and Sub-Inspector Kogje of the C.I.D. raided the two buildings. On seeing the police some of those carrying on the gambling operations bolted.

The police however succeeded in arresting 11 persons from one building and 3 from the other.

Rs. 200 in cash, and playing cards, dices, and Kowries etc. were seized by the C.I.D. The arrested persons were bailed out.

AIRMAIL ARRIVES IN KARACHI

KARACHI, Oct. 4.

The air-mail from Singapore arrived here at 8-10 a.m. and left for Croydon at 9-15 this morning.—A. P.

Rosette In Great Trim For Cup Event

Diamond Shower And Last Adventure Give Satisfaction

(By Our Special Correspondent)

POONA, Oct: 4.

The following gallops were noted during the week:—

PRINCE KHAN (Marrable) held **ARTHUR** (Bell) in a 10 furlongs gallop on the tan. The former has improved.

INSOMNIA (Brace) proved superior to **CASH SWEEP** (Riding Boy) over a mile on the race track.

PRATAP SINHA (Forsyth) finished in front of **WINNOCK BANKER** (Bhimrao) over 6 furlongs on the tan. Keep an eye on the first named.

LORD WENSLEYDALE (Riding Boy) beat **GALLOPING MAJOR** (Malone) in a mile gallop on the tan.

WHOOPEE (Obaid) pleased in a mile gallop on the tan.

ALMEIDA (Riding Boy) shaped very well in a 6 furlongs gallop on the tan.

SAFETY MATCH (Riding Boy) was given an easy 6 furlongs on the race track. She is quite fit.

CAREY DENNIS (Raffaele) held **STARFORD** (Riding Boy) over 5 furlongs on the tan. The former has improved.

DIAMOND SHOWER (Obaid) showed to advantage over 6 furlongs. Has winning chance.

SHRI NARAYEN (Forsyth) was better than **MYRON** (Bhimrao) over 6 furlongs.

UPTO JINKS (Hill) finished ahead of **MEREDIAN** (Malone) over a mile.

WITCH MUSIC (Evans) and **OVER** (McCarthy) both gave satisfaction when sent a mile.

DARYA SAGAR (Riding Boy) went a mile. Fair.

DE BEERS II (Marrable) was sent 1 mile. Fit and well.

MISS MOUNT (Stead) showed up in a gallop with **RAGHUBEER** (Riding Boy). She has reached her best.

BRIDGETHORN (Obaid) travelled better than **SILVER SALMON** (Forsyth) for a mile.

ACHIEVE (Bell) was fair when doing a mile.

VIGNETTE (O'Neale) was extended over 10 furlongs by **SHAPHIR** (Northmore). The former is fine trim.

ROSETTE (Brace) easily defeated **KNIGHT-AT-ARMS** (Riding Boy) in a 9 furlongs trial on the race track.

BRIGHT NIGGER (Hill) and **GREEK GLEN** (Malone) finished abreast over a mile on the tan.

PHARE (Bell) and **MOTI KOH** (Marrable) spurted 4 furlongs on the tan, the former proving superior.

LAST ADVENTURE (S. Black) finished very strongly over a mile on the tan. Likely winner.

BREACH (Riding Boy) pleased over 9 furlongs on the tan.

NICKEL (Clarke) beat **BAHARNOOR** (Riding Boy) over 9 furlongs on the tan.

VITA (Riding Boy) traversed 1¼ miles. Fair.

MAHDI (Selby) was given an easy mile gallop. Fit.

SARHA KHANIM (Raffaele) made a favourable impression over 6 furlongs.

FAUST (Raffaele) impressed over 6 furlongs.

AZIZA (Riding Boy) covered 7 furlongs. Fair.

KAYID SAUD (Clarke) moved very freely over 7 furlongs. Has struck form.

COPPER KING (Evans) was in front of **ROYAL CROWN** (Riding Boy) at the end of 7 furlongs.

SILVER FISH (Stead) was exercised for 7 furlongs. Good.

The following should be watched:—

ACE OF HEARTS, JAFFAL, GREY BEAUTY, AL HAZAR and **BARKHAT.**

In connection with the Gandhi Jayanti, a Spinning Competition was held on Wednesday evening at the Jinnah Hall.

Seth Adamji Haji Dawood and party from Calcutta arrived in Bombay on Thursday morning "en route" to Manawadar for the Memon Conference. Picture shows the reception accorded to him by the Memon community in the City. Seth Adamji along with Seth Abubakkar Begmahomed, the president-elect and delegates left Bombay on Thursday night.

Acceptances For Saturday's Races

Eight Runners Will Compete In Ebor Handicap

The following are the selections for the Second Day of the Poona Autumn Meeting to be held on Saturday:

1st Race: 2-0 p. m.

THE HOLKAR PLATE (Div. I)—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; second Rs. 400; third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W.A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st October, 1933, of a race value Rs. 1,200 or over, once 7 lbs., twice 12 lbs., oftener 16 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4 lbs.

To be ridden by licensed Riding Boys, without whips or spurs.

Gannas 8-10, Nash Nash 8-10, Baji 8-10, Al Capone 8-10, Dandy Duke 8-8, Al Barg 8-8, Dhubooh 8-8, Amalfi 8-8, Lila 8-8, Strephon 8-6, Grey Beauty 8-2, Havana 8-2, Forat 8-2, Nayib al Muluk 8-2, Iceberg 8-2, Regent 8-2, Iraq Queen 8-2, Kabul 8-2, Khamis 8-2, Khalid 7-10, King Fuad 7-6

2nd Race: 2-30 p. m.

THE HOLKAR PLATE (Div. II).—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; second Rs. 400; third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W.A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st October, 1933, of a race value Rs. 1,200 or over, once 7 lbs., twice 12 lbs., oftener 16 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4 lbs.

Sarha Khanim 9-1, Al Hazar 9-1, Mahoot 9-1, Copper King II 9-0, Royal Crown 8-9, Kandahar 8-11, Gold Bar 8-10, Farhan Pasha 8-10, Rolls Royce 8-10, Naji Beg 8-10, Taj Najiyah 8-10, Maneck's Hope 8-4, Tair al Zaman 8-4, No Limit 8-2, Silver Fish 8-2, Barkhat 8-2, The Knut 8-2, Ace of Hearts 8-2, Zobba 8-2, Imperial 7-10, Taj Bahadur 7-10.

3rd Race: 3-0 p. m.

THE HOLKAR PLATE (Div. III)—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; second Rs. 400; third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W.A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st October, 1933, of a race value Rs. 1,200 or over once, 7 lbs., twice 12 lbs., oftener 16 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Mal Allah 9-6, Azdashir 9-6, Saint Fortunat 9-3, Pallazaman 9-3, Colombo 9-3, Zainin 9-1, Faithful II 8-13, Taj Saud 8-10, Kummar 8-10, Kayid Saud 8-10, Mint Master 8-10, Mosul King 8-9, Vortex 8-9, Nayazi 8-9, Faust 8-2, Jaffal 8-2, Haisan 8-2, English Star 8-2, Alharith 8-2, Aziza 7-10, Harry Johnson 7-0.

4th Race: 3-30 p. m.

THE WILLINGDON CUP—Distance 1-1|2 miles.

A Cup value Rs. 500, presented by H.E. the Viceroy and Rs. 5,100 from the Fund, Winner, the Cup and Rs. 3,500; second Rs. 1,100; third Rs. 500.

For Indian Horses, 4 years old and upwards. W.A. reduced 10lbs. Penalties—Winner of a race value Rs. 3,000 or over 7lbs. extra. Winner of races of the aggregate value of Rs. 8 000 or over 5lbs. extra (cumulative). Allowance—Mares and geldings 3lbs.

Honeydew 9-2, Vignette 9|2, Rosette 9|2, Knight at Arms 8|2, Rosewater 9|1.

5th Race: 4-0 p. m.

THE CALEDONIAN SELLING HANDICAP—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 1,700, second Rs. 600; third Rs. 250.

A Handicap for horses in Class IV.

Winner to be sold for Rs. 700.

Gift Horse 9|10, Miss Mount 9-3 Madge Mee 8-10, Meredian 8-8, De Beers II 8-7, Galactic 8-4, Sassaby 8-3, Butterfly 8-0, Over 8-0. Uptojinks 7-13, Meadow Sweet 7-11, Darya Sagar 7-3 Thaxted 7-0, Navroz Charm 6-12.

6th Race: 4-30 p. m.

THE OCTOBER PLATE—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 2,250; second Rs. 600; third Rs. 400.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Galloping Major 9|2, Greek Glen 8|4, Knockdon 9|2, Cash Sweep 7|7, Belle Legend 8-10, Bridgethorn 8-10, Former 8|7, Silver Salmon 7-10, Bismarck II 8|8, Picaro 8|5, Lord Wensleydale 8-3, Phare 8|2, Achieve 8-0, Raghubeer 7-11, Golden Trail 7-11, Last Adventure 7-10, Wheelrace 7|6, Witch Music 7-2, Pratap Sinha 7-0.

7th Race: 5-0 p. m.

THE EBOR HANDICAP—Distance 1-1|4 miles.

Winner Rs. 4,250; second Rs. 1,400; third Rs. 600.

A Handicap for Horses which have not won, after 1st January, 1933, a race value Rs. 5,000, or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 5,000.

Whoopee 9-10, Winnock Bunker 7|0, Buland 9-10, Crusty 8-10, Iran 8-0, Superlative 7-11, Galloping Major 7-10, Prince Khan 7-2.

8th Race: 5-30 p. m.

THE CURZON PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,500; second Rs. 1,100; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Almeida 9-7, Diamond Shower 9-4, Myron 8-13, Seaton Ross 9-0, Cavern 8-11, Lady Brendan 8-7, Connemara Rose 8-3, Carey Dennis 7-13, Glen Gowan 7-11, Nijinski 7-11, and Knight's Adventure 7-0.

9th Race: 6-0 p. m.

THE HOPEFUL PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Winner Rs. 1,700; second Rs. 600; third Rs. 250. A Handicap for Arabs in Class II.

Buick 9-4, Shogat Aziz 7-9, Breach 9-2, Baharnoor 8-11, The Viceroy 8-9, Mumrih 8-7, Goolab 8-7, Madhi 8-6, Khumayssa 8-5, Kanda 8-5, Nickel 8-2, Broker 8-0, Adhba II 7-13, Tamim 7-11 and Vita 7-4.

NORTHERN INDIA vs SIND

Match Will Not Be Cancelled On Any Account

KARACHI, Oct. 1.

In spite of the refusal of Amar Nath, Amir Elahi and Mubarak Ali of the Crescent Club to accompany the Northern India Cricket Association Eleven, which is due to play Sind on October 6, to 8, owing to which the visiting Association inquired of the Sind Association whether their absence would lead to the cancellation of the fixture—the Sind Committee yesterday confirmed the match by telegraph on the assurance that no player is being sent to Karachi who has not an extremely good cricket record.—The "Statesman."

NORTHERN UNION RUGBY

Wigan Defeat Liverpool Stanley

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Oct. 3.

The following are the results of the matches played under the Rugby Northern Union Rules today:—

In the Rugby League Yorkshire Cup Semi-Final, Castleford lost to Wakefield by 10 points to 0.

In the Lancashire Cup Semi-Finals, Swinton lost to Salford by 12 points to 5.

Wigan beat Liverpool Stanley by 13 points to 10.

A case under section 307 I. P. C. has been registered against one Hukam Chand Sud of Amritsar who is alleged to have thrown down his young daughter from the roof of the House. The girl has sustained serious injuries.

U. S. WOMEN'S GOLF

Only British Girl Eliminated In Third Round

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 3.

At the Whitemarsh Valley Country Club in the American Women's Golf Championship, the following are the notable third round results:—

Mrs. Burtwell Barrington (Illinois) beat Miss Wanda Morgan 1 up.

Mrs. Vare beat Miss Barbara Steddard 8 and 6.

Miss Van Wie beat Miss Rosamond Vahy (Boston) at the 19th hole.

Mrs. Cheney, the Curtis Cup player, beat Mrs. Hurd, the veteran Scottish golfer, 3 and 1.—Reuter.

Tagore Invited To Madrass

SANTINIKETAN, Oct. 4.

Dr. Rabindranath Tagore has accepted the invitation of the Raja of Bobbili, Chief Minister of Madras Government to visit Madras with a view to explain the ideals and cultural achievements of the Viswabharati.

The Poet arrives at Madras on October 21 in the morning and addresses a public meeting the same evening.

There will be an exhibition of Viswabharati arts and crafts and students will give performance of Poet's plays.—United Press.

Lad's Mysterious Disappearance

KARACHI, Oct. 4.

Considerable anxiety has been caused among his relatives over the mysterious disappearance of a Hindu lad of 16 with Rs. 2,000.

The police have been informed of the matter.—United Press.

"Maxim Gorky" Creates Revolution In Planes

DRIVEN BY STEAM AND FREE FROM INTERMEDIATE TANKING OR REPAIRS

Holland And Australia To Have Keen Contest In International Air Races, Says Kabali

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Discussing the prospects and the chances of winning by the various countries participating in the great International Air Race which will take place on October 20 in connection with the Melbourne Centenary celebrations, Mr. P. M. Kabali, the Indian Airman, said that it was not a matter for speculation about the winner of this high speed contest.

"However," he added, "looking to the experience of the pilots and the machines selected by them, it seems that the race will be neck to neck between Holland and Australia. The other countries viz., Ireland, Italy, U.S.A. France, Sweden and England will follow in order."

"Regarding the handicap race", continued Mr. Kabali, "Ireland, Germany and Britain have all chances of winning and the other countries have equal chances to follow except India as the plane selected by the Indian pilot is of the 'cargo' type."

Mr. Kabali also discussed the revolution that has taken place in air craft construction and aeronautical design. About the position of the several leading countries in this field, he said.

WORLD'S BIGGEST PLANE.

"'Maxim Gorky' the world's biggest plane created sensation on August 18, 1934. The Soviet say, it stood all tests during the exhibition flights by carrying 23 crews and 43 passengers flying at 149 m.p.h. speed carrying the total 'pay load' of 7 tons.

"The plane has 8 engines developing 7,000 horse power. It is fitted with a light under the nose giving 2.8 million candle power light for night landings. The plane has arrangements in the following order in fuselage and wings. A saloon, pilots, cockpits, passenger cabins, radio transmitting and receiving rooms, editorial offices, passenger cabins, cinema-theatre rooms, followed by again passenger sleeping rooms, luggage compartment, baths, smoking room, lavatory, rottary press room, photographic laboratory, which takes immediately pictures of interest for passengers.

"The aeroplane was designed by Com. Tupolovand. The idea to build this plane was of the famous journalist Com. Kolstov for propaganda purposes out of public subscriptions and was named by Stalin.

DRIVEN BY STEAM.

"A new steam engine has been invented by Herr Huettner. A 2,500 h.p. engine of the above type was fitted in a big plane whose span is 110 feet and length 70 feet. The above plane easily flew at 235 miles per hour speed. It having a steam engine flies at greater speed when high, than low as the power is not affected in these engines at higher altitudes as it does in the case of petrol engines. The inventor is successful in evolving this steam engine in which the generation and utilisation of the steam are effected one single housing. The principle of the invention is the employment of a rotating boiler, arranged round the turbine.

"In addition to this fundamental simplification of the circulation of the heat, which in the case of a multi-stage turbine, improves the process most appreciably the rotating boiler has other functions to carry out. It is specially shaped to work as its own induction draught fan, which does away with the necessity of special parts to guide the hot gases. All these problems have been solved by amazingly simple designs to produce an ideal steam engine of incomparable economy.

"All these simplifications have also tended to reduce the weight of the engine to such a degree that the unusual ratio of 1 h.p. per 2-1|4 lbs. has been attained. In the "Huettner" steam engine, the steam is generated with the minimum of heating surface, because the surfaces are rapidly exposed to the heat of the gases, resulting in an unusually efficient transmission of the heat. The "Huettner" steam engine is accordingly most suitable for aeroplanes.

IDEAL FOR SERVICE.

"An aeroplane fitted with a "Huettner" steam engine would be able to fly to the most re and uncivilized regions without any intermediate stops, quite independent of tanking and repairs. Such qualities as these ought to make this engine ideal for regular Air Services as well as for flights of discovery. On the other hand, general economy is not confined to fuel consumption but also depends on the frequency of repairs and renewals. This means that the engine is proving not only useful for aeroplanes, but also for vessels, railcars, buses, tramcars etc —United Press.

CEYLON INDUSTRIES' TECHNICAL ADVISER

Why Mr. Guha's Candidature Has Not Yet Been Approved

COLOMBO, Oct. 4.

According to the "Ceylon Independent" the Public Services Commission has not yet approved the recommendation of the Executive Committee of Labour, Industry and Commerce that Mr. D. T. Guha of Bengal be appointed to the newly created post of Technical Adviser on Industries, Ceylon and that it is likely that the whole question of the appointment will be reconsidered shortly.

The reason for this is stated to be that one of the applicants for the post, a highly qualified Ceylonese now in India, was not interviewed nor was his application placed before the Committee on the ground that the candidate in question was only a Ceramic Expert and as such, possessed no qualifications in Industrial Chemistry.

It is learnt that it subsequently transpired that this candidate obained a certificate in both General and Organic Chemistry at the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, in 1920 after a five years' and that in 1923 he won a scholarship and proceeded to Europe for further studies in Ceramic Technology.

The "United Press" understands that this candidate is now holding a responsible appointment in one of the Indian States.—United Press

The second meeting of the Cabinet since the Parliamentary recess, was held at Downing Street on Wednesday. It is understood that among the subjects under consideration was the question of Anglo-German trade.

Sir Frederick Leith-Ross submitted the report on his recent visit to Berlin.

CRICKET AT POONA

Staff Sports Club v. Kuckreja's XI

Kuckreja's XI scored yet another victory on 30th ulto., this time against the Staff Sports Club whom they beat by 40 runs. Both Ahmedi and Khan bowled magnificiently not allowing their opponents to complie more than

KUCKREJA'S XI

Ahmedi Dandy l b w	7
Kaloo cand b Chisholm	26
Jamil Chisholm	4
Kamle c Jobling b Dandy	16
Khan Chisholm c and b	0
Athavle Dandy b	7
A J de Souza (not out)	11
F Macedo Flitter b Chisholm	1
Juvale b Dandy	0
Khole c Chisholm b Dandy	0
T de Souza c Chisholm b Dandy	0
Extras	5
Total	79

STAFF SPORTS CLUB

Chisholm c and b Khan	8
Dandy b Ahmedi	0
Johnson b Ahmedi	1
Flitter b Ahmedi	7
Jobling b Khan	0
Jackson c Athavle b Ahmedi	8
Ash c de Souza b Khan	0
Francis c and b Ahmedi	1
Mayhew c Kaloo b Khan	9
Spiers run out	0
Leader not out	0
Extras	5
Total	39

For pledging a necklace of silver coins by telling it to be made of pure gold, and thus cheating a shop-keeper at Sihora, Mr. V. B. Joshi, Magistrate, 1st Class, Jubbulpore, sentenced one Sadhuram, a Brahmin to undergo four months' rigorous imprisonment.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadarva Vad 12, 1990
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 25, 1353
Parsi: Fasvardin 29, 1304
Sunrise: 6h. 30m.
Sunset: 6h. 26m.
High Water: 10-04, 22-23
Low Water: 3-26, 16-20
Municipal Corporation, 3-15 p.m. (B.T.)
Women's public meeting—Jinnah Hall 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will speak.

SATURDAY, October 6

S. S. "Viceroy of India" with English mails sails at 1 p.m.
Western India Football Association: Annual dinner, Taj Mahal Hotel, 8-15 p.m.

MONDAY, October 8.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

TUESDAY, October 9.

Bombay Improvements Committee, 2-10 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, October 10.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

THURSDAY, October 11

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
Legislative Assembly elections: Nomination of candidates.

GANDHI JAYANTI AT ANDHERI.

In celebration of Gandhi Jayanti, a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday) at 8-45 p.m. (S.T.), when Smt. Gangaben Patel and Sjt. Gokulbhai Bhatt will address the meeting.

"G" WARD D. C. C. DADAR

The first council meeting of the newly elected members of this committee will be held to-day (Friday) at 8-30 p.m. in the committee's office to coopt 4 members and to elect the office-bearers. New members are requested to attend.

COSMOPOLITAN VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT

The opening ceremony of the Cosmopolitan Vegetarian Restaurant will be performed by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, to-day (Friday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at Lamington Road. (Opp. Pathe Cinema).

GANDHI JAYANTI WEEK

Under the auspices of the "F" Ward District Congress Comimttee, a public meeting and the Harijan Mela (Samata Kawya Sanswad Mela, Thana will be held to-day (Friday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Ganesh Maidan, Lalbaug, Sjt. Jinnabhai P. Joshi will preside. Sjt. P. R. Lele, Babrekar, Vinayakrao Bhuskute, Mahadeshwar, D. D. Wadia, Patankar and others will speak.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

PATHE—"The Scarlet Empress". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Man of Two Worlds". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Thin Man". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Ameena". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Nanand-Bhojai". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Lure of the City". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
ROXY—"Naughty Girl". Time as usual
WEST END—"Toofan Mail". Time as usual
KOHINOOR—"Hurricane Express". Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"The Invisible Man." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Only Yesterday". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Noor-Mahal". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"High Society Blues." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"Mystery of Mr. X". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon. Time signal. Indian Selected Hour. 1 p.m. Bombay market rates. European Lunch Time Music. 2 p.m. Close down.
7 p.m. Time signal .Indian Programme. 8 p.m. Empire relay if reception is satisfactory. 9 p.m. Time signal. General and Commercial News in Hindi. 9-20 p.m. Weather and other News. 9-30 p.m. Talk on "Current Films". Jos. Ghisleri and His Symphonians relayed from Taj Mahal Hotel. 11 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

7-15 p.m. Time signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin and Announcements. 7-35 p.m. An organ recital from the Concert Hall, Broadcasting House, London. 8 p.m. Stingaree, a voice in the wilderness; a romantic adventure of Stingaree, the debonair bush-ranger; adapted as a radio play by Cecil Madden. 8-30 p.m. A pianoforte recital. 9 p.m. The Hotel Metropole Orchestra, directed by Emilio Colombo, relayed from the Hotel Metropole, London. 9-45 p.m. Dance music. 10-30 p.m. News Bulletin and Announcements. 10-50 p.m. Reginald Dixon at the organ of the Tower Ballroom, Blackpool.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. and O. Mail Steamer "Narkunda" with the Mails from London of the 27th ultimo passed Suez at 1 a.m. on the 4th instant.

SOUTH INDIAN ASSOCIATION

The members of the above Association will enact "Manohara" a Tamil Drama on Sunday the 7th inst. at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Damodar Thackersey Hall, Parel.

SANTA CRUZ GUJARATI STRI MANDAL.

Under the auspices of the Santa Cruz Gujarati Stri Mandal, a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday) at 4-45 p.m. to celebrate Gandhi Jayanti when Mrs. Hiravati Mansukhlal will preside.

"F" WARD DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

An urgent meeting of the Council of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Committee's office Parel.

POSTAL NOTICE

Superscribed Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per S.S. "Isipingo" Via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. to-day (Friday).

INDIAN CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of this Association, Rev. C. F. Andrews will on the eve of his departure from India deliver an address to Indian Christians at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Byculla to-day (Friday) at 8-30 p.m.

BOMBAY INTERNATIONAL FELLOWSHIP

Rev. C. F. Andrews will speak to the Bombay International Fellowship to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Ladies' Bungalow, Church of Scotland Mission Compound, Gowalia Tank Road.

NEW PARSI I. C. S

News has been received by wire from London of Mr. Barjor Behramji Paymaster B. Sc. (London) having passed the recent Indian Civil Service examination of London. Mr. Barjor is the son of Lt-Col. Behramji Barjorji Paymaster (retired I.M.S.) ex-Superintendent of Matheran.

PUBLIC MEETING OF WOMEN.

Under the joint auspices of the Gandhi Seva Sena and the Girgaon District Congress Committee a public meeting of the Women of Bombay will be held at Jinnah Hall to-day (Friday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) to celebrate the 66th. Birthday of Mahatma Gandhi. Smt. Sarojini Naidu will preside. After the meeting a Mela will be performed by the Members of the Rohidas Harijan Mela.

GANDHI'S BIRTH ANNIVERSARY.

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee Gandhi Jayanti. Gandhi's birth anniversary according to the Hindu Calendar will be celebrated at a public meeting to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Bhatia Mahajan Wadi, Kalbadevi Road Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Indian National Congress will address the meeting. Sjt. Nagindas T. Master will preside.

SESSIONS JUDGE'S ORDER QUASHED

High Court Restores Discharge Order On Accused

Mr. Justice Murphy and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court heard the revisional application of Krishna Aiyar against the order of the Sessions Judge of Surat directing his fresh trial in a cheating case.

The petitioner along with 3 others was prosecuted in the Court of First Class Magistrate of Chikli on the charge of cheating Eruchshaw Burjorji Katrak. The complainant alleged that the petitioner conspired with a local firm dealing in motor cars to put him under a wrong impression that he can put off his instalment for a car he had taken on hire purchase, and that no harm would come to him by missing the due date for payment of the instalment. The Magistrate discharged all opponents, but the Sessions Judge set aside the order and directed a fresh trial.

Their lordships quashed the Sessions Judge's order and restored the order of discharge.

SUBURBAN DELEGATES.

As a result of the election held on Sunday the following three candidates have been declared as successful delegates for the 48th session of the Congress:—

(1) Smt. Dahiben Desai
(2) Sjt. Devchand Bhagwanji
(3) Sjt. Markandrai Mehta.
(4) Kumari Pramitaben Mehta was nominated by the Suburban District Congress Committee as the fourth delegate, by a majority of votes.

VADNAGARA NAGAR MANDAL.

The Vadnagara Nagar Mandal has elected the following office-bearers for this year:—

Mr. Dalpatram D. Anjaria President.
Mrs. Joliben H. Divetia Vice-President.
Mr. Jayandra M. Deve and Mr. Ganpatrai S. Rindani Hon. Jt. Secretaries.
Mr. Dolarrai D. Bhagat and Mr. Natvarlal M. Buch Hon. Jt. Treasurers.
Mr. Kakubhai Vora Under-Secretary.
Mr. Bhaskerrai K. Rindani B. A. B. Sc. Nivas Adhikari.

MALARIA CARRIERS.

The following is the list of places in Bombay City where Anopheles stephensi, the Malaria Carrier, was detected breeding during the week ending Sept. 29:

Apollo Pier Road Premises Nos. 27-31 Places where larvae were detected Tin and drum.
Junction of Esplanade Road and Bell Lane Premises Building under construction; places where larvae were detected Collection of water.
Junction of Colaba Causeway and Henry Road Premises Building under construction; places where larvae were detected Foundation pits.
Samuel Street Premises No. 84; places where larvae were detected Well
Dongri Street Premises No. 305 places where larvae were detected Cistern
Lamington Road Premises Nos. 16-20; places where larvae were detected Foundation trenches.
Ripon Road Premises No. 34 Indian Mfg. Co.; places where larvae were detected Wheels and vats
Haines Road Premises No. 946 Khatau Makanji Mill; places where larvae were detected Roof gutters.
Connaught Road Premises No 20 (Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co.); places where larvae were detected Masonry tank.
Ghorupdeo Road Premises No. 247 (New Building) places where larvae were detected Cisterns.
Curry Road Premises New Islam Mill; places where larvae were detected Open channel drains.

RAILWAY TIMINGS

AT VICTORIA TERMINUS.

Trains	Arrivals. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	9 00
Madras Express	10 15
Deccan Queen	10 25
Punjab Mail	11 20
Poona Mail	11 40
Nagpur Express	14 45
Poona East Passenger	16 25
Poona Express	19 25
Allahabad Express	20 40
	Departures
Allahabad Express	7 00
Poona Express	8 00
Poona Fast Passenger	11 55
Madras Express	13 45
Poona Mail	15 30
Deccan Queen	17 15
Punjab Mail	17 50
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	18 10
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	21 15
Nagpur Express	21 30
Madras Mail	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	23 00

AT BOMBAY CENTRAL.

Mail, Express and Passenger trains Arrivals at Bombay Central.

			H.M.
No. 8	Up	Passenger	5 35
No. 20	Up	Delhi Express	6 00
No. 2	Up	Gujarat Mail	6 45
No. 10	Up	Kathiawar Mail	7 50
*No. 4	Up	Frontier Mail	8 55
No. 12	Up	Passenger	14 50
No. 16	Up	Kathiawar Express	19 05
No. 6	Up	Passenger	20 55

Departures from Bombay Central.

			H.M.
No. 15	Down	Kathiawar Express	8 45
No. 9	Down	Passenger	8 55
No. 11	Down	Passenger	13 35
No. 1	Down	Gujarat Mail	20 25
No. 3	Down	Frontier Mail	21 15
No. 5	Down	Kathiawar Mail	21 30
No. 19	Down	Delhi Express	22 00
No. 7	Down	Passenger	22 15

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

*On Saturday only for Passengers going to Europe 9 05

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

Mr. S. R. Deshpande, B. Litt. (Oxon.), Assistant Commissioner of Labour, Bombay, is granted leave on average pay for one month from 2nd October 1934.

Mr. L. A. Paddon-Row, on the completion of his training, to do duty as Assistant Superintendent of Police, Thana.

Mr. C. M. S. Yates, on return from leave, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Sholapur, vice Mr. J. H. Hammond reverting.

Mr. A. F. Clarke, on relief, to be Deputy Superintendent of Police, Thana, vice Rao Saheb D. L. Karnik reverting.

The Governor in Council is pleased to place the services of Mr. R. W. H. Davies, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Ahmednagar, at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Aden, for employment as District and Sessions Judge, Aden.

Mr. M. C. Kaveeshwar, Officiating Assistant Judge, Thana, is empowered to hold enquiries into Municipal election cases generally in the Municipal Boroughs of Thana, Kurla and Bandra in the Judicial District of Thana.

Lieutenant-Commander I. D. Elliot, R. N. (Retired), relinquished his appointment of Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Governor on 22nd September 1934.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Candy, to be Civil Surgeon and Superintendent, B. J. Medical School, Poona, on return from leave ex-India.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. H. Harty, on relief by Lieutenant-Colonel Candy, to be Civil Surgeon and Superintendent, B. J. Medical School, and Mental Hospital, Ahmedabad.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. R. Thornton, on relief by Lieutenant-Colonel Harty, to be Civil Surgeon, Sholapur, vice Mr. F. G. D'Souza.

Mr. Yeshwant Keshav Phadke, L. C. E., B. S. E., Assistant Engineer, Khandesh Division, to officiate as Executive Engineer, Khandesh Division.

On relief by Mr. N. H. Menesse, I.S.E., Mr. Shankar Keshav Karandikar, Assistant Executive Engineer, to officiate as Executive Engineer, Khandesh Division, and Mr. Phadke to revert as an Assistant Engineer.

FIRDAUSI MILLENARY

Ripon Club Dinner

The Ripon Club is organizing a dinner on Thursay the 11th October in honour of the immortal poet Firdausi of ancient Iran on the occasion of the completion of a thousand years from his birth. The Persian Counsul will be the guest of the evening and other distinguished Persian scholars have been invited. The Hon. Sir Pheroz Sethna will propose the toast of Shah Rezakhan Pehalvi to which His Excellency the Persian Consul will reply. The toast of the Poet will be proposed by Mr. Dinshaw J. Irani, Solicitor, and replied to by Mr. Hormuzdyar C. Coyaji, Advocate, Persian music will enliven the evening.

Rajputana Delegates To Congress

The Joint Secretary, Rajputana and Central India, Provincial Congress Committee, wires from Ajmer:

"The All-India Congress Committee has decided that all the list of delegates to the ensuing Congress session must reach that office latest by the 12th instant.

"All District Congress Committees are requested that they should hold election for delegates before the 9th instant, and the list of such delegates should reach the Provincial Office at Ajmer on the 10th instant by 3-0 p.m.

"The election voters are four-annas members of the Congress, who are enrolled before or on 31th September."

COTTON MERCHANTS' RESPONSE

500 Bales For Erection Of Arch

The first step towards the realisation of the hopes of erecting a suitable arch in honour of Babu Rajendra Prasad, the President-elect of the ensuing Congress in Bombay, was marked, when, the Bombay Cotton Association have donated 500 bales of cotton for the construction and the decoration of the arch.

Plans are already well underway for the erecton of the arch and the Engineers are already working upon a suitable plan for the erection of the arch. Their attention just now is engaged as to how best the arch could be erected in a fitting manner so as to keep the prestige of the premier trading centre in India.

By Saturday, it is expected, the Engineers will meet the President's Reception Sub-Committee and finally fix up the plans.

GANDHI JAYANTI WEEK

6TH DAY

On Friday (to-day) a Women's Meeting will be held in Jinnah Hall at 3-30 p.m.

At 4-30 p.m. the Rohidas Mela will give their performance for ladies only.

Smt. Sarojini Naidu will preside.

7TH DAY

On Saturday the 6th inst. at 4 p.m. gathering of Harijans. Smt. Avantikabai Gokhale will distribute sweetmeats to the Harijan Children.

"EDUCATING THE PARROT"

Delightful Performance By Pupils' Own School

The Pupils Own School of Vile Parle deserves to be congratulated on the delightful performance its students and staff gave on Friday night at the Royal Opera House. The house was crowded with an appreciative audience to witness "Teaching The Parrot" by Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore, which was rendered in Gujarati.

The story is a simple one. The king has a parrot and is eager to educate it. The parrot is shut up in a cage. The king calls a Geneal Council meeting to decide upon the best course to have his desire fulfilled. A Committee is appointed which included no educationist. The process of educating the parrot provides a very interesting scene. The princess sympathises with the charming bird and by her clever manouvre is able to convince the king that the best education for the parrot would be to set it free. The message sought to be conveyed is that of freedom.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

He Must Not Retire

If Gandhiji retires, who will lead the Congress? The politically-minded, patriotic citizens in Bombay, and for the matter of that, in the whole of India, are at present asking themselves and each other this question. Especially as the Congress session is fast approaching, this subject is attracting more and more serious attention.

People are still hoping that the Mahatma will not give up his place as the pilot of the Congress at the present political juncture when cautious handling of the national forces is more necessary than ever. They hold that the Mahatma is the only living person who is capable of pooling the national resources together, of creating harmony amongst differing Congressmen and differing parties in the country. He commands the highest respect and veneration in the whole of the country. If anybody can extract love and respect from his enemies, it is he. Therefore, Congressmen feel that Gandhiji should leave considerable margin for the frailties of human beings. His idea that—

"If everyone would see
To his own reformation
How very easily
You can reform a Nation."

is realised by almost every one, and all Congressmen are trying to act up to it to the best of their abilities.

Royal Indian Navy

The Royal Indian Navy which came into existence from Tuesday last but which is still far from being a truly Indian Navy controlled by the elected representatives of the country has a very interesting history. It first started under the title of the Naval Service of India in 1612 with its headquarters at Surat. In 1668 the Naval Service was transferred to Bombay where it has remained till this day. In 1830 the title was again changed to Bombay Marine and again in 1863 it was named Indian Navy. From 1863 till last Monday it was called Royal Indian Marine. Henceforth it will be called Royal Indian Navy. The Government Dock, where the ships of the Royal Indian Navy berth, was built nearly two centuries ago and the ancestors of the present Wadia family had no little hand in building the ships for the East India Company, which were used both for sea voyages and war purposes.

Workers Welcome Bukhari

A mass meeting of workers was held on Thursday evening at Kala Pani Maidan, Madanpura under the auspices of the Young Workers' League and Lal Bawta Girni Kamgar Union to welcome Mr. Bukhari who was released from Yerawda jail recently. Messrs. Bhayyaji Kulkarni, Patkar, Suryavansi and Bhogale spoke on the occasion.

WOMEN'S SWADESHI EXHIBITION OF FINE ARTS & HANDICRAFTS.

The Women's Swadeshi Exhibition of Fine Arts and Handicrafts will be held in the Town Hall, Bombay, from 19th October to 26th October. It has been necessary for various reasons to hold this Exhibition in October instead of November 1934, as previously proposed.

The Exhibition will be devided into four sections.

(1) Pictures.
(2) Photography as pictorial Art.
(3) Sculpture.
(4) Needle work and Handicrafts.

The prospectus of the Exhibition is available from the Star Art Framing works 90 Medow Street, Fort, Bombay. They days for receiving exhibits are 9th, 10th, and 11th October. Receipts for exhibits should be taken from art conveners on the same day between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. (S.T.) at the Town Hall, Bombay.

Ladies who wish to make Rangoli designs for this Exhibition should fill up schedule forms on the 9th and 10th October between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. (S.T.) at the Town Hall, Fort, Bombay.

Sardar To Visit Khadi Bhandars In The City

On the occasion of Gandhi Jayanti Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will pay visits to-day (Friday) (Rentia Barash) at 5-30 p.m. to the following Khadi Bhandars in the city:—

1 Khadi Printing and Dyeing Works, Girgaum Back Road, Bombay 4.
2 Shoorji Vallabhdas, Khadi Bazar, Mandvi, Bombay 3.
3. Motee Khadi Bhandar, Dadi Seth Agiari Lane, Kalbadevi, Bombay 2.
4 Shudha Khadi Bhandar, Morarji Gokuldas Swadeshi Market, Bombay 2.
5 All India Spinners's Association Sales Depot, Khadi Bhandar 396, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2.

Rashtriya Swayamsevak Mandal

Five Hundred well trained volunteers as well as the band team are ready to render service to the Congress Reception Committee for the forthcoming Session.

The volunteers have already taken training in the camps opened by the Reception Committee.

MILLENARY CELEBRATION OF BIRTH OF FIRDAWSI

Under the auspices of the Rahnumai Mazdayasna Sabha, the Millenary Celebration of the birth of Firdawsi will be observed to-day (Friday) at Sir C. J. Hall at 6 p.m. (S.T.). A variety programme will be presented consisting of Mr. Spent's and Mr. Vatcha's readings from the Shahnameh, Persian Songs in praise of Firdawsi by Aga Spenta, speeches by Mr. P. P. Bharucha, Ervad F. A. Bode and Miss Gul B. Pavri. Mr. Beheram Irani's Orchestra will be present Mr. R. P. Masani, will preside.

The REGAL
TO-DAY: At 6-30 and 10 p.m
The most popular stars
WM. POWELL
MYRNA LOY
in the best mystery-comedy ever screened
THE THIN MAN
TO-MORROW
MARION DAVIES—GARY COOPER
in
OPERATOR 13
with the famous Radio-Singers
THE FOUR MILLS BROTHERS
5—SONG HITS—5

The CAPITOL
LAST DAY:
At 6-30 and 10 p.m.
The Continental It-man
FRANCIS LEDERER
in his screen debut
MAN OF TWO WORLDS
HUMOUR—PATHOS—ROMANCE
with
ELISSA LANDI
TO-MORROW
DELUGE
An astounding, imaginative drama of the destruction of our modern world!

General Strike "Unjustifiable By Workers' Grievances"

"It Aimed At Causing Prolonged Hardship To Community"

Mr. Velinkar's Argument For Prosecution In Trial Of Labour Leaders

"Every worker had, no doubt, a right to better his position, and prospects, but he certainly had no right to resort to an illegal strike and cause hardship to others," was the argument advanced for the Prosecution by Mr. S.G. Velinker at the resumed hearing of the Trade Disputes Case, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, on Thursday.

The accused in the case are:—

Messrs. A. A. Alwe, V. B. Karnik, B. T. Ranadive, Abdul Majid, K. N. Jogleker, R. S. Nimbker, S. C. Mhapankar and Miss Maniben Kara, members of the "Council of Action" of the Joint Strike Committee. They are charged with having incited and organised an illegal strike in the City in April last.

Mr. S.G. Velinker, the Prosecuting Counsel, continuing his arguments said that from the resolution passed at the Textile Workers' Conference, held in Bombay in January last as also from the Manifesto issued by the Council of Action, it was clear that, what was contemplated was not a petty local Strike confined to the City alone, but a General Country-wide Strike.

If the Court accepted that proposition, it would be entitled to presume that the accused intended to cause severe general and prolonged hardship to the community, the net result of which, they calculated would compel Government to take a certain action desired by them.

As far as the city was concerned, its prosperity, depended largely on the Textile Industry, Mr. Velinker said, and therefore a strike of this magnitude would naturally cause severe hardship to the community.

Dealing with the grievances of the workers, as formulated in the twenty demands, Counsel contended, that they were not such as to justify a general strike. Those grievances were there since a long time and there was nothing new.

Replying to the defence argument, that the objects of the strike were different from the 20 demands put forward by the workers, Mr. Velinker said that those demands formed the real objects of the strike, as was abundantly clear from the letter written by the Secretaries of the Joint Strike Committee on May 9 to the Hon'ble the Home Member to the Government of Bombay.

Mr. Velinker had not concluded his arguments when further hearing was adjourned to Friday.

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PANDIT SWAMI S. SREENIVASA IYENGAR

A costly remedy administered as part of personal treatment to thousands of sufferers during the last twenty years with marvellous success, now made available to the public at a moderate cost of Rs. 15-8-0 per packet of 20 doses. First Packet itself will show wonderful effect. Course of treatment according to the stage of the disease and patient's condition. Tested and recommended by numerous Doctors of fame to their diabetic patients. Descriptive booklet—sent free.
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PATHE
DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Free List Suspended

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The Bombay Chronicle

Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY FRIDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1934

A MODERATE'S CREED

The Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri's speech at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall was a characteristic defence of the general principles of Moderatism. He took a fairly realistic view of the present situation. particularly of the White Paper scheme. He still condemns the scheme as utterly unsatisfactory and in some respects worse than the Simon scheme, as, for instance. in respect of provincial autonomy, the W. P. proposals not reaching "even the level to which Sir John Simon would have taken it." As for federation, he candidly admits that "one could not be certain that even five or ten years hence the federation idea would take shape. And with regard to central responsibility, it was so much hedged with safeguards that some even desired that the Simon report might now with advantage take the place of the White Paper proposals.

Pertinent Question

This exposure of the W. P. proposals would satisfy even many radicals in the country, but the pertinent question now is what the country should do with the scheme. The Congress wants to reject it summarily. But like many other Liberals Mr. Sastri seems ill-disposed to follow the Congress policy. He is awaiting the Joint Committee's report and says that if the coming reforms fall short of the promise in the Viceregal Declaration, we "should not hesitate for a moment in denouncing them as a breach of faith." Now, breaches of faith are nothing new to Indians and they have been often enough denounced virbally. Naturally such denunciation has been unavailing and the question uppermost in the minds of earnest men is what more is to be done than mere verbal denunciation. Mr. Sastri has no answer to this question. He only expatiates on the philosophy of gradualism and the virtues of patience and perseverance.

Uninspiring

It is easy for one like Mr. Sastri to indulge in vague generalities, hold forth on the virtue of compromise in politics and show that even Gandhiji is not above making a compromise. But there are compromises and compromises and certain things in respect of which compromise would be dishonourable. And to patience, too, there must be a limit. Even a schoolboy knows that it is impossible with one bound to get all we desire and that we must be prepared to go forward step by step. But if Mr. Sastri means that India must still wait for many years before she can demand and fight for complete independence, neither schoolboys nor schoolgirls would listen to him. Our birth right may be long in being actually won. But it is cowardice to shirk the fight for it now. And it is rank hypocrisy to glorify such cowardise as the essence of virtue. Mr. Sastri's speech was as usual eloquent and was listened to mainly on that ground. But there is not one word in it of inspiration to those who are struggling strenuously for freedom.

Sardar And Socialists

In his speech at the meeting of the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee Sardar Vallabhbhai was refreshingly outspoken but he was less than just to the Socialists. He simply dismisses them as mere talkers and theorisers. Now, talkers there are in every party. How many talk expansively about constructive programme but really do nothing! But it is no use branding a whole party as a set of talkers merely because the Sardar chooses to fix his eye on those who only talk or are believed by him to be mere talkers. As for theories, it is something in these days of confused thinking that a theory adopted by many is at least right. Moreover no action can yield good results if it is not in pursuance of a correct theory. If the fundamental theories of the Socialists are correct, why should not men who love work join them in translating the theories into practice instead of hurling challenges all round?

The Lesson

The Labour Party Conference has shown its real character and its real attitude towards India by refusing to adopt the resolution declaring the need for implementing forthwith the principle of self-determination in India. The general principle of Indian self-determination has been accepted by the Conference more than once before. But the moment the Party is called upon to demand the immediate implementing of the principle, it boggles and raises all sorts of objections. With a casuistry worthy of an arrant Imperialist Mr. Henderson says: "We have laid down very clearly that we are going to consult. if possible, all sections of the Indian people. That ought to satisfy anybody." That will satisfy none who is both honest and intelligent enough to see the world of difference between the right to decide and a condescending consultation. "if possible." However, the decision of the Conference may teach Indians the lesson that neither the right of self-determination nor Swaraj can come as a gift from an outside party.

Economic Recovery In India

The "Monthly Survey of Business Conditions in India," for June, 1934. observes: "Any progress towards definite recovery is painfully slow, and in some instances a definite though a small set-back was noticeable." The "Survey" is a useful compilation, being more up-to-date than most publications of the kind issued by the Government of India and it is particularly helpful to businessmen and students of economics in the aid it affords. and a barometer it provides, for the progress and functioning of economic factors. In the industrial situation, while cotton mills and iron and steel industries show signs of recovery, both coal and jute indicate a clear set-back. Judged by the volume of production. the agricultural, as well as industral sections, indicate a recovery, which is sadly belied by the value figures.

Judged by the level of prices, depression seems still continuing; for, on the basis of pre-war prices. being equal to 100, the index number of April, May, and June for the years in comparison are:—

	Average for 1926-28	1933-34	1934-35
April	147	84	89
May	146	87	90
June	147	89	90

Similarly, the figures of exports continue to show decline. On the same basis as given above, the declared value of imports and exports index numbers, compared to the volume figures, show a heavy decline; and there is no other sign of recovery.

PROPER FUNCTION OF SCIENCE

It Is Not Concerned With Mysticism

(By Dr. C. L. D'AVOINE)

"What is "Scientific Materialism"? When one thinks of it, it is extremely silly to ask such a question. It is clear that those who boisterously rejoice over, what they call, "the death of scientific materialism" must necessarily cover themselves with ridicule; the only extenuating circumstance is their ignorance of the subject.

As a matter of fact, Science is not concerned with mysticism—God and the Angels—.Its province is to investigate matter and energy in all their properties. All the branches of science we have already mentioned are firmly established on a mechanistic basis. What, then, has given rise to all this clamour? The question is easy to answer.

Clash Witn Bible.

As long as Science dealt with facts which did not clash with Biblical teaching, nobody raised any objection. The moment certain of its findings, such as the evolution of worlds, the eternity of the Universe, the age of our Planet, the origin of living organisms, including Man, and the nature of mind were realized to be contrary to the Bible, objections began to be heard. Already, 300 years ago, the Church condemned the heliocentric doctrine of Copernicus, forbade its teaching and persecuted those who taught it. It was officially announced to be against Holy Writ and Catholic Truth!

The ban against it was not removed till 200 years later. Geology was the next to fall under the displeasure of the Churches as soon as it was realized that it clashed very seriously with the chronology of the Bible. It took many years for theologians, after many attempts at harmonizing Geology with Genesis, to admit that the Bible was not literally true on the question, and science was admitted to be more reliable than the, hitherto accepted Cosmology of Moses and the Astronomy of Joshua.

The Real Storm.

So far so good. The real storm of indignation burst with all its fury when Evolution was announced, in the middle of the last century, to be an epoch-making discovery likely to solve many problems hitherto considered inexplicable, except on mystical grounds.

When it became known that Evolution or Darwinism claimed to explain not only the origin of worlds, but also that of all organisms, including man, the indignation rose to fever heat. The history of this is too well known to need recalling here. After decades of abuse, invective and denunciation the more advanced among the theologians and philosophers professed to accept the teaching of Evolution, with certain reservations, as an accepted fact. One of the reservations was that his body might have evolved from the lower animals, but a soul was infused in him by the Almighty at a certain stage of his evolution.

The Roman Catholic Church and the Fundamentalists, however, have never accepted this as a scientific fact, though the former pretends that it leaves it as an open question. The reason for this is obvious: Admit the evolution of man from the lower animals, Christianity becomes mythology—a meaningless creed. Despite the apparent reconciliation of Religion with Science, the under-current was always hostile to it.

Sneers At Science.

The frequent gibes at the "Death of Darwinism," "the elusiveness of the Missing Link," "materialistic science" and so forth proceeded from teachers of religion and they never missed the opportunity to inform their followers that this or that scientific theory had been exploded. To give an instance, here, in Bombay, in 1910, just after the centenary celebration of Darwin at Cambridge where eminent scientists from all over the world had assembled to pay their tribute to the great scientist, and utter on affirmation that his theory was then considered an admitted fact, it was frequently represented in the papers in those days that, Darwinism was in a parlous condition, if not already dead! These allegations here were usually made by some of the Jesuit Fathers and the "Times of India" very generously allowed me the use of its columns to refute them.

Sneers at the "materialistic science" were duly made from time to time, until the discoveries of Einstein Planck, and the composition of the atom began to rivet attention. The speculations of Sir James Jeans and Sir Arthur Eddington about the Universe strengthened the belief that the

(Continued on page 8.)

MODERN CHINA AND NEW INDIA

Recent Progress In China Is A Shining Example To India

By K. F. NARIMAN. II.

The new Republican Councils of China, Central and Provincial, more or less on federal lines, are composed of representatives of all creeds, communities and religions, returned through a joint electorate, without any such superfluous safeguards as separate electorates or even reserved seats; 18 Provinces in China proper, representing an area of 1,896,495 square miles and population of over 330,000,000 (in 1912) send their mixed representatives under a territorial electorate, the number being fixed according to population or importance, with a slightly different system of administration for Mongolia, Tibet and Chinese Turkistan, because of their great distance from the centre. Some of the provinces are bigger and more populous than the French Republic or German Empire, even the smallest being as large as Greece or Sweden. The different religions and communities, though in small minorities, have not only survived this political experiment, but have also progressed and developed better than before, and their religion and culture are protected only by one or two clauses in the 'Fundamental Rights' under the new constitution.

Problem Of Minorities

The very first clause of the first Provisional Constitution of the Republic of China, passed at Nanking in January 1912, Article 5, provides:

"Citizens of the Chinese Republic are all equal and there shall be no racial, class or religious distinctions".

Article 6, Cl. (g):—

"Citizens shall have the freedom of religion".

No doubt, long after the establishment of the new regime serious internal disorders continued, as was to be expected, during the period of transition, but the point to be noted and differentiated is that all these political and economic strifes, between various parties, were attempts to gain political power. There were no inter-communal riots or upheavals, such as between Catholics and Protestants in the West or Hindus and Muslims in India. Most of these unfortunate risings were due to personal jealousies and political rivalries between provincial Governors and military Commanders, and, the Chinese Nationalists suspect, their origin could be traced to the foreign exploiting agencies, who are not yet reconciled to the altered conditions and who naturally prefer an autocratic monarchical atmosphere as more congenial for their exploits and pursuits.

A Shining Example

Only one instance will illustrate the remarkable change in the country. Sir Victor Sassoon, one of the shrewdest and most cautious giant-capitalists, considered it safer and more paying to transfer his huge capital to "New China" from "Changing India," a convincing proof of the more settled and secure as well as more prosperous state of affairs, so shortly after the re-birth of "Modern China."

That one most recent and inspiring Asiatic example in the Far-East, ought to be enough to give heart and courage to many diffident and timid Nationalists and statesmen in India, who are often cowed down and distressed into deep despondency, losing hope of finding a practical and satisfactory solution to what appear to be gigantic and almost insoluble problems in India. Patience, courage, perseverance, with confidence in self, and abiding faith, can overcome any, even apparently insuperable difficulties. Within a short period, Sun-Yat-Sen suffered 11 terrible disasters, before final victory. A defeatist mentality is most fatal and disastrous to the national cause. There is no political problem in the world that is not capable of satisfactory solution, either by a determined unyielding fight or through tactful, statesmanlike and honourable handling.

So the present apparent political depression ought not to dishearten us. It only calls for more determined efforts, greater perseverance and stronger faith; and the Indian problem will be solved just as even the Chinese puzzle was solved only a generation ago.

Frankly Speaking

IN NAME OF HUMANITY.

On examining Mrs. Kamala Nehru after an interval of six weeks, Dr. B.C. Roy, the famous Calcutta physician, says: "Her condition is much worse than when I saw her last. Her heart is dilated. appetite bad, temperature hectic in type and left-lung widely involved." The position, indeed, is so bad that there is no alternative left to what is clearly a gamble. the grave risk, that is to say, involved in removing her to Bhowali, because of its facilities for expert treatment and its climate." Such is the condition of the patient and yet Government have not thought fit to release Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru except occasionally for a couple of hours. Since, however, Mrs. Kamala Nehru is to be removed to a hill-station far away from Allahabad, Jawaharlal's continued detention would be positively unpardonable, at least, according to the dictates of humanity.

VOTERS MUST BEWARE.

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued a timely reminder to the Assembly voters of their duty to Congress, Democracy and to the struggle for the freedom of their motherland. We are confident that their appeal will not go in vain and. we hope, that as soon as the Congress Session is over Congressmen of Bombay will direct their united force and energy to the success of the Congress candidates, Mr. K.F. Nariman and Dr. Deshmukh. Meanwhile, the General Secretaries have done well to warn the public against the methods adopted by opponents. "It has been brought to our notice," they say, "that certain non-Congress candidates and their supporters are creating misunderstanding in the public mind on the question of the Communal Award. We warn the unwary voters against being misled by the cheap election propaganda of non-Congress candidates. which chiefly consists of mud-slinging at the Congress." We trust the voters will give these opponents the reply that they so richly deserve.

CONGRESS WILL WIN.

Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, the prominent Congress leader of the U.P., is not given to undue or unnecessary optimism and he is also one of those men in the country who command a wide and thorough experience of election campaigns. It is, therefore, heartening, indeed, to be told by him that the chances of Congress candidates in the provinces which he knows intimately are quite rosy. Mr. Kidwai believes that in the U.P. and Bihar—two of the main strongholds of Malaviyaji,—the Congress Nationalist Party will get just one seat and that is the seat for which Malaviyaji is the unopposed candidate. The position in the Punjab, we think. is no better from the Malaviya party's point of view. It may, therefore, be safely granted that the Congress will come out of the elections triumphant. But what is deeply regrettable is that Malaviyaji should insist on hurting the organisation to which he gave his whole life

COMMENDABLE SPIRIT.

Another pleasing feature of the interview given by Mr. Kidwai to our representative relates to the position of Congress Socialists. They are in a majority in the Provincial Congress Committee which is a tribute of his province to that leader of new India. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. But what is particularly noteworthy is Mr. Kidwai's statement that "as a matter of fact, the orthodox Congressmen and Socialists were like a happy family in that province." The U.P. Congressmen are entitled to congratulations on their spirit of amicable brotherhood, a spirit which deserves, in the interest of Congress and the cause, to be emulated elsewhere, not by one but both groups of Congressmen.

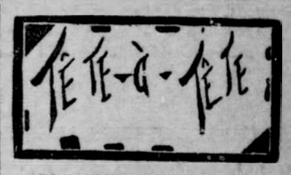
—PRESS VIEWS—

He Must Be Present

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has denied that he is stagemanaging the Bombay Congress in such a way as to prevent Mahatma Gandhi putting in an appearance at all. Whatever may be the practical or any other advantage which the devotees of the Orthodox creed may perceive in such a move, the delegates to the Congress will have a right to refuse ordiscuss in his absence the amendments that Mahatmaji has proposed to the Congress constitution, however efficiently, and we have no doubt however earnestly, a dozen of his lieutenants may deputise for him. The debate without Gandhiji's personal participation in it, would be lacking in reality, the argument for change would miss the authentic voice of authority. Above all, it is the practical experience of Congressemn that Gandhiji has a much greater regard for political expediency and is more capable of intellectual accommodation than the sophisticated, subtle-minded group that gather round the Master—"Swarajya"

Liberty And The Nation

The public in general and the legal profession in particular, have reason to be grateful to Mr. Bhulabhai J Desai for the extremely thoughtful and masterly presentation, in the addresses delivered by him in the Convocation Hall at Nagpur and other places, of the true fundamental principles and conceptions which made it possible for India to exist as a nation in the past and which are to-day potent enough, if understood and practised by Indians generally, to ensure their existence as a nation in the future. Too often, the past history of our country has been presented to us in colours so dim and distorted, that not only has it failed to inspire and guide us to further progress; it has produced in some minds, the effect of utter despair at any possibility of future progress at all. The removal of this false and mischievous impression from the minds of the public including the members of a profession which is called upon by reason of its qualifications to be at the head of the struggle for liberty, is the task which Mr. Desai has undertaken. We trust that it will be found possible to collect and issue in a handy form the addresses delivered by Mr. Desai on these and other important constitutional questions during the year.—"Bombay Law Journal."



"MUD SPORTS IN BOMBAY
Keen Contest For The Aggregate Cup"
—Headlines.

We needn't say who will win it.

* * * *

Mr. Sastri made a wonderful speech at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall.

And as you have rightly guessed—but there is nothing remarkable about it, let's assure—he started with reference to "Solemn De[illegible]n" the usual opening by [illegible]odox Liberalism and l[illegible] spiritually indemnified [illegible]gainst a multitude o[illegible]stri proceeded to say w[illegible] I say.

* * * *

Said Mr. Sastri, in brief, "Our duty is to stand on this declaration of dominion status, to hold them (British authorities) down to it and to allow no deductions and no side issues of a hostile character that they might raise to deflect us from our straight path."

And this triple object will be achieved by working the White Paper which, according to Mr. Srinivasa Sastri:—

(1) Ignores the solemn declaration,

(2) holds "them" very far away from it, and

(3) constitutes the sum-total of "deductions" and "side issues" "to deflect us from our straight path."

Long live Liberalism. Long live the grimacing anthropoid.

And vote for Liberals please.

* * * *

"HARIJAN KILLED BY LIGHTNING
Travancore Maharaja Leaves Calcutta."
—Headlines.

We knew that H. H. the Maharaja of Travancore was sympathetically disposed towards Harijans. But this is a gesture which out-Gandhis Mahatma Gandhi himself.

* * * *

Mr. Arthur Henderson has announced that Labour's "Solemn declaration" of policy about India need not necessarily be solemnly implemented. We welcome it as it removes all unforgettable suspicions regarding the sincerity of the patriotism of British Labour leaders.

These great Socialists, they are not little Englanders as they were alleged to be.

* * * *

"We have," said Mr. Henderson with uncooncealed honesty, "laid down vedy clearly that we are going to consult, if possible, all sections of the Indian people."

Now, what more can the divinely appointed master-trustee do in regard to the demand of Indians about their rights in India?

Mr. Henderson may be a Socialist but—heredity tells.

* * * *

"That," concluded Mr. Henderson, "ought to satisfy anybody." It does. We are all satisfied, since his undertaking is further re-inforced by "if possible," that Mr. Henderson means—what he did not say openly.

This "if possible" is one of the ethical safeguards of British Labour.

* * * *

"Japan, Philipines' Safeguard"

And America claims to be Philipines watch guard.

Between the two, the position of the guarded is rather unfortunate.

* * * *

The "Sunday Ditpatch" describes the Hindu religiin as "the filthiest in the world.

The Hindu religion has withstood meaner attacks. But if this is what Lord Rothermere's paper thinks how, we wonder, should one describe the mentality which insists on British association with India?

* * * *

An excellent chicken formed part of the fare at a luncheon party attended by two parsons. After lunch they noticed a cock strutting on the lawn.

One of the parsons said: "That bird seems very pleased with himself!"

"No wonder," said the host, "considering one of his sons has just entered the ministry!"

* * * *

Plutocrat (to young man asking for his daughter's hand): "And have you said anything about this to my daughter?"

Would-be Suitor: "Not yet, sir. You see it was only last night that I heard you had a daughter."

* * * *

Mr. Newrich (touring in his new car): "Where are we now?"

Chauffeur: "Half way between Paris and Marseilles, sir."

Mr. Newrich: "Don't bother me with niggling little details. What country are we in?"

Socialist Rejoinder To Sardar Patel

No Place Is Monopoly Of Any Individual In Battle For Freedom

The Publicity Officer of the All-India Congress Socialist Conference writes:—

We are grateful to Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel for the attention that he has been giving to the Congress Socialist Movement in the country. His speech at Ahmedabad does not contain anything new from what he has been saying ever since his release from jail. One can understand the anxiety of the Congress President to rehabilitate the farmers of Gujarat who have lost their all in the struggle for freedom. And in this work of rehabilitation he says he would not tolerate any interference from the Congress Socialists in Gujarat. He appeals to the Socialists to carry out their programme if they had any, but would not tolerate them in Gujarat, where he had dedicated his life for winning Swaraj. Mr. Patel ought to understand that no place is a particular monopoly of any individual, however great, and the struggle for freedom does not depend merely upon individuals.

WHY THIS BAN ON SOCIALISTS.

Whether the Socialists have any programme or not, Mr. Patel will soon realise, but we would like to know what his programme is for the rehabilitation of the peasants of Gujarat. Perhaps his concentrated opposition to the Congress Socialist Movement is part of his programme which has its roots in the pregnant statement he makes in his Ahmedabad speech that he has not lost hopes in the capitalists, landlords and princes—the forces of reaction and exploitation. In other words, Mr. Patel would rehabilitate the Gujarat farmers on the charity of those forces and would carry on his work for Swaraj in Gujarat, in a manner that would assure the vested interests of their stability. Naturally therefore, he cannot tolerate the Socialists' interference, because the fundamental basis of the Socialist Movement is the de-vesting of the vested interests, and its programme for the rehabilitation of the expropriated and exploited masses, which include the Gujarat farmers also, is through a struggle for the end of all exploitation and the achievement of a Socialist State in which all the power will be vested in the producing masses. For that purpose, the Congress Socialist Party has drawn up its programme of organisation of the peasants as of the industrial workers in the cities, and if Mr. Patel would feign ignorance of this fact, he cannot blame the Socialists. Obviously his concern is due to the fact that a proper approach by the Socialists to the masses would expose the bankruptcy of Mr. Patel's tall talk about rehabilitation of the farmers of Gujarat

HEROICS WILL NOT DO.

Whether Mr. Patel would tolerate the Socialists or not, the Socialists certainly are not going to be elbowed out by such heroics. They know what they are about, and in spite of Mr. Patel, the Socialists will carry out their programme in Gujarat, as in other parts of the country.

This kind of attack from prominent Congress leaders has, besides exposing their leadership, resulted in public attention being attracted to the Congress Socialists. Those who have been indifferent have now begun to think furiously what it is all about and why there is such a vehement opposition to a movement with which are associated some of the most prominent Congress workers of all provinces who have been actively asoociated in the struggle for Swaraj launched by the Congress.

TASK BEFORE CONFERENCE.

In such a circumstance, the All-India Socialist Conference that will be meeting in this city on 21st and 22nd instant assumes extraordinary importance. In that conference will be taken momentous decisions which will go to a very large extent in deciding the future of the Congress policy and programme. To make such a conference a success is the duty of every Indian who believes in the terms of the Karachi Congress resolution, that, along with political freedom, there should be complete economic freedom of the starving millions. Such a consummation can be looked for only through a programme that is Socialist both in objective and in action. It is such a programme that the All-India Congress Socialist Conference will discuss and decide. To such an endeavour we have every confidence that every patriotic citizen will contribute his mite by donations and by joining the Reception Committee, whose fee has been fixed at a minimum of Re. 1|-. Those who desire to be members of the Reception Committee can get themselves enrolled as such at the offices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party, Dadabhoy Manzil, Congress House, Bombay.

BREACH OF FAITH ?

Malaviya Party Decides To Contest Babu Bhagwandas' Seat

S. O. S. TO MAHATMA

LUCKNOW, October 4.

Indignation prevails amongst Congressmen against Pundit Malaviya's announcement opposing Mr. Bhagwandas's candidature in contravention of mutual understanding.

Hence it is suggested in the Congress circles to approach Mahatmaji and the Congress Parliamentary Board for scrapping such understanding regarding U. P. at least.—United Press.

KING TO SUMMON PRIVY COUNCIL

Will Give Formal Consent To Royal Marriage

LONDON, Oct. 3.

H. M. the King will hold a meeting of the Privy Council at Buckingham Palace th's week, at which he will give his formal consent under the Great Seal of England to the marriage of Prince George and Princess Marina.

General Smuts, who arrives in England to-morrow from South Africa, will be among those summoned to attend. During Prince George's visit to Africa General Smuts was his companion when Table Mountain was climbed.

The portrait of Princess Marina, commissioned by Prince George and painted while she was in England has now been completed by Mr. Philip De Laszlo. It will be given to her as a wedding present by the Prince.—B. O. W.

U. S. WORKERS OFFER 6 MONTHS' TRUCE

Agree To Accept Findings Of Labour Board

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.

The United Textile Workers have sent a letter to President Roosevelt offering to enter into six months' truce with the manufacturers in the hope that it may lead to permanent industrial peace.

During this period, the workers agree to accept the findings of the new National Labour Relations Board for the Textile Industry.

Mr. Gorman expressed the hope that the manufacturers would agree to similar terms.—Reuter.

UMIDWAR WINS JOCKEY CLUB STAKES

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The Jockey Club Stakes run at Newmarket to-day over a distance of one mile, and six furlongs resulted as follows.—

UMIDWAR	1
LOZINGARO	2
CAYMANAS	3

Eleven ran. Won by one and a half lengths. Same distance separated second and third.

Following were the starting prices:—

13|2 Umidwar; 2|1 Lozingaro; 8|1 Caymanas.—Reuter's Special.

"Easton" Scratched From Cambridgeshire

LONDON, Oct. 4.

"Easton" was scratched from Cambridgeshire at 10 p.m. on Wednesday.—Reuter's Special.

Cesarewitch Favourite Ceases Training

(Special Cable.)

The Cesarewitch favourite "Enfield" has eased training, as it is suffering from injury sustained in the Newbury Cup race.

WORLD BILLIARD SCORES

(Special Cable.)

MELBOURNE, Oct. 4.

The following are closing scores in billiards world championship heat:—

Lindrum (in play) 18,073.
McConachy 17,464.

Lindrums highest break was 595 and McConachy's 539.

McConachy who was over 1,000 points in arrears at the interval gave exhibition of a very brilliant play in the evening scoring 1,203 points to Lindrums 772.

Photo taken on the occasion of the visit of the Governor and Lady Brabourne to the Prabhat Studio, Poona on the 3rd instant. When they thoroughly inspected the various departments of the industry and were entertained to a dance and music programme.

RESERVE BANK PROGRAMME IS SATISFACTORY

"Financial Times" Stresses Strength Of Resources Available

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The announcement of the provisional programme for establishing the Reserve Bank of India is regarded by the "Financial Times" as an indication of the view of the authorities that the antecedent conditions of its establishment have been reasonably satisfied.

The journal says that the most doubtful point is whether the normal export of surplus has been restored, but in view of the depressed state of the international commerce the balance in merchandise is relatively satisfactory, while as long as the efflux of gold continues the excess of exports over the imports will be even more favourable than normally.

The paper emphasises the strength of the resources available, and points out that gold and sterling securities in the Gold Standard and Paper Currency Reserves represent a margin exceeding eleven millions sterling over the minimum initial requirements for the note issue backing, while the fact that gold is valued at the old parity represents a further hidden reserve of 22 millions.—Reuter.

BRITISH SHIP FOUNDERS IN ATLANTIC

Terrific Storm Renders Help Impossible

NEW YORK, Oct 3.

All hope for the missing British steamer "Millpool" has been abandoned. Wireless messages received from the Ascania and the Beaver-Hill state that they steamed close to the "Millpool's" position without sighting her.

The terrific Atlantic storm continues, rendering the survival of the "Millpool" improbable.—Reuter.

MIRA BEN LEAVES FOR NEW YORK

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Miss Madeleine Slade (Mira Ben) has left for New York.—Reuter.

NEW SPANISH CABINET.

MADRID, Oct. 4.

The new Spanish Cabinet formed with Lerroux as Premier, includes Samper, the ex-Premier as Minister of Foreign Affairs. Six new Ministers appear in the Government which includes seven Radicals, three Catholics, one Agrarian and one Liberal Democrat. Reuter.

WORLD BASEBALL CHAMPIONS

(Special Cable.)

DETROIT, October 4.

St. Louis Cardinals, National League Champions, won the first match in the World Baseball series by beating the American League winners, "Detroit Tigers", by 8 to 3.

The Maharaja of Travancore and party reached Trivandrum on Wednesday night after their trip to Calcutta.—A.P.

"NO VACANCY PLEASE"

Jubbulpore Municipal President's Reply To Dy. Commissioner

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 3.

"No vacancy, please" is the substance of the reply of Mr. D. P. M'sra president, Municipal Committee Jubbulpore, to the Deputy Commissioner, Jubbulpore, who forwarding the order of the Hon. R. B. K. B. Nayadu, Minister for Local-Self Government had asked the President to reinstate at once Mr. Chiranglal Sharma, ex-Secretary of the Jubbulpore Municipality, on probation, and whose services were dispensed with by the president on the order of the ex Minister, Mr M. Y Shroef.

MINISTERS POWER QUESTIONED.

Further questioning the power the Minister to review the decision of his predecessor, Mr. M'shra wrote to the Deputy Commissioner that "apart from the fact that there is no provision in the C. P. Municipalities Act for review by the local Self-Government of its own previous judgment, I regret very much to say that the post of the Secretary is no longer vacant, as Mr. Nityendra Nath Sil has already been appointed Secretary of the Committee in pursuance of the order of the Minister for the Local Self-Government, dated February, 28, 1934. The question of Mr. Sharma's reappointment can be considered only when a clear vacancy has arisen."—United Press.

ATTACK ON WHITE PAPER

(Continued from page 1).

their influence to obtain support for the constitutional reform based on the White Paper proposals.

This remark was greeted with cries "shame."

Complete uproar followed Chair-Chairman's announcement that the Duchess should be allowed to complete her speech, delegates from the floor and the gallery shouting "vote, vote."

PAGE-CROFT CREATES SCENE.

After Miss Regina Evans subdued the outburst, delegates from all parts of the hall demanded the vote, and eventually the meeting agreed that the question be put to vote. When the vote was about to be taken, Sir H. Pace-Croft approached the microphone without invitation from the Chair which created another outburst from his opponents, who demanded that there should be no further speeches.

Sir H. Pace-Croft stated that he thought that he had a right to reply.

POINT OF ORDER.

The opposition grew more stormy, but eventually Miss Evans allowed Sir H. Pace-Croft to raise a point of order. He asked whether Col. Herbert was empowered to tell them that the Conference will be formed to meet our leader and consult with him before he decides upon this Indian policy.

Miss Evans replied that the question was not a proper point of order, whereupon uproar again broke out.

After the show of hands, Miss Evans announced that the voting was so close, that it was difficult to count hands. Therefore she asked delegates to hold up books.

After the stewards had completed, the count, Miss Evans announced the amendment carried, which led to complete uproar.

The meeting eventually decided in favour of the ballot.

When Miss Evans announced the amendment carried by a majority of 23 cheers broke out for Sir. H. Page-Croft who was surrounded by jubilant supporters, majority of them being women.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVE OFFICERS

Secretary Of State Sanctions Reorganisation Scheme

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

A communique regarding the reorganisation of the Army in India Reserve of Officers says:

"The Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the reorganisation of the Army in India Reserve of Officers which will be introduced from 1st January 1935. The new organisation is intended to ensure that the best use is made of India's resources in potential officers and that every individual Reserve Officer is allotted a war role which he can fill adequately. Though the chief aim is increased military efficiency, financial economies will result. The principal changes to be effected are as follows:—

TWO DIVISIONS

As the supply of reserve officers is not adequate to meet the demands both of the British units serving in India and the Indian Army the reconstituted Reserve will serve in the latter only. The Reserve will be divided into two parts intended respecctively to be fighting units and administrative services. Class A, consisting of young men fit for service in the field, is allocated to the former and class B, composed of elder men possessing the necessary specialist qualifications, to the latter. Only Class A will carry out training in peace. Training in the case of class B officers is not essential as their civilian employment approximates to their war duties.

PROMOTION

Promotion beyond the rank of Captain will be by selection to fill specified appointments. Retaining fees will be paid annually at the rate of Rs. 200 to class A officers (this includes element for maintenance of uniform) and Rs. 100 to class B officers. The present system of registering suitable gentlemen for the grant of commissions on mobilization will be retained.

These gentlemen will do no training and receive no retaining fee in peace. They will accept no liability to be called to service nor will the military authorities be under any obligation to grant them commissions should their services not be required.

OFFICERS DESIGNATE

The abolition of the class of "Officers Designate" with effect from April 1, 1934 has already been made public. This decision is taken with the greatest regret in view of the useful service rendered by the gentlemen belonging to this category. It is, however, hoped that they will retain their connection with the reserve by registering their names for commission on mobilization as indicated above.

YOUNGER MEN TO BE RETAINED

The new organisation entails a reduction in the total establishment of the Reserve. In consequence, the Governor-General in Council will, subject to the approval of His Majesty's Government dispense with the services of those officers now serving who will no longer be eligible for retention, the necessary notification being made in the Gazette of India. Such officers will be older than and more senior to those now serving who, owing to increasing age, are less suitable for duties required of them on mobilization. Younger officers, whose category has been abolished or reduced will be offered transfer into another category.

WILL RETAIN RANK

Officers dispensed with will, as a special measure, be allowed to retain their rank on relinquishing their commissions.

Indian gentlemen granted commissions in the Reorganised Reserve will draw the rates of pay which will be prescribed for Indian Commissioned Officers, but Indian officers now serving will continue to draw the pay under the existing regulations with the new rates of retaining fee mentioned above.

Revised regulations embodying the changes described above are under print. In other respects the new regulations are practically the same as those now in force. All officers now serving and eligible for Aretention will be invited to accept the new terms of service.—A.P.

A. I. S. A. WORKERS ARE NOT MILL AGENTS

No Commission Goes To Their Pockets

Mr. V. V. Jerajani writes:—

I received a letter from an anonymous Khadi lover which claims a public elucidation from me. I give below the relevant portion of his letter:—

"People believe that on sales of Khadi in Bombay you gain 6 per cent or more as your commission. It is fair that you get the commission for running the Agency. But it is meet that the commission is reduced as the bulk of the sales goes up. But, on occasions like the National week in April and Gandhi Jayanti, when sales worth lacs of rupees are expected then, no commission should go into your pocket."

Would that the correspondent gave his name? Any how, what he writes must be publicly replied. I, therefore, hasten to explain the matter in the Press.

A MISCONCEPTION.

I presume that as I am the Agent of the Bombay Branch of the All-India Spinners' Association, and as Agency generally means a post of earning huge commissions, this misconception has gained the ground.

Bombay is the centre of commerce. It is, therefore, natural for the people to believe that just as Mill Agents, as well as Agents of other big concerns, get their commission in thousands, similarly the Agent of the A.I.S.A. might be getting his commission on the sales of Khadi.

WHAT IS AN A.I.S.A. AGENT?

The activities of the A.I.S.A. are spread all over India and to look after them it has got either an honorary Agent or an honorary or paid Secretary in each Province.

I give below the names of the Agents according to various Provinces:—

Bihar Province, Agent, Sjt. Babu Rajendra Prasad.

Bengal Province, Agent Smt. Hem Proba Devi Das Gupta.

Bombay Provnce, Agent, Sjt. Vithaldas V. Jerajani.

Burma Province, Agent, Sjt. M. P. Mehta.

Kathiawar Province, Agent, Sjt. Ramji Hansraj.

Karnatak, Agent, Sjt. Gangadhar Rao Deshpande.

Punjab Province, Agent, Dr. Gopichand Bhargava.

Rajasthan Province, Agent, Sjt. Jamnalal Bajaj.

Sind Province, Agent, Dr. Choitram Gidwani.

U.P., Agent, Pundit, Jawaharlal Nehru.

These Agents have to administer the provincial activities according to the constitution as framed by the A.I.S.A. None of the Agents is paid either an honorarium or any commission nor does he derive any personal gain through his administration.

I hope this explanation is enough for any sceptic.

While Mill agents are entitled to and do derive huge monetary profits in lieu of their administration, the Agents of the A.I.S.A. have the benefit of only the National Service as constituted by Mahatma Gandhi. This is the difference between commercial and A.I.S.A. Agents.

NOT A FARTHING DRAWN.

I am at the helm of the Bombay Khadi Bhandar since about 14 years. For all these years I have not drawn a single farthing for myself from the finances of the Khadi Bhandar, nor have I any right to draw it.

Though physically wrecked, I aspire to serve the Nation through this Khadi Bhandar till my last breath. This is my earnest prayer.

Mr. Badal Ganguly and nine other labour leaders have been sentenced by the Police Magistrate, Alipore, to three months' rigorous imprisonment on charges of rioting at Hazra Park, on May 11 last, at a meeting held to organise reception of Mahatmaji.—United Press.

HIGH PRICES LEAD TO RIOTS

4000 Persons Loot Rice "Mandi" In Salem Village

MADRAS, Oct. 4.

A Salem message says that about 4,000 persons looted to-day the rice "mandy" at Gogai, it is alleged, owing to high prices suddenly given effect to there.

The town Inspector with other police office hurried to the spot, and brought the situation under control

Some persons have been arrested. The police are patrolling the locality.—A.P.

PALIWAL DISQUALIFIED

U. P. Parliamentary Committee To Meet On 7th

LUCKNOW, October 4.

The U. P. Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee will meet at Moradabad on October 7, where important decisions will be arrived at.

It is reliably understood that the Congress nominee Mr. Shri Krishna Dutt Paliwal, being disqualified to seek election from the Agra Constituency, has asked the Congress Parliamentary Board to put up another candidate.—United Press.

That a sum of three lakhs should be spent annually for the next year be spent annually for the next five years towards the provision of suitable quarters for Harijan employees, out of the loan fund, is one of the recommendations of the Special Committee of the Calcutta Corporation.—A.P.

NO DUMPING OF CANADIAN WHEAT

Holdings Not To Be Sold Without Demand

(Special Cable.)

WINNIPEG, October 4.

The manager of the Canadian Wheat Pools Selling Agency, announces that the agency will no longer sell its holdings until the actual consumers want wheat.

The manager also refuted "malicious gossip" which is being circulated in the leading world markets that the Government is dumping its holdings on the market. The agency has been supporting prices ever since the fall movement began, and continues such support.

VOTE FOR GADGIL

Nasik Bar Supports Congress Candidate

(From A Correspondent.)

NASIK, Oct. 4.

The Nasik bar supports Mr. Godgil's candidature for the Assembly. A large number of pleaders from the Nasik bar har i-sued a statement requesting the electorate in the Central Division to vote for Mr. Gadgil, the prominent Poona pleader in the ensuing Assembly elections, taking into consideration his valuable public service.

The prominent amongst the signatories include Messrs. Nilkanthrao Patankar Dadasaheb Gadre, Rao Bahadur Pradhan Gajananrao, Ketkar, ex-Editor. Kesari Dadasaheb Ketkar, Municipal President, Akut Sabnis, Kakasaheb Gadre Vartak Gorwadkar, Janorkar Kulkarni and others.

Sardar Vallabhbhai And Socialists

A PLEA FOR SYMPATHY

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of The "Chronicle"

Sir,—It seems as it were that Sardarji has been waging war against the Congress Socialists. From the very day of his release he has been hurling charges at the party and bringing it into disfavour of the people.

Sardarji's first charge is that the Congress Socialists are creating a split in the Congress. This is altogether a baseless charge. Is there anything in the party's programme which will cause split in the Congress ranks? The party's programme is only a revised and enlarged edition of the resolution of Fundamental Rights passed in the Karachi Congress. The Indian National Congress professes to be the only representative organisation of the masses. The Socialists only urge upon the Congress to be true to its word and carry on such a programme as will ensure the liberation of the masses from the clutches of the exploiting classes as Zamindars and Capitalists, etc. As regards imperialism the Socialists are one with the Congress. The Socialists say, that power must be in the hands of the toiling masses and not in the hands of the exploiting classes. As regards the ideal I think there is no difference between the Congressites and the Congress Socialists. The Socialits have accepted the Congress policy of conducting the struggle for freedom. The very name of the party shows that the party wishes to remain in the Congress and try to further its programme with its help.

The second charge of "talking and doing nothing" is simply ridiculous. The party is newly started. It has not yet finished its drafting constitution and programme-stage. It is only a young sprout trying to lift its head through the hard soil of bourgeois prejudices. It is very unjust and unbecoming of a leader like Sardarji, the president of the Congress to vilify the Socialists by saying: "you talk too much and do nothing". I do not think that there are any "do-nothing-walas" in the Congress ranks today. There may be such black sheep in the Congress as is the case in every organisation, but I humbly bring to the notice of the Sardar that the Congress Socialist party is not created from such stuff. The principal originator of the party is in Naini Jail and his followers who are organising the party are, to say in the words of Gandhiji "tried, self-sacrificing and devoted champions of the country's cause. To vilify such men is to vilify one's own brothers. Why the Sardar is so impatient? Why should he not wait and give his young colleagues necessary time to grow and develop?"

One does not understand why Sardarji is so much against the Socialists. He is neither a zamindar nor a Capitalist. He professes to be a simple farmer. If the Sardar is truly a farmer then there is nothing for him to be afraid of the Socialist programme. There is nothing to lose but the age-long slavery of the farmers and labourers.

"Convince me and I will follow you" is the Sardar's usual plea. The Socialist theory is not incomprehensible. If a learned and well-read man like Sardarji tries to understand it with unbiased mind he will not only understand it but be convinced of it in no time. To thoroughly purge the society from any kind of exploitation is a simple theory of Socialism which a man in the street can understand.

The Sardar says that he is the greatest revolutionary! The Socialists are ready to welcome him if only he is ready to understand the revolutionary doctrines of Socialism.

But the cat is out of the bag. While answering the leaflet he received in the meeting held at Ahmedabad yesterday the Sardar says that he has not lost hope in the capitalists, landlords and princes! The Sardar is a farmer, he wants to liberate the peasant class from the exploitation of the landlords and princes, he says that he has not lost hope in the exploiting classes and yet he is revolutionary! Let the Sardar be anything the Socialists will not mind it. The only thing they expect from a leader like Sardar is that he should abstain from the business of mud-throwing on the new growing party of the Congress Socialists. Will Sardarji be so sympathetic?—Yours, etc.,

U. M. BHUSKUTE.

Bombay, October 4.

Mr. Sastri's Message

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir—The wise man has spoken. The gentleman with the experience of human affairs has spoken. The gentleman with the knowledge of human nature has spoken. The Rt. Hon. Srinavas Sastri has delivered his great message to the citizens of Bombay. He poured his heart as he said. And what did he preach? To put it in one sentence, he preached the inevitability of gradualness, he preached the necessity of compromise in human affairs, he preached patience, he preached the philosophy of Liberalism. And he was eloquent. He quoted chapter and verse. Gandhiji compromised in South Africa. Morley, at the time of granting Morley-Minto reforms to India rightly chose between the evils of the communal electorate and giving no reforms at all. General Hertzog rightly accepted the Statute of Westminster and agreed to remain as a part of the British Commonwealth and gave up his idea of an independent Republic. And Mr. Sastri assured us on the high authority of Bernard Shaw that even the Communists of the Soviet Republic have to bow to the inevitability of gradualness. Who dare say that Gandhiji was wrong, that Morley was wrong, that General Hertzog was wrong, that the Communists were wrong? Mr Sastri could well have added, who dare say that he was wrong?

Mr. Sastri reminded us of our disunion, of our lack of experience, of the crudeness of our political thought and advised us to choose as our leaders persons of experience, persons who were not bound down by iron mandates from their constituencies but were independent to act as the exigencies of the situation required. Does any one doubt who these leaders are? Mr Sastri reproached us for our ideas of independence and asked us to be satisfied with Dominion Status. Mr. Sastri was painfully aware of the breach of faith on the part of the Imperial Government in solemnly promising Dominion Status in the famous declaration of Lord Irwin with all the authority of His Majesty's Government and the clever manner in which every element of Dominion Status were completely negatived in the White Paper. Mr. Sastri had one great consolation to offer to us out of the fulness of his experience. Such is human nature and one sovereign remedy to suggest. "Take what is given and agitate for more."

Mr. Sastri has delivered his great and wise message to the citizens of Bombay who are deeply grateful to him for the words of wisdom. Mr. Sastri assured us that he was making no electioneering speech. One held one's breath while the great orator and statesman poured forth his heart. One only hopes that in preaching the inevitability of gradualness as he understands it, Mr. Sastri has successfully preached the inevitable end of the school of thought whom he represents.—Yours, etc.

C. C. SHAH.

Prevention Of Erratic Judgments On The Turf

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The dissatisfaction so keenly felt by the racing public and often expressed editorially in the columns of your paper during the Bombay season at the erroneous judgments culminated in the demonstration round the Judge's box last Saturday. In a large number of cases such dissatisfaction is not justified as, unless the onlooker is absolutely in a straight line with the winning post and the Judge's box, it is not possible to come to a correct decision.

It is, however, necessary in such matters that there should not be the slightest cause for suspicion. To ensure this I suggest that the system adopted in Italy and some other centres on the Continent, be introduced here in India. At the places mentioned, immediate decisions are given by the Judge only in case where a clear distance separates the four horses near the post. In all other cases where there are tight finishes, the judgment is deferred till the official photographer develops the film, which takes just a few minutes.

Those who have seen this system at work, testify to the complete satisfaction that it gives to the authorities and the public alike, obviating the slightest ground for complaint.—Yours, etc.

C. A. J. LOBO.
F.R.H.S. (Eng).

Oct. 2.

"Is Materialistic Science Discredited?"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read the letter of your correspondent, J. P. W. who I suspect is a Theosophist. If he is, I can quite understand that he must welcome all this hubbub about "Materialistic Science" being discredited and killed. This news must be very congenial to his way of thinking; anything in the metaphysical or mystical line is, necessarily, "spiritual" food for mystics of his kind.

He has, however, been too much in a hurry to comment on the articles I have just written on the subject. Had he waited a little, he might have enlightened us on the querry I have put:—"What is Scientific Materialism?" and what branch or branches of it has been discredited and killed by the new discoveries? Vague assertions from "Nature" or from the book of any author do not enlighten us much. Until he is in a position to do so, it would be a waste of time to carry on a controversy with him. Will he now come out and tell us all he knows about the question?—Yours, etc.,

C. L. D'AVOINE.

Oct. 4.

Help Japan In Distress

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The disaster by typhoon that overtook Japan on September 21 last is next in magnitude to the earthquake that wrought havoc in that country in 1923. The latest figures I have obtained from the Japanese Consulate in Bombay regarding the recent calamity show that the total casualties in that country include 2,305 deaths and 7,839 injured, and that 28,221 buildings have completely collapsed and 34,576 buildings have partially collapsed. I understand that the total loss to property is roughly estimated at 300 million Yen or 240 million Rupees.

The Government and people of Japan are no doubt doing their utmost to repair the damage caused by the wrath of Nature. But, I would suggest, we in India should also contribute our share to the relief of the distressed in that country. In this connection I would suggest that leading members of various communities in this city including the Japanese residents should form themselves into a committee to devise suitable measures of relief in consultation with the Japanese Consul in this city.

India and Japan are two countries that should lead the contemplated pan-Asiatic movement, when that hope is realized in the future. Besides, these countries have a common cultural bond by reason of the fact that Buddhism, which is now the prevailing religion in Japan, had its origin in India. These considerations should induce Indians and Japanese to promote mutual good-will and cooperation in all possible matters. This point was emphasised by His Excellency Sawada, His Imperial Japanese Majesty's Minister, in his appeal to Indian pressmen last year.

In view of these facts, I hope that my appeal to help Japan in distress would evoke a favourable response from Indians.—Yours, etc.

D. C. SHAH.

RE-ORGANISATION OF INDIAN ARMY

Reserve Of Officers In Hoare's New Scheme

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

The Secretary of State for India has, states a press communique, sanctioned the re-organisation of the Army in India with a reserve of officers, which will be introduced from January, 1.

The new organisation is intended to ensure that the best use is made of India's resources in potential officers and that every individual reserve officer is allotted a war role, which he can fill adequately.

Though the chief aim is to increase the military efficiency, financial economies will result.

The reserve will be divided into two parts intended respectively for fighting units and administrative services.—United Press.

The Adampur Doaba Police have arrested Inder Singh, Thekar Singh, Rulia and Dishen Singh of Kandhela and Manko Pandori and challaned them in the court of the Ilaqa Magistrate, Jullundur under section 363 I. P. C. for alleged unlawful concealment of a Jat girl, Musamat Tejo of Gobindpur.

THANA PEOPLE AND MONEY LENDING BILL

Provisions Published To Elicit Public Opinion

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Oct. 3.

Great dissatisfaction is felt here by lawyers in general and the money-lending class in particular over certain provisions in the Bill (to regulate the money-lending business) now before the Legislative Council, which passed its first reading at a meeting held on August 18, last and published it, for eliciting public opinion thereon, for a period of three months.

The opinion of the Thana Bar Association has been invited by the Government, through the District Judge.

To consider the provisions of the money-lending Bill, and to express its opinion thereon, a meeting of the Thana Bar Association was held this afternoon, in the pleader's room.

The following resolution was unanimously passed by the members present at the meeting: —

The Bar Association approve of the principle of the Bill but are of the opinion, that sections 4, 7 (1) (b), 8 and 10 be dropped, and that "debtor" should be defined, 'as a person, who borrows a loan not exceeding Rs. 500 (instead of "whose aggregate income in one year does not exceed Rs. 2,000 and who borrows a loan not exceeding Rs. 1,000.")

The Bar Association has recommended that the following sections be deleted:—

Every suit for the recovery of the money loans shall, if the defendant (or when there are several defendants, any one of such defendants) is a debtor, be instituted, and tried in a court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction such defendant, who is a debtor, resides and not elsewhere.

PROPER FUNCTION OF SCIENCE

(Continued from page 6.)

Old Science was utterly discredited and mysticism restored.

How It Came About.

It came about in this way: The Victorian Science had taught that matter was indestructible; the new says that the Atom is composed of electrons and protons which resolve into energy—an alleged immaterial property. The Old Science said that in the Universe there was no evidence of a beginning or an end. Some modern physicists maintain that the Universe is running down; that it will end; and as it had a beginning, it must have been created.

Some of these scientists also believe that mind was not evolved; that it is an immaterial entity born in the womb of Time. All this is acclaimed as illuminating truth which has completely overthrown the "dogmatism" of the old science! The absurdity of it is patent: The speculations of Sir James Jeans and Sir A. Eddington are not only not accepted by a number of brilliant physicists but they hold contrary views. The theory of eutrophy, for instance, is held to be untenable.

Is Mind Immaterial.

As regards the composition of the Atom, long before Radium was discovered the old scientists told us that the atom was not the last word in matter. Haeckel, for instance, in his Riddle of the Universe told us thirty years ago that matter and energy were two attributes of one reality—substance.

There is nothing in the recent discoveries to show that mind is a transcendental immaterial thing beyond the reach of science. The best informed among the psychologists and biologists tell us that on the contrary, all researches for the lost thirty years confirm the view that mind, like the body was evolved. It is difficult after this to see in what way the Scientific Materialism of the last century is dead.

SOUTH INDIA NEEDS MORE RAIN

Standing Crops Are Very Much Affected

MADRAS, Oct. 3.

Inquiries regarding the condition of standing crops in the Madras Presidency have elicited the following official information:—

The condition of standing crops is fair except in parts of Bellary, Anasthapur, Salem, Trichinopoly, Madura and Tinnevelly Districts where they have been adversely affected for want of rain.

More rain is needed in parts of the Deccan, Nellore, South Arcot, Madura, Ramnad and Central districts.

Rainfall in the first half of the September was not defective in most parts of the presidency.—United Press.

WHO "KILLED" POONA PACT?

(Continued from page 1).

kar on the possibility of unity between the Congress and the "Democrats" of Maharashtra. Mr. Kelkar encouraged me and suggested that all attempts should be made to keep up the prestige of the Congress in this crisis.

FOR CONGRESS PRESTIGE

"I consented to be on the Maharashtra Parliamentary Board, only because Mr. Kelkar approved of the idea and thought that would facilitate the work of unity. In the meeting I explained why I was willing to join the Board and conveyed Mr. Kelkar's desire to bring about unity with the sole idea of maintaining prestige of the Congress.

ANXIOUS FOR UNITY

"On June 12, I received a wire from Mr. Kelkar asking me to come to Poona on 13th, to meet Mr. Aney in connection with the proposal. I accordingly went to Poona on June 13. I met Messrs. Aney, Kelkar, Bhopatkar and other members of the Democratic Swaraj Party and members of the Congress Party. It appeared to me from the talks I had with all of them, that all prominent men in Poona and Mr. Aney were anxious to bring about the unity, at a time when the Congress was assailed on all sides and when a united front was the prime necessity. At this time Mr. Aney and Mr. Kelkar had in view the importance of the question of the Communal Award and they were aware that there would be differences of opinion on this question in the Working Committee. But in spite of this, both of them tried their utmost to sink all differences between themselves, only the Democratic Swaraj Party reserving the liberty of carrying on propaganda against the Communal Award. This was conceded by the Congress Party though personally I was opposed to a compromise on this point. The terms of the Pact between the two parties were settled at about 2 a.m. and the signature of the members of both parties were obtained early in the morning of June 14.

SIGNATORIES TO PACT

"Mr. Aney and myself though we did not belong to Maharashtra proper, signed the Pact, in order to ensure, it was hoped, its permanence.

"About this time the controversy regarding the Communal question was started and Mr. Aney, Pt. Malaviya and Dr. Ansari had issued statements to the Press. Still Mr. Aney did not think it necessary to make the Maharashtra unity hinge on this point.

"The liberty to the Democratic Swaraj Party of carrying on propaganda against the Communal Award was thought sufficient to ensure the Pact. It should be noted that this Pact was subsequently ratified by the Democratic Swaraj Party.

"The Congress Working Committee met at Bombay and the resolution on the Communal Award was passed. Mr. Aney and Panditji both resigned but they were persuaded to withdraw their resignations. After that about June 21 or 22 I met Mr. Aney at Poona who had come to see Gandhiji.

"Even then he did not give any indication of his intention to disturb the Pact. Then, on July 22 a meeting of the Maharashtra Parliamentary Board was held at Poona. The co-opted members of the Democratic Swaraj Party were present at this meeting and I also attended. The selection of Messrs. Gadgil and Jedhe was unanimously made and 3 members of this Parliamentary Board were recommended for co-option to the Congress Parliamentary Board. One of the members was Mr. D. V. Gokhale of the Democratic Swaraj Party. Even in this meeting there was absolutely no idea of disturbing the Pact.

JAMNADAS' CANDIDATURE

"Subsequently, I was surprised to read in papers that Mr Jamnadas M. Mehta was put up as a candidate on behalf of the "Democrats" for the Assembly election. However, I reconciled myself to the argument advanced by the Democratic Swarap Party that Bombay was not included in the Pact. The argument might be technically right. But Bombay though a different province in the Congress Constitution, has the branch of the Democratic Swaraj Party which consists of Maharashtrians.

KILLING SPIRIT OF PACT

"Therefore, the putting up of a candidate to oppose the Congress Candidate in Bombay was tantamount to killing the spirit of the Pact.

"Pt. Malaviya and Mr. Aney after the meeting of the Working Committee Benares formed the Nationalist Party. Mr. Aney paid a visit to Poona later and addressed a public meeting over which Mr. Kelkar presided.

ANEY ATTACKS CONGRESS

"Mr. Aney in his speech attacked the Congress policy and asked the Maharastrians to help the Nationalist Party. Mr. Kelkar in his presidential speech held out hopes for such a help, when the Pact was still in operation and was not scrapped by either parties.

"This I consider as most unfair to me. That Mr. Aney having co-operated with me in bringing about the Pact, should, on his own initiative and without consulting me on the new situation that had developed, straightway asked Mr. Kelkar and other Maharashtrians to support the Nationalist Party, as against the Congress and even against the letter of the Pact, was a surprise to me. I never expected this from Aney.

ON FLIMSY GROUNDS

"The Congress Party in Maharashtra had legitimate cause for grievance in respect of the speeches delivered by Mr Jamnadas M. Mehta and Mr. Kelkar. In spite of this prevocation on the part of the prominent members of the Democratic Swaraj Party, the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee which met at Ahmednagar on September 9, ratified the Pact, but the Democratic Swaraj Party which met in Bombay on September 23, by an overwhelming majority scrapped the Pact on grounds which are very flimsy. The elections of the members to the A.I.C.C. from the Maharashtra have yet to take place and the complaint about the membership of the M.P.C.C. could have been removed by mutual understanding and the question of the Communal Award does not arise so far as the preservation of the Pact is concerned. So all the reasons given for breaking the Pact fall to the ground, it is most unfortunate that such a thing should have happened at this critical juncture and I am really grieved to see such veterans like Messrs. Aney and Kelkar should be parties to it.

CAN ANEY CONTRADICT IT?

"Mr. Deo, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee has published that Mr. Aney had given him distinctly to understand that though he had differences with the Working Committee on the Communal Award issue, he would not go to the length of starting a party opposing the Congress. This important statement was contradicted by Mr Aney so far.

"For the last 15 years, Maharashtra has done well in the struggle for freedom and it cannot be said that it lags behind other provinces. Yet as a consequence of these domestic quarrels, Maharashtra, it must be admitted, has lost its position of leading the country as it did in the days of Gokhale and Tilak.

DEMOCRATIC SWARAJ PARTY

"If Mr. Kelkar and his friends had kept up the Pact and worked for the Congress I have no doubt that Maharashtra would have regained its position."

STEAMER CONCESSIONS FOR CONGRESS SESSIONS

Single Fare For Double Journey For 'Bona Fide' Delegates And Visitors

Bona fide delegates and visitors to the ensuing Congress Session in Bombay travelling by sea between Karachi and Bombay will have the facility of single fare for double journey.

The British India Steam Navigation Company has acceeded to the request of the Reception Committee of the Congress for granting this facility for all classes of passengers. Instructions in this regard have been sent to the Company's Agents at the Karachi and the Kathiawar ports. The concession will operate from the 15th instant to 10th November this year.

Those who wish to take advantage of the concession will do well to secure certificates from their local Congress organisations to say that they are 'bona fide' delegates and visitors to the Congress Session.

The Bombay Steam Navigation Company has also extended the same facilities as to B.I.S.N. Co. All 'bona fide' delegates and visitors to the Congress Session either on the Mangalore-Bombay line or on the Bombay-Karachi line can avail themselves of this facility on production of proper certificates from their local Congress organisations.

NO CONCESSION ON G. I. P.

Traffic Manager Contradicts Press Report

Our attention has been drawn by the G.I.P. Railway, authorities to a report appearing in the "Free Press Journal" of the 26th instant September last in which it was stated that the G.I.P. and the B. B. & C. I. Railways have agreed to issue concession tickets at 1½ fares to Bombay from all stations on their lines respectively.

The Officiating Chief Traffic Manager of the G. I. P. Railway says that the said report is without foundation as no concession has been agreed upon on the lines of the G. I. P. Railway.

ACCOMMODATION IN ABDUL GAFAR NAGAR

(Through the Publicity Bureau of Reception Committee.)

The Working Committee of the Congress Reception Committee met at the Jinnah Hall on Thursday evening to consider various questions pertaining to the arrangements at the Abdul Gaffar Nagar. The committee also discussed the question of accommodation of the delegates and visitors to the Congress.

It was decided that special family-huts constructed in the Nagar should be let for at Rs. 50 for the whole session.

Delegates will be charged Rs. 3 and visitors Rs. 5 for accommodation in the delegates' camp in the Nagar.

Accommodation will be available three days before the session.

R. C. SUB-COMMITTEES

At the meeting of the Decoration Sub-committee held on the 3rd instant it was decided that the members should meet at Abdul Gaffar Nagar on Saturday the 6th October, morning at 9 a.m. to discuss and, if possible, finally decide the lines on which they should proceed.

A meeting of the President's Reception at 6-30 p.m. at the Congress House.

PUBLIC MEETING AT BHULESHWAR

Sardar Vallabhbhai To Address

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Indian National Congress, will address a public meeting to-night (Friday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Bhatia Mahajan Wadi, Kalbadevi Road. The meeting is under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and Bhuleshwar District Congress Commitee.

Loud speakers will be installed and special sitting arrangements will be made for ladies.

ISSUE BEFORE CONGRESS

A public meeting under the auspices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party will be held on Saturday, the 6th instant at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at Bhavatsky Lodge (French Bridge) when Mr. Farid-ul-Haq Ansari, the Delhi Congress leader and other members of the Party will speak on "The issue before the Congress Session."

Ticket Office Sub-Committee

(Reception Committee Publicity Bureau).

Ticket Office Sub-Committee will meet to-day (Friday) at the Congress House, at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

PRESS PASSES FOR CONGRESS SESSION

Limited Accommodation In Pandals

The General Secretaries of the Reception Committee of the Bombay Session has issued the following Circular:

We have received a large number of applications from newspapers and News Agencies all over the country for complimentary Passes to the Press Gallery. We have reserved a limited accommodation for the Press in the main Pandal as well as in the Subject Committee shamiana. To such of the papers as have already written to us we shall shortly intimate as to how many passes we can allot in each case. The Press passes will be given in the Reception Committee's Office to the properly authorized representatives of the Press.

To facilitate the proper distribution and to avoid confusion, we have to request the Editors of Newspapers all over the country to send us a copy of the letter of authority giving the name of one or more representatives who will represent their papers at the Session. A copy of this letter should also be given to the Press representatives attending the Session. Passes will be issued only on presentation of uch an authority from the papers.

Press passes will be issued from 20th October onwards at the Abdul Gaffar Nagar.

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MALARIA

and other Periodic Fevers

Its timely use

HAS SAVED

MILLIONS

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ORIENT DRUG AGENCY, Princess St. Bombay 2.

"The strength to resist the weakening influence of the malaria parasites returns, the number of red blood corpuscles increases and within a short time the patient feels fit and healthy again", **writes a physician in the 'Indian Medical Record.'**

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Malarial Debility

Malarial fevers have sapped your strength and vitality. The parasites have reduced your blood to a state of extreme weakness. Now is the time to start taking the finest tonic-food obtainable—Sanatogen. Every teaspoonful of Sanatogen brings you a step nearer to that state of radiant health and vigour which makes life worth living.

Sooner than you would believe possible, Sanatogen brings you back to your former health and vitality. A flow of new fresh blood goes through your veins, your appetite improves, your nerves become strong, and sleeplessness disappears. Once again you are able to enjoy your life to the full.

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This absolutely pure natural oil is prepared from a blending of the purest Norwegian Oils, by a process which does not destroy the Vitamins. It will be found to be the purest, most palatable, most easily digested and most speedily efficacious. It has, for upwards of 70 years, been highly recommended by the leading medical authorities in the treatment of Consumption, Diseases of the Throat and Chest, Chronic Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma & **ALL WASTING DISEASES**

Made from the purest Norwegian Oils

Beware of Attempts to Substitute Worthless Preparations.

BOMBAY'S MILK PROBLEM BAFFLES CITY FATHERS

Corporation Invites Firms To Supply 3 Lakhs Gallons Of Pure Milk Every Day

Will Bombay ever get pure supply of milk?

This question is considered for the last many years and two years ago the Municipal Corporation even passed a resolution approving of a scheme to subsidize Messrs. B. Prasad and Co. to supply milk from Anand. Although two years have elapsed since the said resolution was passed, the scheme to supply pure milk to the city has remained in abeyance.

INVITE FRESH OFFERS

On Thursday again the question was revived when Dr. Khurshed J. J. Cursetji moved:—

That Corporation Resolution No. 5094, dated the 26th September 1932, approving of a scheme for the supply of milk to Bombay from Gujerat be rescinded and the Commissioner be authorised to invite offers from other firms for the supply of milk to the City from the suburbs with or without payment of subsidy from the Corporation as proposed by the Commissioner in his letter No. H. 105-B., dated the 19th January 1934, underlying Medical Relief and Public Health Committee Resolution No. 230, dated the 5th February 1934, recorded under Corporation Resolution No. 11326, dated the 29th March 1934.

3 LAKHS GALLONS PER DAY!

Dr. Cursetji said two years ago the Corporation passed a resolution to subsidize Messrs. Prasad and Co., which had no foundation of capital. Bombay city required 3 lakhs gallons of milk every day. Half of this milk is supplied from Bombay stables and the balance from outside Bombay. The Municipal Corporation passed a resolution over two years ago to subsidize Messrs. Prasad and Co., to the extent of Rs. 57,000 in three years but they had done nothing to supply the milk so far. As a matter of fact, he said, they had not even floated the company. It was not possible, even if a company was floated to supply Bombay with pure milk from Anand which is 230 miles from Bombay. First of all, there will be no one to control the supervision. Besides, the milk required refrigeration or pasteurisation which was not possible to do without a big capital.

RESCIND THAT RESOLUTION.

To supply 10,000 pounds of milk to Bombay, Messrs. Prasad and Co. wanted to float a company with a capital of only Rs. 2,000, which was ridiculous. He therefore urged the House to rescind the resolution relating to Messrs. Prasad and Co., so that other firms may come forward to supply pure milk to the city.

Mr. K. H. Goregaoker seconded the proposition.

Sir J. B. Boman Behram moved an amendment to delete the words "be rescinded" so that original resolution may remain and at the same time Messrs. Prasad and Co., as well as other firms may come forward to supply milk to the city.

Prof. S. R. Davar seconded the amendment.

Mr. E. R. Hirjibehdin said, two successive commissioners had examined the scheme and had approved it before negotiating with Messrs. Prasad and Co.

WHY NOT MUNICIPAL DAIRY?

Mr. Govindlal Shivlal suggested the Municipal Commissioner to start a Municipal Dairy to supply pure milk, butter and ghee to the city.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh did not express his surprise that Messrs Prasad and Co., had not even started the work yet because from the beginning, the scheme was hatched by manipulation and by influencing councillors. It was stated that the scheme was sound and the company's management was efficient but the city had not got even one pound of milk from the efficient management of the company.

The Municipal Commissioner said Messrs. Prasad and Co., had failed to raise Rs. one lakh required to float the company. If however they negotiated with any other company, he hoped, that the subsidy would be available for the new concerns also.

The amendment of Sir J. B. Boman Behram was carried as a substantive proposition.

MADRAS MAYOR WELCOMED.

Mr. W. W. Ladden, Mayor of Madras, accompanied by Mr. Sultan Chinoy came to the Corporation hall a little before 5 p.m. and was received by the Mayor, Mr. H. M. Rahimtoola. Mr. Rahimtoola, in welcoming Mr. Ladden hoped that he would carry favourable impression of Bombay and the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

The Corporation then adjourned till to-day (Friday).

AERODROME FOR JAIPUR

Suitable Site Selected For Big Scheme

JAIPUR. (By Mail).

His Highness the Maharaja is contemplating to maintain an efficient aerodrome in Jaipur and a big scheme is under preparation. A suitable site has been selected for the purpose near the Sanganer Railway station, above five miles from Jaipur city. Great facilities and advantages are expected to accrue, if the proposed scheme materializes when aerial connections will be established with other centres in India.

It is understood that besides the main aerodrome in Jaipur, four or five landing grounds will also be constructed in different parts of the State to enable the officials of Jaipur to pay flying visits to the various places conveniently, whenever emergency arises.—A.P.

JULLUNDER HEAD CONSTABLE JAILED

JULLUNDUR, Oct. 2.

Pronouncing orders in a case in which Head Constable Abdul Majid and ex-Constable Amar Singh of the Nawanshahr Doaba Tehsil Treasury Guard, were charged with alleged illicit possession of contraband liquor, Chaudhry Ghulam Ahmad, Ilaqa Magistrate, Jullundhur, convicted the latter under the Excise Act and sentenced him to two months imprisonment, and acquitted the other accused.

Amar Singh was dismissed from service by the District Police Authorities about two months ago for negligence of duties, in consequences of the loss of some ammunition from the Treasury Guard Room at Nawanshehr Doaba while he was supposed to be on duty.

SEC. 144 FOR KARACHI?

KARACHI, Oct. 4.

The "Sansar Samachar" reliably understands that the Section 144 will soon be promulgated in Karachi before the trial of murderers of Nathuram commences, in Judicial Commissioner's Court, which opens on October 8.

The order will remain in force till the end of October.—United Press.

DEPRESSION OVER E. BENGAL FILLS UP

Causes Widespread Rain In Assam

POONA, Oct. 4.

The depression over East Bengal has filled up after causing widespread rain there and in Assam. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma and Assam and local in Upper Burma, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, East Central Provinces while a few falls have occurred in Mysore, Southeast Madras and North Madras Coast.

CHIEF AMOUNTS OF RAINFALL.

Port Blair half inch; Akyab two; Toungoo one and half; Rangoon one; Cherrapunji twenty-two; Shillong and Mymensingh four; Gauhati, Cox's Bazar and Chittagong two; Silchar and Saugor Island one; Kankor and Jagdalpur half; Salem three; and Mysore one.

FORECAST.

Rainfall will decrease but continue in Assam and East Bengal, and extend in West Bengal and scattered thunder-showers will occur in south of peninsula.—A. P.

Lord Nuffield in laying the foundation stone of the new block for paying patients at Guy's Hospital, London, on Wednesday announced that in addition to his original gift of £45,000 he was prepared to give £20,000 more, so that the number of 73 beds in the hospital might be doubled for the benefit of the public.

The Jhabhal police have arrested one Sandhi of Lohke Ilaka Sarhali under the Arms Act. It is alleged that a spear was recovered from his possession.

Our Kathiawar Letter

MEMON CONFERENCE AT MANAVADAR

Sheth Abubakkar Of Bombay To Preside

(From Our Correspondent).

RAJKOT, Oct. 1.

Preparation for holding the 3rd annual Memon Conference at Manavadar, on 8th and 9th inst. under the presidentship of Sheth Abubakkar Abdul Rehman, J.P. of Bombay are complete. Seth Adamji Haji Dawood of Calcutta and other prominent leaders are expected at Manavadar, by a special train from Bombay. The session will be opened by Khan Saheb of Manavadar

ILL-TREATMENT OF HARIJANS.

The report of ill-treatment of the Harijans of Mahawa district is replete with harrowing details. The caste-Hindus are reported to have treated some Harijans mercilessly for the alleged spread of an epimedic "Sakarda" among cattle.

DHRANGADRA DURBAR DRAWS LOAN

To get relief from the financial stringency, Dhrangadra Durbar is reported to have got a loan of Rs. 20 lakhs from Wankaner Raja Saheb. The terms of the agreement are not available.

The Mangrol cow-slaughter problem is still unsettled. Some 300 Hindu students abstained from attending the school on the 19th ultimo as it was "Mangrol Day" whereupon the Head-master fined these students but the latter refused to pay the fine. The head-master is, however, reported to have withdrawn his order.

INCREASE OF FEES IN COLLEGE

The Dewan of Junagadh State has issued an order increasing the College fees, of Bahauddin College, from Rs. 36 to Rs. 40 in case of State subjects, and Rs. 45 in case of outsiders, per term. The increased fees are to be paid by all non-Muslims. The Kathiawar public is reported to have addressed a letter, to the authorities to cancel this increase.

GANDHI-JAYANTI CELEBRATION

In celebration of Gandhi-Jayanti, the sale of Khaddar and Hundis is very brisk. Batches of leaders are paying visits from house to house to sell khaddar.

GONDAL CHIEF ILL

The report of the serious illness of Thaker Saheb of Gondal has been causing anxiety in official circles. Recently, he celebrated his Golden Jubilee while his birthday celebrations fall on the 24th instant.

VICEROY'S VISIT

The Viceroy is expected to visit a number of Kathiawar States in January next.

GUJARAT VIDYAPITH LIBRARY

Municipal President Contradicts Report

AHMEDABAD, October 4.

There is no truth in the press report that a legal battle is impending between the Ahmedabad Municipality and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel regarding the Gujerat Vidyapith Library which was handed to the Ahmedabad Municipality by Kaka Kalelkar in consultation with Mahatma Gandhi.

In an interview Mr. Balvantrai Thakor, the President of the Municipality said that he had received no letter on the subject from Sardar Vallabhbhai. If the endowment could not be made legally, there would be no quarrel about returning the library.—A.P.

HITLER INVITES SWAMI B. H. BON

(From A Correspondent).

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

Herr Reichfuhrer Adolf Hitler, the President and Cancellor of Germany, through the office of the External Politics of the German Government, has been pleased to invite Swami B. H. Bon of the London Gaudiya Mission as a state guest of honour for an interview with him on the 2nd of November next. Informed circles consider the honour of this interview to be of great moment and interest to India as President Herr Hitler is expected to hold important religious discussions with the Swamiji as a representative of India, the home of ancient culture and religion. The discussions will probably be in connection with Herr Hitler's idea of further developing the newly established Reich Church in Germany.

Baroness Putliz informs that some of Herr Hitler's selected associates as well as some important representatives of the office of External Politics of the German Government will be special guests of honour at a lecture of the Swamiji on the 6th November at the "Werbeaussehuss fur Deutsh-Indische verstandigung" (Propaganda Committee for the understanding between Germany and India) in Berlin.

Radio-Malt is good for Mother too.

Although in thousands of homes the spoonful of Radio-Malt is the daily "treat" for the children it is not always the case that the mother shares the contents of the family jar; but Radio-Malt is equally necessary for her. A daily spoonful of this unique vitamin tonic will build up her reserves of resistance, stimulate her appetite and keep her fit and well to cope with the daily demands of her household.

Give Mother a spoonful of Radio-Malt next time.

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Not for one season only, but for year after year will the Raleigh retain its smart appearance and give you trouble-free cycling. It is built to last, by expert engineers who are themselves successful cyclists. The addition of a new improved type of front hub barrel still further increases the unassailable pre-eminence of the Raleigh over all competitors.

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RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE

SPARKLING TEETH AS WELL AS FREE GIFTS

By collecting KOPRAN'S Clip Caps and Screw Caps of the Tooth Paste Tubes

A few gifts are mentioned below:—

SAFETY-RAZOR in an elegant box with mirror, and a box for blades.

MOROCCO LEATHER WALLET with compartments

FOUNTAIN PEN, 14 ct. gold nib, iridium tipped, self-filling, with rolled gold clip. Well-known make.

LADIES' HAND BAG. Beautifully made. With captive mirror and pocket for purse.

TABLE TIME-PIECE, beautifully shaped.

LEVER WRIST WATCH, Swiss made, with jumping figures.

List of many other gifts and particulars from:

KOPRAN CHEMICAL Co., Ld.

83/85, Tarbo Rd., Bombay.

Dr. B. N. DESAI, L. M. & S. (Vadifalia, SURAT)

Cures **HYDROCELE** Without Operation

Radically in 15 minutes. In Bombay every month from 1st to 6th IN SIRDAR GRIHA (HOTEL), CRAWFORD MARKET.

For Booklet of details and certs, send 3 annas stamps.

Rewa Council To Meet During Dasara

REWA, October 3.

A communique published under the signature of His Highness the Maharaja of Rewa states that the Maharaja has been pleased to appoint 22 members from the various tahsils, municipalities, and special constituencies to the newly constituted State Council.

The session of this Council will meet at Rewa on the occasion of the Dassera festival, from October 23 to October 26 and will consider several important matters relating to the welfare of the State.—United Press.

HOUSING FOR HARIJANS

CALCUTTA, October 4.

A sum of three lakhs of rupees to be spent every year for the next five years towards the provision of suitable quarters for Harijans of the Corporation out of the loan fund, has been recommended by a special committee appointed to consider the letter of Bengal Government, forwarding a copy of representation of city's Harijans asking enquiry of their grievances and conditions of their service.—United Press.

Latest Commercial News

FURTHER SMALL DECLINE IN NEW YORK COTTON

Gold And Silver A Shade Easier

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT TO WITHHOLD ITS WHEAT STOCKS

Steady Tone In Grains But Tin And Rubber Weak

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

On Thursday the sterling dollar and the sterling franc crossrate ruled quiet with small fluctuations.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET STEADY.

The New York cotton market ruled steady. Traders were cautious. Operators await next Govenrment Report. Fluctuations were very narrow. The technical situation was better.

GOLD AND SILVER A SHADE EASIER

London gold and silver were a shade easier.

WHEAT AND LINSEED STEADY

Liverpool and Chicago wheat ruled steady on the announcement that the Canadian Government will withhold its stocks. Argentine linseed was steady.

TIN AND RUBBER WEAK.

Tin and rubber ruled weak. Copper also was easy. Jute was quiet.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE DULL AND FEATURELESS.

The London Stock Exchange was dull and featureless. Giltedged securities somewhat brightened after the easy setback. The New York Stock Exchange was quiet.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(December 1934)

New York, Oct. 4.

Previous closing	12.20
To-day's opening	12.19
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	12.17
Difference	—.03

BROACH EXPECTATION

April-May ..... Rs. 208

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(January 1934)

Liverpool, Oct. 4.

Previous closing	6.62
To-day's opening	6.57
Difference	—.05
To-day's closing	6.57
Difference	—.05

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, Oct. 4.

Cotton developed a steadier tendency due to the fact that prices offered better resistance at the present level otherwise there was nothing in news to stir the market from its present inactivity. Meanwhile traders operated with extreme caution awaiting next Government report.

Business was done in December at the opening at 12.19 i.e. 1 point lower than the previous closing. The market eased slightly on absence of any important buying but later prices advanced on reactionary buying with December rising to 12.22 At this level buying became less aggressive and rates in consequences moved in a extremely narrow margin although the undertone continued steady on better technical situation.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 12.17 with a decline of 3 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 4.

The following were the opening ranges

October (12.12/12.12) 12.19/12.17
December (12.28/12.27) 12.20/12.19
January (12.30/12.29) 12.31/12.30

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct. 4.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m

American January (6.59) 6.55
American March (6.57) 6.53
Egyptian January (7.99) 7.86
Egyptian March (8.05) 7.92

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 4. 10-30 p.m.

Broach A-M. was quoted at Rs. 207-4 at 10 p.m. when New York futures were about 2 points up.

CAWNPORE SUGAR MARKET

Cawnpore, Oct. 2.

Marhowrah 9/1
Pachrukhi 8/12
Pertabpur 8/12/6
New Savan 8/12
Sariyan 9/1/6
Ghughly 8/11
Ramkhetan 8/10/6
Luxmigunj 8/9/6
Padrauna 8/9
Siswa Bazar 8/10
Bhatni 8/12
Savan (Indian) 8/8
Khadda 8/8
Khatkuiyan 8/6/6
Captainguni 8/9
Hathua 8/10
Chitauni 8/9
Tomkohi AA 8/7
Tomkohi AAA 8/8
Tomkohi AAAA 8/9
Rhotas 9/2
Begamabad 8/9

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, Oct. 4.

Previous closing	4.92 5/8
To-day's opening	4.92 3/4
To-day's closing	4.92 5/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, Oct. 4.

Previous closing	4.92 3/16
To-day's opening	4.93
To-day's closing	4.92 9/16
Difference	—.00 5/8

FRANC RATE

London, Oct. 4.

Previous closing	74.34
To-day's opening	74.28
To-day's closing	74.21
Difference	—.13

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct. 4. 3-30 p.m.

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.93 and then eased to 4.92 15/16 while later on further continental selling declined to 4.92 5/8.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.92 9/16.

The franc opened at 74.28 but thereafter showed very little variation.

The sterling franc crossrate finally closed at 74.21.

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct. 4.

The market closed steady.

	Last price.	To-day's price
Spot	22 5/8d.	22 1/2d.
Forward	22 3/4d.	22 5/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct. 4.

Gold (£7-2-2 1/2) £7-2-1

BULLION

London, Oct. 4.

Influx nil.
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Silver Spot (22 5/8d.) 22 1/2d.
Gold per ounce (£7-2-2 1/2) £7-2-1

DISCOUNTS

London, Oct. 4.

3 months (7/8 to 7/8 p.c.) 7/8 to 7/8 p.c.
4 months (13/16 to 13/16 p.c.) 7/8 to 15/16 p.c.
6 months (7/8 to 15/16 p.c.) 15/16 to 1 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, Oct. 4. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay	(1-6 1/16) 1-6 1/16
Paris on Bombay	(5.60) 5.60
New York on Bombay	(37.12) 37.18
Berlin on Bombay	(0.92 7/8) 0.92 7/8
London on Milan	(57.15) 57.09
London Shanghai	(1-5 3/4) 1-5 5/8
London on Kobe	(1-2 3/32) 1-2 3/32

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Oct. 4.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 61/11, 61/12 and 61/14. Prices early eased on unfavourable China advices which caused considerable amount of liquidation and local dealers selling but later prices improved on speculative buying and covering as London advices were better than expected and at closed Rs. 62. 62/1 and 62/3.

Gold opened at Rs. 35/4, 35/4/9 and 35/6. There was very little doing in the local market owing to less variation in the foreign exchange movements after some slight fluctuations prices finally closed steady at Rs. 35/4, 35/4/9 and 35/6.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct. 3.

October 57 5/8—1 3/4d.
December 60 7/8 —1 7/8d.
March 64 1/8—1 3/4d
May 66—1 3/4d.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct. 4.

Liverpool wheat opened weak with October at 58, December 59 and March 63. The market lacked confidence owing to prevailing uncertainties abroad and prices as a result showed little resistance but latterly a steadier feeling was in evidence.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct. 4.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 96 1/4 and May at 96 3/4. Prices improved somewhat on the announcement that Canadian Government will withhold its stocks and the tone was steadier.

CHICAGO OATS AND RYE

Chicago, Oct. 4.

Chicago oats opened steady with December at 37 1/2 and May at 36 1/4. Trading was moderately active and the market is regaining confidence.

Chicago rye was unquoted.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Oct. 4

Argentine linseed opened steady with November at 12.75. The market was fairly active on some speculative and reactionary buying but traders still operated with caution with November standing at 12.80 with an easy tendency.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Oct. 4.

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m. to-day.

METALS.

Tin (£231 1/4 buyers £231 1/2 sellers) £230 buyers £230 1/4 sellers. Unsteady.
Lead (£10 1/8 buyers £10 3/16 sellers) £10 buyers £10 1/16 sellers. Easy
Electrolytic Copper (£29 1/4 £29 3/4) £28 1/2 to £29 1/2
Glasgow Iron (£70) £70

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-11) 0-10 3/4
Indian Pekoe highe; (1-11) 1-10
Ceylon Pekoe (0 11) 0-11
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-4) 2-4

JUTE

Crop Oct-Nov. New crop (£14 3/4) buyers £14 3/4 sellers.
Dunlop Sept-Oct. (£17) £17 sellers.
Lightening (£15 3/4) £15 3/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (£7) £6 15/16 paid and value.
Jan-March (7 3/16) 7 3/16 paid and value.

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay Oct-Nov. (£11 9/16 sellers) £11 7/16 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta Oct-Nov. (£11 1/4 sellers) £11 1/8 sellers.
Linseed La Plata Oct-Nov. (£10 1/4) sellers) £10 1/8 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal (£11 1/2 Oct paid) £11 7/16 sellers.

WOOL SALES.

Bombay, Oct. 4.

Wool sales are closing. Good selection was sold readily at values per to 10 p.c. lower that the last series.

Greasy lower to average:—
Lower (0-4 1/2) 0-4 1/4
Higher (1-3 1/2) 1-2 3/4
Scoured lower to average:—
Lower (0-8) 0-6 1/2
Higher (1-10 1/2) 2-0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 4. 10-30 p.m.

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat January	3 15 6
Wheat May	4 2 6
Linseed May	6 4 0

The tone was quiet.

Advertisements In Abdul Gaffar Nagar

The Working Committee of the Reception Committee of the 48th Indian National Congress met on Thursday evening at the Congress House, where the rates of advertisement in the Abdul Ghaffar Nagar were fixed.

The rates vary from Re. 1 to Re. 1-8 per square foot and the space for advertisements is available on the outerwalls, specially erected stand boards and kiosks.

The plan of the Congress Camp will be printed in a Litho Press and will be available for sale at a nomnial price of annas 2.

SCHISM IN U. P. SOCIALIST RANKS?

LUCKNOW, October 4

That a schism has been created amongst the U. P. Congress Socialists following the Benares decisions is evident from the fact that the meeting of the Provincial Socialist Executive Committee which will be held in Lucknow. it is understood, will consider the resignations of some of its office-bearers.—United Press.

VOLUME OF BUSINESS SMALL ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WHEAT STEADY AFTER EARLY WEAKNESS

Large Turnover In Copper But Price Lower

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Oct. 4.

On the Stock Exchange the volume of business was small and markets were more or less featureless.

In commodities wheat opened sharply down owing to poor overnight American advices, but then fully recovered losses owing to speculators becoming more interested and better argentine advices.

Large turnover was reported in copper but the price weakened sharply owing to American offerings causing selling by nervous holders.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Oct. 4.

The 3 1/2 p.c. Indian sterling loan closed at £96

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 4. 3-30 p.m.

Market generally were quiet and irregular. Giltedgeds improved after being dull at first. Industrials were generally steady, but business was restricted.

BRITISH FUNDS

3 1/2 per cent Consols (£81 3/4) £81 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£104 3/4) £104 5/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£112) £111 3/4
4 per cent Funding Loan (£114 7/8) £114 7/8
6 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 1/2) £105 3/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£112 3/4) £112 3/4

INDUSTRIALS

Brazilian Traction (dol 12) dol 12
International Holding (dol 1 5/8) dol 1 5/8
Hydro Electric (dol 5 1/8) dol 5 1/8
Musical Industries (31-4 1/2) 31-4 1/2
Princhin Johnson (43-9) 43-9
Imperial Chemical Defd (37-0) 37-0
Imperial Chemical Ord (9-1 1/2) 9-1 1/2
Woolsworth New Ord (113-0) 113-0
Swadeshi Match (6-10 1/2) 6-10 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (49-1 1/2) 48-4 1/2
University Ordinary (23-0) 23-0
Ford Motors (44-9) 44-9
Cables and Wireless (8 3/8) 8
British American Tobacco (125-7 1/2) 125-0
Camera 'A' (£7 5/8) £7 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ord (133-9) 133-0
P and O S N Co. Defd (17-9) 17-9
Distillers (89-6) 89-6
Bredrurd Dyers (11-0) 11-0
British Celonese (12-0) 12-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (65-6) 65-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (47-9) 47-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (9-0) 9-0
Wickers Ltd Ordinary (9-9) 9-9
Inter Nickels (24 7/8) 24 7/8
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-1 1/2) 5-4 1/2
Tata Iron and Steel (£110) £110

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western Ord (£54 1/4) £53 3/4
L M S Ford (£23 1/2) £22 3/4
L N E R Defd (£8 3/8) £8 3/8
Southern Defds (£23 1/2) £23 1/2
Landing Pass 5 per stock (£131 3/4) £131 3/4
London 'G' Stock (£84 1/2) £84 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (260-0) 260-0
Godul (187-6) 187-6
Moddar New (75-7 1/2) 75-0
Sub Nigel (220-0) 217-6
Spring Mines (156-3) 156-3
Union Corporation (146-3) 146-3

Ex-Afghan Consul

Sardar Abdul Razzaque Khan, ex-Consul for Afghanistan in Bombay, left for Kabul by Thursday's Frontier Mail.

Sardar Abdul Razzaque Khan first visited Bombay in 1930, when he came as the Afghan Consul in Bombay. After a stay here of about a year and half, he was sent by his Government to Meshhed in Persia as Afghan Consul-General, and for the last one and half year his wife's illness had brought him back to Bombay in search of medical treatment.

Last August, he went to Kabul, Afghanistan, by a special invitation of the Afghan Government, to attend the Afghan Independence Day. He returned immediately afttr the event.

The Sardar Sahib, when interviewed at the station stated that it was his desire to settlt down in his native country and serve her interest.

A large number of friends and admirers of his were present at the Bombay Central to see him off.

Among those were present at the station: Sardar Sir Suleman Qasum Mitha, H. E. Syed Abdul Hameed, Afghan Consul, Bombay, Hakim Mahommad Abdul Hai Ansari. Major S. A. Paymaster, Pir Mota Mian, Mr. M. J. Shustarry, Mr. A. A. Shustary, Seth Haji Ahmad Siddique Khatri, and a large number of Afghan subjects.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Oct. 4. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£84 1/4) £84 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£96 1/4) £96 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1958-56 (£113) £113
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1958-68 (£115 3/4) £115 3/4
4 1/2 per cent New Indian 1948-55 (£107 3/4) £107 3/4
3 1/2 per cent New Indian (1954-59) (£102) £102
3 per cent Indian 1948-47 (£114) £114

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£111 5/8) £111 5/8

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (22-7 1/2) 22-7 1/2
Empire of India and Ceylon (41-3) 40-0
Donaro Tea (55-0) 55-0

JUTES SHARES.

Barnagore (11 1/2) 11 1/2

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (26-3) 25-3
Gula Kelampong (20-0) 20-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (33-0) 32-3

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (56-10 1/2) 56-10 1/2
Burma Corporation (12-0) 12-0
Rio Tintos (13 3/4) 13 1/2
East Rand Proprietary (54-9) 54-9
Rand Mine (145-0) 145-0

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela (41-4 1/2) 42-9
Anglo Persian (46-10 1/2) 46-3
Burma Oil (83-1 1/2) 83-1 1/2
Mexican Eagle (7-0) 7-0
Shell Transport (47-8) 46-10 1/2
Royal Dutch (£20 1/2) £20 1/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Oct. 4.

The following were the opening rates on the New York Stock Exchange.

General Motors (dol 28 3/4) dol 28 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 11 1/8) dol 10 5/8
U S Steel Common (dol 32 3/8) dol 32 1/4
U S Steel Preference (dol 72) unquoted.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Coals Firm & Teas Steady

CLACUTTA, Oct. 4.

In the Share Market to-day Jutes ruled steady and moderate business resulted. Coals were firm and large volume of transactions was reported at improved rates. Teas continued steady. In Miscellaneous enquiry for sugars and Engineering issues continued unabated. Others shewed no change. Government securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations:

Securities:—3 1/2 per cent paper 91/11 small lot; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 101/7; 4 per cent loan 1943 105/9; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 107/11.

Banks:—Imperial Bank conty 390.

Railways:—Arrah Sasaram Light 57/8; Bankura Damodar River 85 ex div.

Cottons:—Bengal Nagpore ordy 19; Benares Cotton and Silk 1/12; Dunbar ordy 132; Kesoram 4/4; Kesoram pref 133/8; Newring ordy 79.

Coals:—Amalgamated 20/12; Bengal 265; Bhalgora 3/2; Bhulanbararee 8/8; Bokaro and Ramgur 9/4; Burrakur 15; Churulia 2; East Indian 20/2; Equitable 27/1; Burra Dhemo 5/4; Hurriladih 11; Jainty Central As. 13; Khas Kajora pref 11/10; Mundalpur 4/12; Minto 4/9; Nazira 9/4; New Beerbhoom 14/4 small lot; New Manbhoom 45/12; Rewa 12/4; Samla Colliery 3/2; Searsole 2/8; Sendra 11/14; Talcher 2/6.

Jutes:—Adamjee ordy 12; Anglo India 298; Bally 185 small lot; Barnagore 154; Budge Budge 328; Clive 32/6 small lot; Empire 35 small odd lot; Forte William 282/8; Hooghly pref 21/4; Howrah 54/8; Hukumchand 14/12; Kamarhatty 537; Kelvin 538; National 24/1; New Central 366 small lot; Nuddea 46; North Brook 46; Orient 208 small lot; Presidency 5/12; Reliance 76; Standard 335 small lot.

Teas:—East India 14/12; Hansqua 11/4; Naga Hills 23/10.

Rubber:—Allenby 1.95 cents cum div.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Telephone old 18/4; Bengal Telephone New 18; Bengal Telephone pref 15; U. P. electric 154/8; Arthur Butler 13/12; Bengal Iron 3/11; Britannia Building and Iron 4/2; Indian Iron and Steel 7; Indian Standard Wagon ordy 52/4; Marshalls and Sons 1/6; Tata Iron and Steel Second pref 174; Thorny Crofts As. 6; Bengal Flour 134; Hooghly Flour 15/14; Associated Hotels pref 101 small lot; Barraree Coke 10/6; Calcutta Trams ordy 18/13; Britannia Biscuits 7/8; Indian Wool Products 35/8 small lot; B. I. Corporation ordy 2/6; British Ceylon Corporation ordy 10; Bengal Paper ordy 97; India Paper pulp 113/8 small lot; Midnapore Zemindary 71; India General Navigation ordy 108; Balrampur 18/1; Cawnpore 35/4; Cawnpore pref 157; Carew and Co., 20/8; New Savan 14/6; Nizam 38/4 small lot; Samastipur 11/12; Rohtas 8/10; South Behar 11/8 small odd lot; Champaran 23/2.

Debentures:—6 per cent 1916/21/53 Associated Hotels 101.—A. P.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVAL.

October 4.

Jalaratan, Veakins, Calcutta.
Bandra, Danbrook, Busrah.
Japan, Magumejon, Gothenburg.
Warfield, Miller, London.
Chitral, Smith, London.
President Harrison, Ehman, New York.

DEPARTURE.

October 4.

Nurmahal, Robb, Java.
Vasna, Rowe, Busrah.
Chitral, Smith, Kobe.
Haideri, Dyke, Busrah.

October 5.

Chybassa, Sinclair, Calcutta.
Garccccccccc shrdlu mfypvbgk
Garmula, Collins, Bassein (state).
Jeypore, Smith, Kobe.
City of Calcutta, Henderson, Karachi.
Garmulla, Collins, Bassein.

LOADING.

October 4.

Steamer Bandra for Busrah.
Steamer Varsova for Busrah.
Steamer Harsfield for Calcutta.
Steamer Gazana for Rangoon.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S.S. Chitral:—The P and O S N Coy's English mail steamer Chitral, arrived in harbour yesterday from London, with the outward mails of the 20th ultimo, a general cargo and passengers and hence she sailed on the same day for Kobe, with mails, a general and same bottom cargo and passengers.

S.S. Jalaratan:—The Scindia S N Coy's steamer Jalaratan arrived in harbour on Thursday from Calcutta with a general cargo.

S.S. Bandra:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Bandra, arrived in harbour on Thursday from Busrah, with a general cargo and 25 passengers.

S.S. Japan:—The L Edward Ltd steamer Japan, arrived in harbour on Thursday from Gothenburg, with a general cargo and 5 saloon passengers.

S.S. Warfield:—The M M Coy's steamer Warfield, arrived in harbour on Thursday from London, with a general cargo.

S.S. President Harrison:—The F F Campbell Coy's steamer President Harrison, arrived in harbour yesterday from New York, with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Nurmahal:—The T M Coy's steamer Nurmahal, sailed yesterday for Java, with a general cargo.

S.S. Vasna:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Vasna, sailed yesterday for Busrah, with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Chybassa:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Chybassa, will sail to-day for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S.S. Jeypore:—The P and O S N Coy's steamer Jeypore, will sail to-day for Kobe, with a general cargo.

S.S. Haideri:—The E S N Coy's steamer Haideri sailed yesterday for Busrah, with a general cargo.

S.S. City of Calcutta:—The K N Coy's steamer City of Calcutta, will sail to-day for Karachi, with a general and same bottom cargo.

S.S. Garmula:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Garmula, will sail to-day for Bassein, with ballast.

FRENCH OFFERINGS IN WHEAT

Weakness In Winnipeg

Messrs. M and B Stern have received the following cable from their Head Office:—

"French offerings and weakness Winnipeg influencing Liverpool but think any further developments Winnipeg now discounted and recommend clients to hold wheat in Liverpool this level."

Despite no material change in the world's statistical position a drastic decline of over 18d. per cental has now taken place in Liverpool and prices are again nearing the low level touched during the last two seasons. Indian wheat is comparatively steady owing to absence of rains upcountry and with prices above export parity sales here against purchases in Liverpool now appear attractive.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Oct. 3.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amer Power and Light Com	5
Amer Power and Light Pfd 6 dol	14
Amer Power and Light 5 per cent P A	12
Amer Forn Power Com	6
Amer Forn Power Gold D	52
Amer Forn Power 7 per cent P	17
Electric Bond Common	10
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	55
Electric Bond 6 per cent Pfd	40
Consolidated Gas	28
Columbia Gas	9
Columbia Gas 6 per cent Pfd A	64
United Corpn	4
American Tel and Tel	110
Western Union Telg	32 3/8
Radio Corporation	5
Chesapeake and Ohio	43
New York Central	21 5/8
Baltimore and Ohio R R	15
Erie R R	12
Pennsylvania R R	22
Union Pacific R R	99
Great North Pfd	15
National Distillers	19
Hiram Walker	25
Distillers Seagram	15
Amr Tobacco B	77
Dupont de Nemours	89
Canadian Pacific	13
Alaska Juneau	19
Bethelehem Steel	27
United States Steel	32 5/8
American Smelting	34
Noranda Mines	39
Int Nickel of Canada	24 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	10 7/8
Kennecott Copper	18
Cerro de Pasco Copper	37
International Harvestor	30
Ford Motors of Canada 'A'	21
General Motors	28 1/2
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	18
St. Oil of N J	43
Philips Petrol	15
Mid Con Petroleum	11
Atlantic Refining	24
Socony	14 1/4
Plymouth Oil	9
American Radiator	13
Eaton Mfg	14
Chase Bank	21 1/2
National City Bank	9 3/8
Sun Life of Canada	335
Celanese Corp of Amr	24
General Foods	30
National Dairy	16
Remington Rand	8
Amr Locomotive	17
Goodyear Tyre	20

Cerro de Pasco has declared a dividend of 1/2 dol quarterly ex-dividend 15th October. U. S. Steel Corp. working 22 per cent. Market a shade higher although market affected by break in Wheat.

New York Stock Exchange:—	Steady
Call Rate	1 per cent.
Anaconda	10 3/4
U S Steel	32 1/4
G Motors	28 1/2
I Nickel	24 5/8
City Bank	19 1/4
Chase Bank	21 1/4
Socony	14 1/8
N Y Central	37 1/2
W U Telg	32 1/4
Total business	1/2 million
Cawnpore 9/0/6	

Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Ltd., Agents for the following three Hydro-Electric Companies report that the gross earnings of the said Companies for the month of September 1934 and for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1934, subject to adjustments were as compared with the corresponding month of the previous year:—

Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd. for the month of September 1933 Rs. 3,91,394; for the month of September 1934 Rs. 3,91,134.

Andhra Valley Power Supply Co., Ltd. for the month of September 1933 Rs. 4,67,815; for the month of September 1934 Rs. 5,54,323.

Tata Power Co. Ltd. for the month of September 1933 Rs. 4,57,978; for the month of September 1934 Rs. 5,02,628.

Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd. for Fiscal Year upto September 30, 1933 Rs. 12,64,993; for current fiscal year upto September 30, 1934 Rs. 12,35,530.

Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd. for Fiscal Year upto September 30, 1933 Rs. 14,32,320; for current fiscal year upto September 30, 1934 Rs. 16,29,027.

Tata Power Co. Ltd. for Fiscal Year upto September 30, 1933 Rs. 14,34,912; for current fiscal year upto September 30, 1934 Rs. 15,52,132.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Oct 3.

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan £84 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan £96 1/8
4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53 £108 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55 £113 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68 £115 3/4
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47 £114
5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38 Rs. 106 1/2
6 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1935/37 £104 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59 £102

AIR MAIL AT KARACHI

KARACHI, October 4.

The airmail from Croydon arrived at Karachi at 3-30 p.m. and left for Singapur at 5-20 p.m.—A.P.

Increased Selling In N. Y. Cotton

OPERATORS AWAIT BUREAU REPORT

Weakness In Wheat Discourages Buyers

SPINNERS BUYING SPARINGLY

Bombay, Oct 4.

On Wednesday the New York cotton futures market advanced during the early part of the day on trade buying but reacted later on New Orleans selling and long liquidation.

PRIVATE ESTIMATES

The market was affected unfavourably by the decline in wheat prices and bearish private crop estimates, Messrs. Fairchild estimate American cotton crop 9,710,000 Bales and Messrs. Springman expect the Bureau report about 9-1/2 million bales.

BUREAU BEING DISCOUNTED

The market has largely discounted the bearish Bureau report and now it is learnt that Producers' Pool Cotton is being sold. There was less offerings as most of the new crop arrivals are now being locked up under Washington loan policy.

PRICES LOW ENOUGH

There is utter absence of any outside speculative activity and mills are buying moderately for their immediate needs. It is true that the crop is a small one but its effect will be felt during the later half of the season. At the moment the market is keeping uncertain owing to fluctuations in currencies. Present prices are believed to be low enough but in the absence of any constructive news, there is less inclination to buy.

TRADE BUYING

The New York cotton futures market opened at a decline of one point with December 12.28. There was steady buying by trade and prices improved 6 points from the opening level and December delivery reached the highest level 12.34 during the early part of the afternoon.

INCREASED SELLING

Decline in wheat prices discouraged buyers and prices declined under New Orleans selling and scattered long liquidation. A decline of 14 points was registered from the highest level and the market closed at about the lowest level of the day at a net decline of 9 to 12 points. Spot cotton prices declined 10 points at 12.40c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 8 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 8 points at 12.52c per lb.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of one point with January 6.60 in sympathy with overnight New York closing quotations. There was some London and Continental selling, which resulted in a decline of 2 points from the opening level and January delivery reached the lowest level of the day 6.58. The offerings were absorbed by trade and local operators and the market steadily improved on trade calling and straddle buying. Prices advanced 4 points from the lowest level and the market closed very steady at a rise of 2 to 3 points. Middling American spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 6.90d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 2 points. At the close October was quoted 4.90, January 4.89, and March 4.87.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

There was increased selling in Egyptian cotton and with lower Alexandria prices ruled easy throughout the session. Sakels futures closed at a decline of 7 to 8 points and spot Sakel cotton prices declined 12 points at 8.14d. per lb. Uppers futures were quiet and closed at a decline of 5 to 3 points and spot cotton prices declined 4 points at 7.02d. per lb.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was easy on increased selling pressure. There was utter absence of any buying and prices of Sakels futures closed 20 to 23 points down while Ashmouni futures declined 3 to 6 points.

FORTHCOMING ELECTIONS

Messrs. M. and B. Stern state:—

The continued weakness in wheat had an unsettling effect on the market. Operators generally appear to be holding off awaiting the Bureau and outcome of the sale of Government pool cotton, of which there is no news up to the present. The disturbed condition of the commodity markets in America is according to a private cable attributed to political considerations, in view of the forthcoming elections but it is believed that some action will be taken by President Roosevelt before the end of the month probably in the form of further inflation.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York December highest 12.34 plus 05 (12-45 p.m.)
Lowest 12.20—09 (2-58 p.m.)
Liverpool January highest 6.62 plus 03 (1-28 p.m.)
Lowest 6.58—01 (10-15 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Undertone is better. Bureau expected to be about 95,00,000. Think prices are not far from the bottom and look for a reaction. Think favourably of the market.

Liverpool: Dull trading market. Washington loans only sustaining influence. Confidence impossible unless fears full 1935 acreage allayed.

New York: No large offerings but market was influenced by weakness in grains and other markets.

New York: Market was affected unfavourably by decline in wheat. Crop prospects improving. Absence of outside interest. Reaction seems due.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables from their Liverpool Agents:—

Pool cotton opened for bids to-day Fairchild estimate crop 9,710,000 bales.

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following cable:—

Mr. W. Ellis Jones Cables from Liverpool:—

Do not think the decline will go further. Think it safe to buy at present prices though market may temporarily go lower.

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cables dated 3rd instant (7-20 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends: Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

"While do not expect much change, would prefer conservative selling on good advances.

RUBBER

Rumours Dutch Government experiencing difficulties native quotas inducing heavy outside liquidation. Cessation latter looks good opportunity to purchase.

WHEAT

Debacle Winnipeg forcing out weak holders; fundamentals unchanged. Liverpool worth buying.

April/June 7 1/4 7 3/8
July/September 7 7/16 7 9/16
Copper £26 10s 0d
Wheat December 5/0 7/8

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, October 3

December 1934	12.20—09
January 1935	12.23—19
March 1935	12.33—09
May 1935	12.38—09
July 1935	12.41—12
Middling Spot	12.40—10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, October 3.

October 1934	12.08—10
December 1934	12.22—08
January 1935	12.25—08
Middling Spot	12.52—08

NEW YORK.

New York, October 3.

New York 10-55 a.m.—

December 1934	12.32
January 1935	12.34
March 1935	12.44

New York Noon Call—

December 1934	12.29
January 1935	12.32
March 1935	—

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, October 3.

	Bales.
Days' Receipts at all U. S. Ports..	20,000
Days' Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Days' Exports to the Continent	9,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, October 3.

	10-12 a.m. Quotations.	To-day's Price.
October 1934 ..	6.65	6.68+02
November 1934 ..		6.64+03
December 1934 ..		6.64+03
January 1935 ..	6.59	6.62+03
February 1935 ..		6.60+02
March 1935		6.59+02
April 1935		6.57+02
May 1935		6.56+02
June 1935		6.55+02
July 1935		6.54+02
August 1935 ..		6.51+02
September 1935 ..		6.48+02
Middling Spot ..		6.90

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, October 3

SAKELLARIDIS:—	
July 1934	7.80
October 1934	7.92
November 1934	7.91
December 1934	7.98
January 1935	8.04
March 1935	8.08
May 1935	8.12
F. G. F. Spot	8.14

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct. 4

SETTLEMENT

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett	91/13/6
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	91/14
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett	107/10/6
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash	107/11/6
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett	117/9
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash	117/10

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	107/12
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	118
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	111
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L	104/10

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. (CASH.)

3 per cent 1941	99/6
3 1/2 per cent 1917/50	101/8
4 per cent 1938	105/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	112/12
5 per cent 1939/44	108/5
5 per cent 1940/43	109/5
5 per cent 1935	102/9
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40	109/5
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B	103/12

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLES)

4 per cent B P T 1974	103/2
4 per cent M Deb 1974	102/8
5 per cent M Deb 1959	113/8
6 per cent M Deb 1954	124/4
6 per cent K P T 1956	124/4
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	109/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government loan opened to-day at Rs. 9-13 and declined to Rs. 91-12-6 on long liquidation At this level the market was steady.

LONDON METALS

London, Oct. 3.

Copper Braziers £39 3/4
Yellow Metal £33 1/2
Spelter Hard Indian Brands £12
Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge £16 3/4
Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F O B £231

SEEDS

London, Oct 3.

Linseed La Plata Hull c i f ton
Oct-Nov sellers £10-5-0
Linseed Calcutta London c i f ton
Oct-Nov sellers £11-5-0
Linseed Bombay London c i f ton
Oct-Nov sellers £11-11-3
Rapeseed Toria (Hull/Cong't) c i f ton
Oct-Nov sellers £10-1-3
Castorseed Bombay Hull c i f ton
Oct-Nov sellers £10-2-6
Cottonseed Bombay Hull c i f ton
No offers.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, October 3.

T. T. London on :—	£
Berlin	12.16
Amsterdam	7.23-1/4
Brussels	21.00
Madrid	35.87-1/2
Milan	57.15
Berne	15.02
Paris	74.34
Prague	117.25
T. T. London on New York Closing cross rate ..	4.93-3/16

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

New York, October 3.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot 10-1/4.

LINSEED OILS.

London, October 3.

Linseed Oil Naked London, per cwt. Oct. paid sellers 18/3.
Linseed Oil Naked London, per cwt. Jan/Apl. sellers 18/7-1/2.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, October 3.

Somked sheet standard ribbed per lb. 7.3/16 sellers.

LONDON SILVER.

London, October 3.

Silver—Market quiet.

Spot	22-5/4
Forward	22-3/8

LONDON GOLD

London, October 3.

Gold bars Fine per oz. .. £7/2-2-1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, October 3.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate unchanged.
Bank Bill 6 months market rate unchanged.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate unchanged.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate unchanged.
Interest Day to Day Loan unchanged.
Interests' 7 Days Market Loan unchanged.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, October 3.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent.	68
Indian Stock 3 per cent. 1948 or later	84-1/8
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	96-1/8
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55	113-1/4
Consols 2-1/2 per cent. ..	81-5/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1961	104-5/8
War Loan, 3-1/2 per cent. 1952, ...	105-3/8
Funding Loan, 4 per cent. 1960/90	114-7/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent. ..	112-3/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	15-5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	138-1/2
National Bank of India ..	46
P. & O. Banking Corporation.	10-5/8

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET

London, October 3.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C. & F. Calcutta per cwt. Oct/Nov. sellers 5/10-1/2.
C. & F. Bombay per cwt. Oct/Nov sellers 5/7-1/2.
C. & F. Karachi per cwt. Oct/Nov. sellers 5/7-1/2.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Oct 4

B. C. Rate—
T T D D 1/6
LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 1/32 Oct January.
Banks selling T T 1/6 Feb-May.
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 June/Sept. 35.
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/16 Oct-Dec
Banks buying D D 1/6 3/32 Oct-Dec
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 5/32 Oct Dec.
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 1/8 Jan-Mar.
NEW YORK B. C. RATE—
T T 273
Banks selling T T 271
Banks buying T T 269
PARIS.—
Banks selling D D 555
Banks buying D D 565
AMSTERDAM.—
Banks selling D D 54
JAVA—
Banks selling D D 53 3/4
JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 78 3/8 nominal
Banks buying T T 77 3/4 nominal
HONGKONG.—
Banks selling D D 108 3/4
SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 97 3/4
SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 157
BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 89 1/2
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.93 3rd instant
Shanghai/London 1/5 1/2 4th instant
Japan/London 1/2 1/8 4th instant
Java/London 7.18 3rd instant
London/Paris 74.34 3rd instant
London/Belgium 21.00 3rd instant
London/Switzerland 15.02 3rd instant
London/Italy 57.15 3rd instant
London/Berlin 12.16 3rd instant
London/Stockholm 19.39 3rd instant
London/New York 4.93 3/16 3rd instant
London/Amsterdam 7.22 1/2 3rd instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Lifeless.
Gold £7-2-2 1/2 2nd instant £7-2-2 1/2 3rd instant
Silver London Ready 22 5/8 2nd instant 22 5/8 3rd instant
Silver London Forward 22 3/4 2nd instant 22 3/4 3rd instant
Silver New York Ready 50 3/8 2nd instant 50 1/8 3rd instant
London discounts 3 mos 7/8 per cent 2nd instant 7/8 per cent 3rd instant
London discounts 6 mos 15/16 per cent 2nd instant 13/16 per cent 3rd instant
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 per cent.
3 mos 1 1/4 per cent.
6 mos 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone: Easy.

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool October 3.

BROACH:—	
Fully Good (Good Staple) ..	5.07
Fine (Good Staple)	5.22
Superfine (Good Staple) ..	5.37
C. P. OOMRA:—	
Good (No. 1 Staple)	4.97
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.12
Choice (No. 1 Staple) ..	5.27
BENGAL:—	
Good	3.04
Fine	3.14
Superfine	3.24
SCINDE:—	
Good	3.24
Fine	3.34
Superfine	3.44

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay, Oct. 4.

Linseed May	6 4 0
Wheat January	3 15 6
Wheat May	4 2 9

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Oct. 3.

December 1.89—05
March 1.86—04
May 1-90—04
July 1-94—04

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Oct. 3

October 12.83—17
November 12.72—12

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct 3.

December 0.95 5/8 —3 3/8c
May 0.95 7/8—3 1/4c
July 0.90 3/4—3c.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool:—
Liverpool New York December 135 at Cross Rate 4.92 7/8
Bombay Liverpool:—
Broach A/M 1935 208 Liverpool May 1935 6.52 Rs. 76 at Exchange 1/6
Bombay New York:—
Broach A/M 1935 208 New York May 12.38 Rs. 72 at Cross Rate 4.92 7/8

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Oct 3

Broach A/M 1935 opening 208; highest 209 1/4; lowest 208; close 209 1/4
Oomra D/J opening 179 1/2; highest 180 1/2; lowest 179 1/2; close 180 1/4
Bengal D/J opening 129 3/4; highest 131 3/4; lowest 129 3/4; close 131 3/4
Tejimandi for Broach A/M 1935 (31-3-35) Rs. 19
Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (21-10-34) Rs. 6 1/4

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct 4.

Following a decline of 9 points in New York cotton futures, the local cotton market opened quiet at Rs. 207-12 for Broach A-M. delivery. There was scattered short covering which improved prices to Rs. 208-6 but there was increased long liquidation which again depressed prices to the opening level. The market was quiet but steady around Rs. 207-12 with a limited business.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of 5 points and later on was 7 points down. This influenced some nervous selling in the local market and prices declined to Rs. 206/8 for Broach A/M. delivery. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M.	207	0	0
Oomra D/J.	178	4	0
Bengal D/J.	130	4	0

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Oct. 4.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh ...		1,173
Central India	57	2,911
Barsi and Nagar	...	1,195
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	309
Berar	17	2,783
Central Provinces	...	688
Total Oomras	74	9,509
Dholera	265	5,801
N.-W. Provinces	...	514
Rajputana	176	865
Sind-Punjab	346	6,374
Broach	...	737
Coompta and Dharwar	570	6,594
Westerns-Northerns	242	6,755
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	100	9,970
Persian	...	1,314
American	...	1,594
Egyptian & African	3	23,633
Total	1,776	72,910

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 27th Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	3,141	21,110
Japan and China	606	44,111
Coast Ports	202	2,278
Up-country by Rail	...	12,360
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan	...	3,273
Total	3,949	83,132

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Oct. 4.

75 K. Devchand Nimbohra 133
100 G. G. Kesha and Co. Pulgaon 1 off
133 Langli and Co. Nandurbar 11 off
71 Anandilal Poddar Mandusar old 145
200 Dawn Mill Kavi Broach Rate
50 Oshman Suleman Tirupur 57 on
201 Damji Kaliyangi Karmil old 162

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Private Estimates

The Journal of Commerce estimates crop 9,421,000 bales against last estimate of 8,877,000 Bales. The Fairchild Bureau estimates crop 9,710,000 bales.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct. 4.

Bengal Superfine	136/38
Bengal Fine	123/25
Bengal F G	113/18
Sindh-Punjab Fine	123/25
Sindh-Punjab F G	113/18
Wardha-Hingt	190/192
Nagpur/Savner	188/190
Pundhurna	180/182
Yeotmal	179/180
Arvi	178/180
Ellichpur	178/180
Amraoti-Berar	176/178
Khamgaon	177/179
Mulkapur	168/170
Khandesh	165/67
Jalna/Sailu	166/168
Burwah/Sanavad	170/175
Broach Fine	203/05
Punjab/American	213/15
Punjab/American mix	203/08
Cambodia	268/73
Miraj/Sangli	198/203
Compta Good	193/198
Bagalkot	178/183
Kampala	340
Busoga	339
Jinja	336
Manza	331

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales.	1934-35	1933-34
Receipts to date 3-10-34	1265000	2033000
Receipts yesterday 3-10-34	20000	51000
Exports to date 3-10-34	705000	1410000
Stock at Ports 28-9-34	2791000	3416000
Stock at Interior Towns 28-9-34	1440000	1367000
Stock at Liverpool 28-9-34	967000	851000
Visible Supply 28-9-34	5785000	7050000
Quantity in Sight 28-9-34	1799000	2562000
Quantity out of sight 28-9-34	1332000	2065000

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION

Bombay, Oct 4

Castorseeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 28/2; Closing Rs. 28/4
Cottonseeds January delivery: Opening Rs. 18/4; Lowest Rs. 18/3; Closing Rs. 18/4
Groundnut seeds February delivery: Opening Rs. 31/15; Closing Rs. 32/6

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, Oct. 4

Ready Javas Rs. 13-10-6
S S Nizam Rs. 3-13
S S India Rs. 3-13
S S Fusijama Rs. 3-13
Shipment Oct Rs. 3-12-6
Shipment Nov-Dec Rs. 3-12
Shipment Jan-March Rs. 3-12
Purtabpur Rs. 13-10
Saraya Rs. 14
African Rs. 13-10
Java spot F. 3.10

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

President's Timely Warning To Brokers

HEAVY LONG LIQUIDATION IN TATA STEEL SHARES

Rise In Indian Cement Shares And Drop In Burmas

Bombay, Oct. 4.

The mounting rise in Tata Steel Shares day after day had led to a belief that to-day Tata Steel Dfd. Shares would open at Rs. 445; but before the opening of the Share Bazar, the President of the Stock Exchange, made a short speech, which had the desired effect. The speech was short and non-committal. He warned the Brokers against the risks of over-trading.

The immediate effect of it was the damping of the ardour of the Bulls; and Tata Steel Dfd. Shares opened at Rs. 415. There was heavy long liquidation which depressed prices to Rs. 382, but the offerings were well absorbed and prices again firmed up to Rs. 400 Similarly Tata Steel Ordinary Shares also after opening at Rs. 94-8 declined to Rs. 91 but rallied to Rs. 94.

There was general long liquidation in Hydro-Electric Shares, and Mill Shares also ruled quiet, but popular shares like Century and Kohinoors kept up good tone.

There was a sudden decline of about Rs. 15 in Bombay Burmas towards the close. It is said that there is poor demand for timber as at present most of the buildings are made up of cement, while in ship-building iron plates are greatly used. As pointed out before comparative cheapness of cement shares drew attention of Operators and there was a good demand for Indian Cement Shares, which resulted in a rise of Rs. 22. There was a fairly good turnover of business to-day and Cement Shares are likely to show some activity.

OCTOBER SETTLEMENT.

First day for delivery of Shares is Friday, Payment-day Tuesday the 9th instant and receiving day is Thursday the 11th instant. On Friday and Saturday the Share Market will remain open for one hour only for Settlement and the market will remain entirely closed on Monday the 8th instant.

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay, Oct. 4.

100	Ahm Advance	315	0
500	Bom. Cotton	65	0
250	Bombay Dyeing	878	12
250	Bradbury	110	0
100	Century	295	10
100	Central India	300	0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Oct 4

Bombay Dyeing 878 867 876 882 878
Century 303 297 305 300
Central India 296 303 295/10
Colaba 135 132 133
Kohinoor 199 202 195
New Great 183 185 180
Simplex 93 95 93
Swadeshi 233 235 233
Bundi 34/2 34/8 34/12
Indian Cement 458 470 476 480 475
Tata Steel Defd 410 390 385 400 392 400 396
Tata Steel Ord 94/8 92/8 92 94 93/8 92/8 94 93/6
Bombay Steam 308
Bombay Burma 472 468 473 470 457 458
Hydro 161/14 160/15
Andhra 1557 1565 1557
Tram 163 161
Tata Power 1251 1246 1257 1250 1260 1257/8

100	Colaba	133 12
100	Coorla	102 8
100	Crescent	7 4
250	Currim	5 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	395 0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0-5-6
100	Finlay	115 0
100	Gokak	172 8
1000	Hindustan	1,755 0
100	Indore	121 4
	Kastoorchand	0 8
100	Khatau	91 4
100	Kohinoor	195
250	Laxmi	828 12
100	Madhavji	10 8
250	Madras United	65 0
1000	Morarji	1,530 0
250	Model	79 6
50	Mysore	93 12
200	New Great	180 0
100	Oosmanshahi	N72 8
100	Phoenix	310 0
25	Sassoon Silk	39 0
1000	Sholapur	2820 0
50	Simplex	93 12
100	Swadeshi	233 12
100	Swan	65 0
25	Tata	10 12
500	Vishnu	1435 0
1000	Western	860 0

BANKS.

50-100	Baroda	103 8
25-50	Central	33 6
500	Imp.	1,545 0
125-500	Imp Contry	388 12
50-100	India	120 12
5	Union	5-1-6

CEMENTS.

10	Bundi	33 14
70	Gwalior	96 0
250	Indian	475 10
40	Katni Df	1165 0
100	Katni Ord.	340 0
75	Okha	192 8
10	Punjab	24 14
100	Shahabad	365 0
70	United	83 0

INSURANCE

15-100	Jupiter	13 14
15-75	New India	37 2
200	Oriental	3810 0
10-100	Vulcan	8 4

ELECTRIC.

100	Ahmedabad Old	182 8
1000	Andhra Valley	1557 8
10	Ajmer	9 3
50	Bom. Tram	161 9
100	Bom. Suburban	157 0
10	Broach	11 0
100	Karachi	213 12
100	Poona	N195 0
100	Surat	173 12
100	Tata Hydro	160 15
1000	Tata Power	1257 8

RAILWAYS.

500	Ahm. Prantij	765 0
100	Amr. Patty	121 4
100	C Province	88 8
100	Dhon. Baramati	90 0
100	Gujrat	74 0
100	Mandra Bhon	91 4
100	Pachora Jamner	85 0
100	Sara Sirajgunge	93 8
500	Tapty Valley	760 0

MININGS

10	Shivrajpur	36 0
30	Tata Steel Def	397 8
75	Tata Steel Ord	93 6

MISCELLANEOUS

100	Alcock	208 12
50	Belapur Sugar	241 4
250	Bom Steam	308 12
125	Bom Burma	458 12
50	Bom. Burma Contry	148 12
8sh	Br B Petrol	4-5-6
50	Bombay Telephone	114 0
100	Ind. Bleaching	152 8
100	Ind. Radio Df.	530 0
100	Ind. Radio Ordy.	475 10
1000	Port Canning	607 8
15	Scindia	12 12
30	Tata Construction	80 12
25	Tata Oil	19 4

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Vly XD	1,310 0
6	p c Bombay Steam	293 12
7	p.c. Bom. Tram	80 0
5	p c Central India	506 4
7	p.c. Katni 1st	138 12
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	151 4
7½	p c Punjab Cement	14 6
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	135 10
7½	p.c. Tata Power	1335 0
6	p c Tata Steel 1st	173 0
7½	p c Tata Steel 2nd	174 12
5-1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	17 8
7	p.c. Vishnu	860 0

GOLD AND SILVER

Scattered Profit-Taking

Bombay, Oct 4

The local silver market ruled quiet to-day on scattered profit-taking influenced by lower China advices. There was a limited business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Shanghai T T on London opened to-day at 1-5 1/2 and London silver prices were unchanged at 22 5/8d. The gold market was quiet but steady with a limited business and prices underwent small changes.

Ready silver	61 10 6
November settlement	61 12 0
December settlement	61 15 0
Ready gold	34 4 0
November settlement	34 4 6
December settlement	34 5 6

AMERICAN COTTON BELT

Weather Forecast

East: Partly cloudy, occasional showers in Florida. Generally fair in North and South Carolinas. Most cloudy probably showers in Georgia
Central: Partly cloudy, probably
West: Generally fair.

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Oct. 3.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Parcels Oct-Nov sellers 22/6
Wheat Barletta Russo Parcels Oct-Nov sellers 22/9
Wheat South Australian Parcels Oct-Nov sellers 26/9

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 2nd October 1,163 bales
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934 71,735 bales
Receipts into Bombay same time last season 37,697 bales
Increase 33,457 bales

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JUPITER GENERAL
has a net work of agencies throughout the country.
J7

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

JUPITER GENERAL
has claim settling agents throughout the world.
J8

BOMBAY FRIDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1934

Not For Petty Bargains Or Trivial Reforms

Congress Will Capture Assembly

To Stiffen Resistance To Vested Interests And Speed Up Swaraj

The following are extracts from the appeal of the U. P. Congress Parliamentary Board issued to the Assembly voters:—

The Indian National Congress does not stand in need of any introduction to the men and women of India. For no less than fifty years the Congress has laboured assiduously for the vindication of national honour and for the freedom of the country. During this period, the national organisation has grown in strength and vigour, while for the last fifteen years it has been engaged in a unique struggle for the emancipation of the people of this ancient land, under the matchless and inspiring leadership of Mahatma Gandhi. The call of the Congress has ever been met with a hearty response. Millions have made voluntary sacrifices, thousands have courted imprisonment and willingly undergone all sorts of privations and hardships, and hundreds have dedicated their lives at the altar of the motherland at its bidding. The Congress stands unequivocally for complete national independence. The Congress has however to take note of the exigencies of the situation and to adjust its programme and methods of work accordingly. In view of the present situation, the All-India Congress Committee decided at Patna in May last that mass and individual civil disobedience should be suspended in accorancel with the advice given by Mahatma Gandhi in his statement of April 5 last and it also appointed a Parliamentary Board to organise the entry of Congressmen into legislatures. The present franchise is most unsatisfactory and the electorate is not constituted so as to represent the people fully. Still the Congress Parliamentary Board makes this appeal to the electorate for unqualified support to the Congress candidates that it has set up in accordance with the A I C C resolution of Patna.

CONGRESS AND LEGISLATURE

The question may be raised as to the reason why the Congress should give any thought to these legislatures. The political developments and accounts of the Legislative Assembly and Provincial Councils for the last four years should furnish the answer. The Congress definitely adopted the goal of complete independence at Lahore and in pursuance of its object gave the British Government and its agents in India a fight which thrilled this country, convulsed the British Empire and evoked the interest and admiration of the civilised world. The struggle was suspended by a truce between the Government of India and the Congress. Gandhi-Irwin Pact was signed on 5th March 1931 and Mahatma Gandhi was persuaded to proceed to England as the sole plenipotentiary of the Congress and as representative of the masses of India to place the National Demands before the representatives of the British Government. And what was the response of the British Imperialists to the case presented by Mahatma Gandhi? The Government made peace impossible, tore up the Gandhi Irwin Pact and a fresh and ruthless repression than ever before was launched on Mahatama Gandhi's return to the Indian shores. What is most tragic concerns the part played by the majority of the Indian members of the Central and Provincial legislatures. But for a few honourable exceptions they served as willing tools and openly joined hands with he Government to check the advancing tide of freedom and to neutralise the endeavours of the brave and selfless countrymen and women to redeem their common country from exploitation and bondage.

THE WHITE PAPER

There is yet another story of political fraud which has taken concrete shape in the constitution adumbrated in what is known as the White Paper. This is but a veiled device for perpetuating the domination and exploitation of the people of India by England. It is based on an alliance with all the reactionary elements in this country. It purports to emancipate the people of India by increasing the number and strength of their masters and giving a new voice in all matters affectin gtheir life and liberty to irresponsible Indian princes, whose very existence depends on the sweet will and mercy of the "Paramount" British power and by fortifying vested interests and groups. Under it the strangle-hold of foreign domination will be further tightened and even the curious medley consisting of Princes and European traders and zemindars and communalists that it sets up as the legislature will not have any say in the matter of the Defence, Army, or "external" affairs; and no real control over finances, currency, exchange, railways or banking or over the principal servants of Government. The present legislatures have proved apt instruments for promoting the designs and registering the decrees of British interests. Whether in the matter of the Reserve Bank or Statutory Railway Board, Imperial Preference or Mody-Lees arrangement, codification of the ordinances or forging further fetters for the press, supporting the White Paper or filling the gaps in it in the manner desired by its framers, they have ungrudgingly stood by the British and Indian Government. Can the country allow such people to go again to the so-called legislatures to misrepresent the popular wishes and to mislead the world and to impede the progress of the nation towards the goal? The answer is obvious

PARTY PROGRAMME

It is customary on occasions like these for a party seeking the suffrage of the electors to place their programme before the country. The Manifesto of the Congress Parliamentary Board has already been issued and is before the public. The Congressmen in the legislature cannot obviously have any policy distinct from that of the Congress. They will be guided by the Congress and their activities must be regulated by the fundamentals governing Congress activity. It is necessary to state concisely and remind the people of the basic principles of the Congress.

The Congress has solemnly and unmistakably accepted the goal of real and complete independence and it cannot and will not be satisfied with anything less than what all Congressmen declared to be their objective from thousands of platforms on the 26th of January 1930. The goal includes unfettered national control over the Army, Defence forces, External affairs, Fiscal and Commercial matters and Finance and economic policy. Free India should be left free to make its choice between voluntary partnership and severance of British connection. The Congress does not repudiate any just obligations but it adheres to its resolution to subject "the financial transactions of the British Government in India to scrutiny and to examine and asses the obligations to be undertaken by India or England." The Congress holds and believes that the remedy to and the relief from the innumerable ills and disabilities from which our countrymen are suffering is to be found only in "Purna" Swaraj and to that one end it is determined to direct all its energies.

The above represents one aspect of Purna Swaraj. We may call it the external or negative aspect. There is another—the constructive and internal aspect, which is still more important as the concrete culmination of national endeavour. What will be the tangible shape of Swaraj? What palpable advantages apart from the satisfaction of national sentiment accrue from it? The Congress has devoted careful attention to this question and it has formulated an answer in simple terms in the Resolution on Fundamental Rights and Economic Changes passed by the Karachi Congress 1931.

THE MASSES

The National Congress is the mouthpiece of the Indian people and it claims the privilege of serving the entire nation and working for the greatest good of the whole of the Indian community without any exception.

The Congress cannot overlook the injustice of the present system. The Congress is determined to support any steps that are needed to fight inequalities and vested interests wherever they are hostile to the public good, and to achieve a social order which thoughtful and dis-interested persons of all classes will accept as a reasonable approach to fairness.

NATIONALISM VS COMMUNALISM

The Indian National Congress, as is manifest from its very name stands unequivocally for all communities and sections composing the Indian nation and it cannot think in the terms of any community as distinct from the nation. It stands for absolute equality of all citizens in the eye of the law, and will not tolerate any disability by reason of caste, creed, colour or sex in public affairs. It is also pledged to protect the culture and languages of minorities and different linguistic provinces, to neutrality regarding all religions. It is aware of the great injury which communalism has already inflicted on the body-politic and is alive to the immense potentialities for mischief which communalism possesses. It is convinced that communalism is the handmaid of Imperialism, a stupendous obstacle in the way to freedom and a ready handle for scheming and ambitious self-seekers. Communalism is diametrically opposed to all notions of nationalism.

Regarding communal questions, the Congress has clearly stated that in an independent India these can be solved only on strictly national lines. No solution of the problem can be acceptable to the Congress that does not give full satisfaction to all the parties concerned. Though Congress is precluded in setting forth any communal solution, it assures those who take the view that a compromise should be arrived at to placate doubts and suspicions that it will accept without reservation any scheme that commands the acceptance of all the parties concerned. The Congress stands for the principle of agreement and will not seek to compel any community by calling into aid the assistance of foreign domination for that purpose.

COMMUNAL AWARD AND CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

Congress policy has been declared and the Parliamentary Board has received its mandate from the Working Committee in the resolution passed by that body at Bombay on June 18.

We have given above the foundational planks of the national or Congress platform. Congressmen have no delusions about what work can be accomplished through the present legislatures. They have no fondness for trivial "reforms" or petty bargains. They will not hold out any promise nor indulge in uselessly parading the innumerable grievances of their countrymen. They will go to the legislatures to promote and stiffen resistance to all vested interests which impede the progress of the nation towards Sawraj and will try to bring about conditions which will bring Swaraj nearer and accelerate and facilitate its accomplishment.

The U P Congress Parliamentary Committee calls upon the people of United Provinces of Agra and Oudh to do their duty by every Congress representative so that every vote given for the Congress candidate will be an expression of country's opinion of the true appreciation of national policy pursued by the Congress and simultaneously of the condemnation of those measures of Government which have been forged for the continuation of the subjection of the Indian people

Mr. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri delivered a lecture on Wednesday at the C. J. Hall on the present political situation. Mr. Hooseinally Rahimtoolah, the Mayor of Bombay, presided.

NINE ACCUSED FOUND GUILTY

One Man Gets Capital Punishment In Jaspal Bangar Murder Case

LUDHIANA, Oct. 2.

Judgment was pronounced yesterday morning in the sensational Jaspal Bangar Murder case, by Lala Devi Dayal Dhawan, Session Judge, Ludhiana.

Indar, the accused was sentenced to death and his eight companions were transported for life.

Mangal Singh, a lawyer's Munshi, on the plea of alibi proved by his master in defence was acquitted along with two others, who were minors.

Twelve persons were challaned by the Police under Section 302 I.P.C. for the death of Hachna, who received 17 injuries, one of them proving fatal. In the fight that ensued between the two factions on the eve of the result of the civil suit pending between them in the Court of the Senior Sub-Judge, the deceased's father Chanan Singh was also seriously injured receiving more than three dozen injuries, but he survived. The mother, the brother and the wife of the brother of the deceased were also alleged to have been injured.

"FOR LADIES ONLY"

CALCUTTA, Oct. 4.

The Calcutta Corporation has approved the Tramway Company's Byelaw, according to which no male person above 5 years shall occupy in a car any seat marked for ladies except when there is no lady present in the car or when present she does not desire to occupy the said seat.—United Press.

"Congress Not Meant For Sages And Saints Only"

SASTRI CHARACTERISES GANDHIJI'S STATEMENT AS FANTASTIC

Strong criticisms were made by the Rt. Hon'ble Mr. Shrinivas Shastri on the recent statement issued by Mahatma Gandhi, at a meeting held at Y. M. H. A. Hall, Girgaum Back Road, on Thursday morning.

Mr. M. R. Jayakar presided.

The whole statement was characterised by Mr. Shastri as "fantastic," inasmuch as if the prescriptions of Mahatma Gandhi were adopted, the Congress would become attenuated and would gradually lose the hold it has on the public as a great national organisation. The statement did not concern him individually, he said, and he was not a Congressman. All the same, the statement had an importance of its own in that it has evoked considerable public attention.

The Indian National Congress, observed Mr. Shastri, was not a religious institution, it was not meant for purification of character, though every duty, however low, however, worthy, if performed in the proper spirit would have the desired effect.

Referring to the replacement of the words 'legitimate' and 'peaceful' by 'truthful' and 'non-violent' Mr. Shastri said, that the former words were in themselves adjectives not clearly understood by anybody, while the latter were still more stringent. To Mahatmaji God was the same thing as Truth, that to pursue Truth courageously was to try to discover God, and Truth to him again was the same thing as Non-violence—non-violence in thought, word and deed. Mr. Shastri pointed out that here was a confusion of three entities. God equals Truth and both equal non-violence. What this exactly meant, it was difficult for anyone to understand.

It was still more difficult to make to understand the same or communicate it to others. Like lawyers, Mahatma Gandhi has been very careful. He felt that there was something lacking in the word "Truth" and has added the word "non-violent" also. The speaker said that it was not humanely possible for anyone to be non-violent in word, deed and thought, and quoted ordinary instances of daily life wherein human actions got into conflict with this theory of non-violence.

"RIGID RULES"

No wise person would lay down such rigid rules of conduct. It was only in the Middle Ages that the monks used to lay down such rules with a number of penalties for their enforcement. And history had recorded that even such rules had failed. "If Congressmen should take any such vows of truthfulness and non-violence," added Mr. Shastri, "it will be necessary to set up confessionals in every street."

The speaker quoted from ancient Hindu literature as to how best truthfulness could be observed. To be truthful one should take the vow of silence. Even the Mahatma might unconsciously be uttering lies every day of his life either by way of exaggeration, or by remaining quiet, while others uttered falsehoods. "If any person says that he is truthful he lays himself open to the charge that either he is a fool, or that he does not know what he says, or that he is prepared to utter lies."

The replacement of the adjectives 'legitimate' and 'peaceful' by 'truthful' and 'non-violent' seemed to Mr. Shastri to put on "an ordinary Congressman an obligation of a moral character which he may not be able to discharge however high his principles may be."

FRANCHISE

Referring to the spinning franchise, Mr. Shastri said that it would have the very opposite effect it was intended to convey. It would breed hipocrisy and insincerity in the Congress. How the spinning wheel would be a linking bond between the richer and poor classes, the speaker could not understand. Inter-dining was a more practical way of attaining that end.

Mr. Shastri concluded by saying that general rules should be such that ordinary men and ordinary women can cheerfully undertake and fulfil. The Congress was not meant for sages and saints only. It was meant for common men and common women. In the work of nation-building it was necessary to take the assistance of every Indian.

The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks from the chair.

WILL RECONSIDER DECISION

Jubbulpore Municipality Postpones Sale Of Reserved Plot

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 3.

The decision of the local Municipal Committee to sell certain plots of land in the neighbourhood of Madan Mahal railway station to relieve financial embarrassment has led to the intervention of the Merchants' Association and the protest lodged by the Association has led the Municipal Committee to postpone sale of the plot. The Committee will reconsider their decision to sell the land.

The land the Municipal Committee intends to sell is the plot reserved for plague camps, and when there is an outbreak of plague in the town, this plot is converted into camps for people from the infected areas.

The Merchants' Association pointed out that in the absence of other arrangements to meet future emergencies, the committee was not justified in depriving rate-payers of these facilities. It was pointed out that such an action would entail dangerous consequences in the event of future outbreaks of plague.—United Press.

FOUR SOLDIERS DISMISSED

Slipped Away From Quarters To Commit Theft In Kapurthala

KAPURTHALA, Oct. 2.

Holding that the accused were guilty of slipping away from the Military Quarters during the night time, with the intention of committing thefts in the town, the Court Martial has dismissed four Military-men and committed them to the Police for judicial action.

It appears that the military authorities were receiving numerous reports that certain soldiers were in the bad habit of slipping away from the quarters and committing theft in the town. The military authorities held a departmental enquiry and found four persons guilty, who admitted their guilt.

NO DECISION REACHED YET

Proposal To Introduce Course In Journalism Will Be Put Before University

CALCUTTA, Oct. 2.

The Associated Press understands that the Calcutta University has not arrived at any decision regarding the suggested introduction of a course in journalism.

The president and several other representatives of the Indian Journalists' Association recently waited in deputation upon the Vice-Chancellor (Mr. Syamprasad Mookerjee) and placed their points of view before him. After a discussion it was decided that the proposal should be formally submitted in detail to the University for consideration.—A. P.

DEWAN SINGH MAFTOON CONGRATULATED

Journalists Urge Viceroy To Withdraw Sanction Of "Riyasat" Case

DELHI, Oct. 2.

At a meeting of the Delhi Journalists' Association held yesterday at the "Arjun" office under the presidentship of Mr. Pothan Joseph, the following resolution moved by Prof. Indra and supported by Mr. Ramlal Varma was passed:—

"This meeting of the Delhi Journalists' Association while congratulating S. Dewan Singh Maftoon of the "Riyasat" on the order of the Nagpur Chief Court setting aside his conviction in the Bhopal case, is strongly of the opinion, that the appeal of Sardar Dewan Singh to the Viceroy for the withdrawal of the sanction of the case is fully justified and that further proceedings should be discontinued."—A. P.

STABBED IN ATTEMPT TO STOP FIGHT

LAHORE, Oct. 2.

One person with serious injuries was removed to the hospital, as a sequel to a fracas between two Pathans on the Mcleod Road.

It is also alleged that two Pathans were exchanging blows when another Pathan intervened and tried to separate them. At this one of them, getting annoyed whipped out a knife and stabbed the third man, necessitating his removal to the hospital.

A report against the alleged assailant was also made to the police.

The Imperial Bank of India Rate of Interest on Demand Loans on Government Paper remains unchanged at 3-1/2 per cent.

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